PRIZES IN BARGAINS
For the Ladies. Read Those Offered for To-Morrow as Advertised in TO-DAY'S POST-DISPATCH.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

READ AND RUN
To the Retail Stores for the Bargains Advertised in TO-DAY'S POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 41.—NO. 92. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, 1890.—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

Sonnenfeld's

PRICES THAT TALK! Goods Just as Represented.

TO-MORROW WILL BE THE GREATEST GIVE-AWAY

REMNANT DAY

Sale Ever Held in This City. All ODDS and ENDS of the

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.'S

Stock Bought by us at 40 Cents on the Dollar. Competitors will have to hustle to meet these prices.

LACES.

3c Yd—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace 1 1-2 to 2 inches wide, all linen; Brittain's price, 7 1-2c.

5c Yd—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace, 2 1-2 to 3 inches wide, all linen; Brittain's price, 10c.

7 1-2c—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace, 3 1-2 to 4 inches wide, all linen; Brittain's price, 15c.

10c Yd—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace, 4 to 4 1-2 inches wide, all linen; Brittain's price, 20c.

12 1-2c Yd—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace, 4 1-2 inches wide, all linen; Brittain's price, 25c.

15c Yd—50 pcs hand-made Torchon Lace, in all widths, very fine all linen; Brittain's price, 30c.

49c Yd—15 pcs 45 inch Oriental Flouncing, assorted patterns; Brittain's price, $1.10.

LADIES' COLLARS and CUFFS.

Ladies' Linen Collars, 1c and 2c each.
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s price, 12c and 15c

Ladies' Linen Cuffs, 2c and 3c per Pair.
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s price, 15c and 20c

Crepe Lisse Ruching, 5c, 7 1-2c and 9c Yd.
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s price, 15c, 20c and 25c yd.

MILLINERY.

1 lot of all-Beaver Hats, worth $1.50, all at 10c each.

The only popular large flat, the "Lenox Hill," worth $1.00, 69c.

19-inch Black Silk Velvet, sold all season for 89c per yd; Friday's price, 49c per yd.

A few colors left in 19-inch Silk Plush, worth 75c per yd; Friday's price, 29c.

Embroideries.

1c Yard—75 pcs Hamburg Edging 7 inches wide. Brittain's price, 3c.

2 1-2c Yard—75 pcs Hamburg Edging, assorted patterns. Brittain's price, 5c.

5c Yard—75 pcs Hamburg Edging, assorted patterns from 2 to 3¼ inches wide. Brittain's price, 10c.

10c Yard—75 pcs Hamburg Edging, assorted patterns, from 3 to 5 inches wide. Brittain's price, 20c.

25c Yard—75c pcs Hamburg Flouncings, assorted patterns, from 10 to 24 inches wide. Brittain's price, 40c.

10c Yard—5000 yds Flannel Embroidery, in all colors. Brittain's price, 25c to 50c.

UMBRELLAS.

26-inch Gloria Silk, silver handles, in straight and crook. Our price, 95c; Brittain's price, $1.50.

26-inch Double Twill Silk Bakersfield, guaranteed, silver hook handles, also fine gold heads. Our price, $2.95; Brittain's price, $4.25.

28-inch Gloria Silk, silver hooks and gold cap handles. Our price, $1.35; Brittain's price, $1.95.

28-inch Gloria Silk, best quality, finest made, fine gold crook in two styles handles, also silver crook in different styles handles. Our price, $2.00; Brittain's price, $2.75.

RIBBONS.

1 lot of Black and Colored No. 5 Gros-Grain Picot Edge All Silk Ribbon. 5c per yard

1 lot No. 5 Velvet Ribbon, all colors; this is in great demand for dress trimming. Per yard, 5c

10-in. Black Moire Sash Ribbon, satin edge, all silk. 55c per yard

1 lot No. 4 Black Moire Ribbon, all silk, satin edge, in great demand for dress trimming, 10 yards in bolt. 65c per bolt

LADIES' KNIT UNDERWEAR.

1 Lot of Ladies' and Children's Vests and Drawers 19c
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Price, 35c.

1 Lot of Ladies' White Knit Vests and Drawers 29c
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Price, 50c.

1 Lot of Ladies' Scarlet and Gray Knit Vests and Drawers 48c
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Price, 85c.

1 Lot of Ladies' Cloth and Quilted Skirts 98c
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Price, $1.25.

Gents' Red, White and Gray Wool mixed Shirts and Drawers, to close out at
25c and 35c Each
S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Price, 50c and $1.00.

KNIT GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Yarns, Zephyrs,
Art Embroideries,
Plush and Knit Hoods,
Knit Skirts, Leggings,
Felt Table Scarfs,
Lambrequin Material
—AT—

Lower Prices

Than Any Other House Will Dare Sell Them!

Ladies' Cassimere Gloves; Brittain's price, 35c; our price ... 15c

Ladies' and Children's Lined Kid Gloves 69c

Gents' Scotch Knit Gloves. Brittain's Price, 75c. Our price ... 39c

Ladies' Pure Silk Mittens 89c
Brittain's Price, $1.50.

Ladies' Pure Silk Mittens 49c
Brittain's price, $1.00.

Gents' Lined Buck and Dog and Hog Skin Gloves $1

Ladies' Genuine French Kid Gloves, Brittain's price, $1.75, 69c

Ladies' 4-Button Kid Gloves 29c
Brittain's Price, $1. Our Price,

Ladies' Cotton Hose, Brittain's price, 12½c. 5c

Gents' Sanitary and Cashmere Half Hose, 25c
Brittain's Price, 50c.

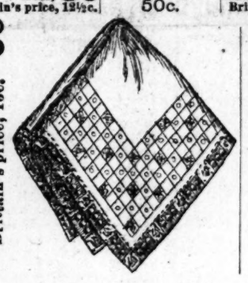
Ladies' Fancy Lisle Thread Hose Brittain's Price, 75c. 35c

Gents' Heavy All-Wool Shaker Socks, 19c
Brittain's Price, 40c.

Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose, Brittain's Price, 50c. 25c

Gents' Solid Color Cotton Half Hose, 8c Per Pair.
Brittain's Price, 20c.

Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose, Brittain's price, 25c. 10c



Ladies' Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, like cut. Brittain's price, 15c. 5c

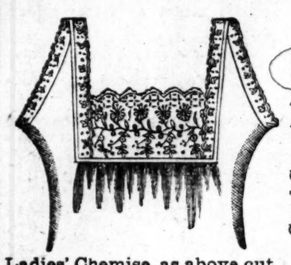
Gents' Colored Bordered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, Brittain's price, 15c. 7½c

Ladies' Fine Emb'd Hdkfs., hemstitched and scalloped, Brittain's price, $1.50. 75c

Gents' White China Silk Hemstitched H'dkerchiefs, Brittain's price, 50c. 29c

Ladies' Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, scalloped and hemstitched, Brittain's price, 75c. 25c

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

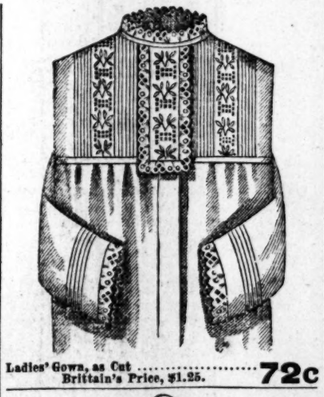


Good Corsets in broken lots.... 15c

Ladies' Chemise, as above cut, 35c
S. J. Brittain's Price, 65c.

Ladies' Chemise, embroidered and lace trimmed 25c

Lace trimmed Chemises 19c
S. J. Brittain's Price, 39c.



Ladies' Gown, as Cut 72c
Brittain's Price, $1.25.

FINE CORSETS in broken lots.... 49c

LADIES' DRAWERS, as above cut 25c
Brittain's price, 40c.

LADIES' DRAWERS, Hamburg ruffling and insertion to match 39c

NOTIONS. NOTIONS.

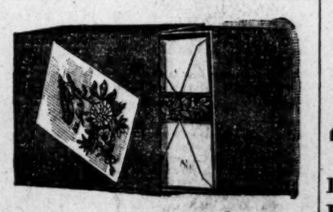
Langtry Curling Irons, wood handles, 8c. Sperm Machine Oil, 2c. Silk Garter Web, per yard, 8c. Tracing Wheels, 3c. Hooks and Eyes, 2 doz., 1c. Clark's 200 yard Spool Cotton, 45c doz. Electric Combs, 10c. Hair Pin Cabinets, assorted sizes, 2c.

Solid Embossed Leather Photograph Frames, Bevel Glass, as cut, 39c.
Value, $1.00.

3,000 best quality rolled plate Lace Pins, from S. J. Brittain's stock 10c
Real value up to $1.00

TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Cuticura Soap	12c
Jewsbury & Brown's Oriental Tooth Paste	38c
La Duchess Face Powder	18c
Kirk's Juvenile Soap	13c
Stewart's Healing Cream	15c
La Blache Face Powder	31c
Calder's Dentine	18c
Brown's Dentrifice	19c
Pint bottle Florida Water	21c
Pond's Extract	31c
Pinaud's Eau de Quinine	32c



STATIONERY! STATIONERY!

5000 Fancy Boxes, containing 24 sheets paper, 24 envelopes	5c
Extra Government Envelopes, 250 in box	29c
Best Cedar Pencils	5c doz
Irish Linen Note Paper, 24 sheets paper and 24 envelopes	10c box
Best Cedar Rubber-Tip Pencils	8c doz
School Tablets, 150 sheets	5c
1 lb Extra Note Paper or 120 sheets	9c

25c

To close out all our Felt Hats, all colors, 25c each.

To close out all our fine Caps, 25c each.

25c

To Close out All Fine Felt Hats, 25c each

CLOAKS

PURCHASED FROM

S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Stock

—AT—

40c on the Dollar.

Prices That Beat All Fire Sales.

Compare Our Prices With Others.

You can save 50 per cent by purchasing a Cloak of us in this Sale. Cloaks were never offered as cheap as this.

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

From S. J. Brittain & Co.'s Stock.

40c on the Dollar!

Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $6; our price, $2.50.
Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $8; our price, $3.25.
Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $10; our price, $4.00.
Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $12; our price, $5.00.
Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $15; our price, $6.00.
Cloth Newmarkets—Brittain's price, $20; our price, $7.50.

We have also marked down every Cloth Newmarket in our regular stock and figured them at

40c On The Dollar!

All will go in this sale in the same proportion as those purchased of S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

You can purchase a Cloth Newmarket of us fully 50 per cent cheaper than at any Fire Sale or so-called Divide-by-Two-Sale.

PLUSH GARMENTS!

From S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.'S Stock,

All Go at 40c on the Dollar!

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS

From S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.'S Stock, at

40c On The Dollar!

CLOTH JACKETS,

From S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.'S Stock, at

40c On The Dollar!

JERSEYS

From S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.'S Stock, at

40c On The Dollar!

Brittain's 75c Jersey	28c
Brittain's $1 Jersey	39c
Brittain's $1.25 Jersey	49c
Brittain's $1.50 Jersey	59c
Brittain's $1.75 Jersey	69c
Brittain's $2 Jersey	79c

JERSEYS 40c On the Dollar.

All the balance of our Furs will be sold at 30c on the dollar. If you want a set of furs, a muff, a cape or anything in the fur line, it will pay you to visit our Fur Department. For genuine out and out Bargains visit

SONNENFELD'S CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Look out for our next SUNDAY'S advertisement. Balance of S. J. Brittain & Co.'s stock will arrive Saturday.

SONNENFELD'S 815, 817, 819, 821 N. BROADWAY.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

NELLIE BLY'S PERIL

Saved by a Miracle While Speeding Through New Mexico.

Her Flying Special Sweeps Across a Canyon on a Swaying Bridge.

Narrow Escape From the Destruction of the Train—The "World's" Tourist Recounts Some of the Incidents of Her Journey East From San Francisco—Miss Bly Takes the Lever of the Engine and Open Wide the Throttle Valve—Crossing Over Snow-Capped Mountains at Fifty Miles an Hour—Something About the Country and the People Seen on the Trip—Description of the Train—Good Words From the Citizens of Arizona Towns—When She Will Reach New York.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Half a million people will draw long breaths of relief when they have read the following dispatch to-day, detailing the narrow escape of Nellie Bly from a horrible death, and many a devout thanksgiving will ascend that the Providence which has watched over her adventurous journey thus far has averted what might have been a terrible catastrophe. Here is the story:

GALLUP, N. M., Jan. 22.—Nellie Bly will only know how narrowly she escaped death to-day when she reads this. She passed here on a train running at the rate of over fifty miles an hour. Three miles east of this place the track repairers were replacing the stringers on the bridge over a deep canyon. The rails were in place, but only held up by jackscrews. The workmen heard the special coming and tried to flag it, but they were too late. The engine and car went thundering over the ravine and passed over safely. The escape is a miraculous one, and sectionmen who witnessed the train flash past on its straw-like structure regard the escape as one of the most marvelous in railway history.

The train bearing Nellie Bly over the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad dashed into Albuquerque, N. M., at 9:45 o'clock last night, thirty-six and a half hours from San Francisco. The distance is about fifteen hundred miles, or nearly half the way across the continent. From this point her journey lies over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe system, through the southeastern corner of Colorado, thence crossing the State of Kansas to Kansas City, Mo., diagonally across Missouri, cutting off a corner of Iowa and humming over the Illinois prairies to Chicago, where it is hoped she will arrive in season to connect with the famous Pennsylvania limited to-morrow night. The fair traveler, on the seventieth day of her journey, is reported to be in good health and spirits.

Miss Bly's Account of Her Journey.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Readers of the POST-DISPATCH will recognize in the following dispatch, written by the fair tourist herself, to the rhythm of a swaying coach, the indomitable spirit and surpassing pluck of the WORLD'S chosen standard-bearer in the four quarters of the earth. Here is her own story:

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Jan. 22.—We are doing pretty well I think. Thirty-six hours in America, and I have traveled 1,500 miles in that time. There is only one place this can be done, and it's just here in America. If the success of my trip depended on the English trains I would doubtless be able to still have a bird's eye view of San Francisco wrapped in a rug and my feet in a foot-warmer. If my round-the-world tour could have been made at the same speed I am now making it would have taken me less than twenty-four days to girdle the earth. I hope to be in New York early Saturday night. How glad I shall be to see the grand old city again, and the sooner I reach there the happier I will be. It is strange, but time has never passed slower to me than it has since I set foot upon American soil. I am so anxious to be home again. We travel so fast that it is almost impossible to write in the car. The Pullman drawing-room car, San Lorenzo, is coupled to the engine, and this constitutes our train.

I have every confidence in American railroads. They are a thousand per cent ahead of the European roads. They are cleaner, better managed and run with greater speed. Why, on this road—Atlantic & Pacific—on which I am now journeying, some surprisingly quick time has been made. Supt. Andrew Smith, who is on the train with us, told me that a special train was run from Albuquerque, N. M., to Holbrook, Ariz., 253 miles, in 289 minutes, for E. J. Simpson of the Aztec Land & Coal Co., whose child was sick. The father brought a doctor that distance at a cost of $300 to save the little one, but unfortunately the child died.

When we stop at stations a crowd is gathered who call for me, and will not be satisfied until I appear on the rear platform to receive their greetings, and sometimes the ladies come into the car and ask me questions and say all kinds of pretty things, mostly undeserved, about myself and my trip. I feel a little like a Presidential candidate. I am surprised at the large number of my own sex out in these almost desert places, who know my name and have heard something of my newspaper doings. My first greeting upon getting up this morning, was the following telegram:

ARIZONA'S GREETING.

WILLIAMS, Ariz., Jan. 22.

To Miss Nellie Bly:

Brave young American, rough but honest Arizona greets you with a rousing cheer.

ARIZONIAN.

The ladies who came into the car take a look at its contents, and seem specially interested in a red and brass temple chair, presented to me in China. It is a large awkward contrivance, it which nothing but a broken backed joss could sit with any comfort. The monkey which I got in Singapore also interests them. He is an intelligent monkey, but very bad tempered. He bit several persons on the steamer Oceanic. I keep him caged, with his bars toward the window, so he can see the country as we skim along.

My visitors ask one question very earnestly: "Miss Bly," they say, "will you win? Will you make it in seventy-five days?" When I tell them I expect to be in New York within seventy-three days from the time I left there, they seem pleased. The sex manifestly rejoice in the fact that a woman is going to beat the record of an imaginary man who, in M. Jules Verne's mind, once made the tour of the world in eighty days. The discomfiture of Phineas Fogg delights them. Such is woman's love for woman.

I entered Arizona about daylight this morning. We were at "The Needles" at 4:30 a. m. Arizona is not thickly settled. There are few communities of more than two or three hundred souls. Most of the stations are section houses. The ride through the San Francisco range has been quite exciting. I sat in the engine coming over the Arizona divide and Engineer Charles Wood rashly gave me charge of the lever. Every now and then I pulled the throttle wide open, and you should see us spin along. When we had a straight piece of track I let the great machine go for all it was worth, and I am sure nothing ever went over the Atlantic & Pacific track in quicker time. Master Mechanic John Fuller was on the engine, and he says that he never saw quicker running.

CROSSING SNOW-CAPPED MOUNTAINS.

We were up 8,000 feet above sea level. I got on the engine at Williams and rode to Flagstaff Mountain, one of the highest of the San Francisco range. We could see Flagstaff's snow-covered peak for thirty miles. It has snow on it eleven months in the year. I am told first it was on one side of the engine and then on the other, the windings of the track, making it appear to change its position. I kept one eye on the track and the other on Flagstaff Peak and watched myself approach it. When Engineer Wood wasn't looking I'd give the lever a little pull, get on a little more steam and revel in the greedy manner in which Engine 93, a splendid eight-wheeler swallowed up the track. Perhaps the engine didn't roll; Fireman Sid Armstrong had all he could do to keep his feet, and once or twice seemed trying to follow his shovel and coal into the furnace.

A man away ahead on the track would one moment look the size of a pin. I'd blow the whistle and he would no sooner step to one side than we would be whizzing past him. I saw one man hold his hat on as we went by. The telegraph poles came and went like flashes of lightning. For a new engineer, the master mechanic said I was a rushing success. We crossed the divide a little after noon and then pushed the lever and closed the throttle. I was given charge of the air brake, which I managed under Mr. Woods' direction. There is an incline from the summit to the town of Flagstaff of 3,000 feet, and no steam is used in going down.

At Chalender, before reaching the summit, I saw the former battlefield of the Supai and Navajo Indians.

OVER A FAMOUS CANYON.

At Flagstaff I left the engine and resumed my place in the coach. We crossed the famous canyon Diablo, which yawned 300 feet beneath, at the speed of forty miles an hour. It was here, years ago, four cowboys robbed an Atlantic & Pacific train, and got the contents of the Wells-Fargo strong box. Mr. C. F. Holton, one of the posse who followed the robbers 500 miles on horseback, and after three battles with them captured the quartet, is now a special officer of the Atlantic & Pacific Co., and forms part of my escort from Mojave to Albuquerque, and we crossed the line into New Mexico at 4 p. m. exactly. From the car windows I have seen many Navajo Indians jogging along on their ponies; their reservation is about twenty miles north of the Atlantic & Pacific track. In cottonwood grove which we passed, near Holbrook, Gen. Crook had one of his famous battles with the Navajos. I have a buffet car and we therefore do not stop for meals. Our only stops are occasional stations where we change engines. We had a warm dinner, ordered by Mr. Donaldson of the Southern Pacific, which was sent in at Winslow. It was a fine dinner, but we were obliged to give so much attention to keeping it on the tables, owing to the speed of the train, that our appetites hadn't exactly a fair chance.

At Winslow Mr. R. M. Bachellor, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent of the Atlantic & Pacific, and Dr. Jeremiah Sullivan, the Road Surgeon, joined us on the train. Supt. Smith of the Atlantic & Pacific leaves us at Albuquerque and Mr. Bachellor will form part of my escort to Chicago. Mr. Donaldson also remains with us to Chicago.

We came from Winslow to Coolidge, N. M., this afternoon, 150 miles, in exactly three hours. A little while later we crossed the continental divide, the highest point of the Rocky Mountains. The elevation where the Atlantic & Pacific road crosses is 7,200 feet above the sea level.

CONGRATULATORY TELEGRAM.

At Coolidge I received the following telegram:

WINSLOW, Ariz., Jan. 22.

To Nellie Bly:

It is pardonable in us as Americans to say that your indomitable will and pluck are but characteristic of model young America. Get there, Nellie Bly, and God bless you.

WINSLOW, ARIZONA.

At 7:15 p. m. we passed Layuna, an Indian village in which the houses are doorless and windowless and the tenants go in and out through the roof. It is 300 years old and has two bells brought from Spain that bear date of 1530. There are 1,200 Indians and three white men who have married Indian girls and who have been each in turn elected Governor of the village. It was growing dark when we passed Layuna and I didn't see much of it. I wish I could have seen the place in daylight it would have been so interesting I think.

At Albuquerque, which we reached at 9:35 p. m., there was a good surprise for me. It is the largest town we passed to-day. It is merged in the old or Spanish town and the modern settlement. There are about 10,000 inhabitants. When we pulled into the depot there was a great crowd. A large delegation of citizens and councilmen with ladies, headed by Mayor G. W. Meylert, came into the car and greeted me. They wanted to hear my story and said all kinds of complimentary things about my trip. The ladies and gentlemen spent some time in the car and when we parted they wished me all kinds of good luck. They were glad to hear that I would be in New York within seventy-three days of my departure from there. I have just heard of McGinty. Isn't it sad?

NELLIE BLY.

Passed Cado, Colo.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CADO, Colo., Jan. 23, 7:30 a. m.—The train conveying Miss Nellie Bly homeward passed this station at 7:27 on time and all well. This is thirty-three miles east of La Junta.

Going Like Lightning.

SYRACUSE, Kan., Jan. 23, 8:45 a. m.—The train with Nellie Bly on board passed this station at 8:43 o'clock like a flash of lightning A great crowd had assembled, but could catch only a fleeting glance at the train as it whizzed by. This point is just 450 miles west of the Missouri River.

Larkin, Kan., at 9:19.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LARKIN, Kan., Jan. 23, 9:25 A. M.—Nellie Bly passed here at 9:19. It is expected that she will reach Kansas City about 6 o'clock tonight.

Through Coolidge.

COOLIDGE, Kan., Jan. 23, 9:30 a. m.—Miss Nellie Bly passed here at 9:27, Chicago time. She is due at Dodge City at noon.

At Ingalls, Kan.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

INGALLS, Kan., Jan. 23.—The train carrying Nellie Bly passed through this town at 10:11 o'clock. Great time has been made in the run from La Junta, 170 miles being traversed in three hours and twenty-four minutes.

Reception at Dodge City.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DODGE CITY, Kan., Jan. 23.—The Mayor and a large delegation of citizens boarded the train here and presented Miss Bly with a copy of resolutions and an original poem. It was a great demonstration.

The train left here at 11:43 a. m. Chicago time.

Whizzing Through Great Bend.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GREAT BEND, Kan., Jan. 23.—It was just 1:10 o'clock when Nellie Bly passed through this city whizzing.

Will Reach Kansas City at 6 P. M.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GARDEN CITY, Kan., Jan. 23.—The train under charge of General Traffic Manager W. F. White of the Atchison System, with Nellie Bly on board, passed this station at 9:45. J. P. Hill, Colorado Passenger Agent of the Santa Fe, says we are beating our record and will get Nellie Bly into Kansas City by 6 o'clock this evening, four hours ahead of time.

Chicago, and Then Home.

When Miss Bly reaches Kansas City, she will make very little stay. From there she will go to Chicago, arriving early to-morrow morning. There her special train takes the Michigan Central tracks for New York. If she makes her connections she should arrive in Chicago to-morrow morning in time to take the 10:35 Michigan Central train for New York. If she takes that train, it is due at the Forty-second Street Depot, in New York City, at 4:30 p. m. Saturday. If this programme carries, Miss Bly will have made the trip around the world in about seventy-two days and less than six hours.

At Sixty Miles an Hour.

The interest being taken in St. Louis in the trip of Nellie Bly is very great, and every report of her progress across the country, on the closing of her trip, is eagerly sought. Even the brokers' telegraph service is following her. This morning Gaylord-Blessing's private wire brought a telegram from Dodge City, Kan., dated 11:38, saying she had just passed there, going at the rate of thirty-eight miles an hour.

The Trip in Detail.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Now that the intense interest in Nellie Bly's attempt to outdo the record of Verne's mythical hero is reaching a climax, a brief review of her extraordinary trip may not be out of place. With a diminutive hand-satchel for baggage and without maid or escort the WORLD'S globe-circling commissioner started on the morning of November 14, 1889, to accomplish what no woman had ever attempted before—the circumnavigation of the globe. It was a bold and in some respects a hazardous undertaking for a girl—bold because it was without a parallel, and hazardous because a journey of over twenty-five thousand miles by a variety of conveyances through strange lands, and in company with strange people, necessarily contained many elements of danger. When Jules Verne brought forth those delightful creations—Phineas Fogg and Jean Passepartout—with attention to detail that rivaled Dean Swift's most ingenious effort, readers were amused and delighted with the author's skill in formulating a schedule that permitted his heroes to circle the earth in exactly eighty days, but no one of them for an instant believed that the charmingly told tale had a single stone of fact in its foundation. Now comes a woman—a very young woman—who not only demonstrates the possibility of such a trip being completed in such a time, but who will in all probability beat it. Unless some unforeseen accident occurs Nellie Bly will make the journey around the world, from east to west, inside of seventy-five days.

AT SOUTHAMPTON.

The long journey was begun on the steamer Augusta Victoria, with Southampton as the first destination, and it was reached early on the morning of November 22. The voyage across the Atlantic was tempestuous. Off the banks of Newfoundland the fog was almost dense enough to cut, and up to the time anchor was cast there had been scarcely a day of smooth sailing. Although the vessel made excellent time under such circumstances she was too late to catch the last regular passenger train that should have been caught to make connection with the early morning London train. Accustomed, however, to overcoming difficulties, Miss Bly did not let this disappointment ruffle her in the least. There was a heavy mail on board, and this the authorities were anxious to get to London expeditiously. A post-office train was in waiting at Southampton, and on it the traveler succeeded in securing a passage, going ashore on a tug, which came out to meet her. The mail train was whirled through to the metropolis, arriving there at 5 o'clock in the morning. It was a tiresome trip and, although feeling pretty well shaken up, Miss Bly was driven at once to the office of Second Secretary of the United States Legation McCormick, to get her passport. Then she went to the London offices of the WORLD to meet several London journalists who wanted to wish her God speed. After breakfast at the Charing Cross Hotel she took the tidal train via Folkestone and Boulogne for Amiens to meet Jules Verne.

MEETS JULES VERNE.

The great novelist and his wife had been apprised of her coming and were anxiously awaiting her. Miss Bly stepped off the train at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and received the warmest sort of a greeting. Mme. Verne was surprised at the visitor's youth and could scarcely believe that she really intended to make the tour of the world without even as much as a maid. Fearful lest she might miss her connection Miss Bly made careful inquiry as to the starting of the train for Calais and the time of its arrival. After satisfying herself on this point with a most masculine positiveness and much to the amusement of Mr. Verne and his amiable spouse, the young American was driven to the novelist's chateau. Then it became her turn to be amused. Her host and hostess treated her precisely as they would have treated a remarkably bright or interesting child. They could not believe that the rather fragile looking girl was actually in earnest, and when they were convinced that she was their astonishment knew no bounds. It came time to say good-bye at last, and although Mme. Verne spoke very little English and Miss Nellie very little French, the parting was affectionate. Jules Verne shook hands with his visitor half a dozen times, and after she had entered her cab waved his hand, while his wife fluttered a handkerchief until the visitor was out of sight.

ON THE INDIAN MAIL.

When Miss Nellie arrived at Calais she found she had two hours to spare before the famous Brindisi train made its start. She had sent a cable message from London before leaving there to the home office of the WORLD, and from Calais she sent another to show that her flying trip to the home of the French novelist had not delayed her.

It had been necessary to secure a berth on the Indian Mail, as the Brindisi train is commonly called, thirty-six hours in advance. Miss Bly had traveled to some extent in her own country, and on rapid transit trains, too. But she had never been on such a "flyer" as the Indian Mail. In the 1,500 miles between Calais and the terminal point it stopped only eleven times and only five minutes at each station. The train was on time, and Miss Bly boarded the steamer Victoria of the Peninsula & Oriental line at 2 o'clock on the morning of November 25.

IN THE SUEZ CANAL.

Her route was across the Mediterranean to the Suez Canal, which did not impress the traveler greatly, for she wrote home that it "looked like all other canals, only a little wider." Ismailia was reached November 28.

THROUGH THE RED SEA.

Then the route lay through the Red Sea and on to Aden, that bare rock at the southern extremity of Arabia. The weather was balmy, almost enervating in its delicious softness, but Miss Nellie did not neglect her diary for a single hour. From Aden to Colombo, on the Island of Ceylon, the passage occupied six days, December 2 to 8.

IN CEYLON.

Charmed as she had been by the rapidly moving panorama stretched before her since leaving London, the traveler was in raptures over the beauties of Ceylon. The tea gardens, the new and strange forms of vegetation, the giant bamboos, the quaint ox teams and the queer looking craft in the harbor opened a new world to her. She had two days to spare before starting for Singapore, and she made the best of her time. Nobody would ever think of going to Ceylon without visiting the Kandy Temple and inspecting Buddha's tooth. Miss Nellie possesses about the average curiosity of her sex, and naturally she made a pilgrimage to the temple. It is about three hours' ride from Colombo. There she saw a strange-looking structure, and inside of it, reposing in a golden box, that wonderful tooth. It is a curious object—not unlike a boar's tusk in conformation, and about as long as an ordinary fore-finger. Then she saw the ground where the Chicago and All America teams played base ball and in all truth "astonished the natives." Good-bye was said to Colombo with some regret December 10, and the P. and O. steamer headed for Singapore, an island lying south of the Malayan Peninsula. To reach this the vessel passed through the Straits of Malacca, where in days gone by wicked and blood-thirsty pirates had a cheerful habit of scuttling ships and cutting the throats of honest mariners. But Miss Nellie saw no pirates and arrived at Singapore safely and in good health December 18.

JUST HALF WAY AROUND.

She was then just half way around the world and about as far as she could get from home without leaving the earth altogether. A very short stay was made at this point, and the circumnavigator did not disembark. Anchor was weighed in the afternoon and off the steamer puffed for Hong Kong. The voyage was fairly smooth and pleasant with one day's rainy weather. The harbor of the great city was entered the day before Christmas, and Miss Nellie ate her Christmas dinner there.

AT HONG KONG.

There was a delay of four days in Hong Kong, and Miss Nellie devoted the time to wondering at the strange people and their strange ways and to shopping. This vacation was quickly over, and three days after Christmas, with the thermometer standing at 60 degs., Miss Bly set sail for Yokahoma, arriving there January 2.

A LONG DELAY.

Then came another week of five days for the mail steamship Oceanic, and while the traveler must have felt a little anxious about the result of the two delays there was no help for it, so she spent the time to the best advantage. Calls were made on several of the American residents, after having first visited the American Consul, and then all the sights that were to be seen in five days received attention. Next to the Island of Ceylon the stay in Japan was probably the most enjoyable part of the world circling journey.

CROSSING THE PACIFIC.

Then came the last and longest trip by water—across the Pacific Ocean—4,750 nautical miles to San Francisco. The Oceanic sailed January 7 with Miss Bly on board in good health and spirits, as a cable message announced.

ARRIVAL AT FRISCO.

Miss Bly arrived in San Francisco on Tuesday at 9:30 a. m., as told in the POST DISPATCH. She was immediately taken to Oakland, where she took a Southern Pacific train for Mojave. There she got an Atlantic & Pacific train across the country. Her journey to New York has been chronicled in the POST-DISPATCH each day, the last installment being given above.

"Do As Most Do,

And few will speak evil of thee." Most people will take in the great remnant sales to-morrow, that are advertised in to-day's POST-DISPATCH.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Coal for the Poor—Sentenced for Wife Beating—Painfully Injured—Other Matters.

W. S. Haddaway, a coal dealer, notified the police this morning that he had 100 bushels of coal in his sheds, at Krauss street and the Iron Mountain Railway, which he would give to the most needy of the poor here. The coal will be delivered in ten-bushel lots to those recommended.

Miss Carrie Johnston, a well-known young lady, while about to step into a carriage that was standing in front of her residence on the Gravois road last evening, slipped and fell, striking her forehead on the step, cutting a severe gash over the eyes.

The old Blow mansion, which for years has stood as a landmark, will, within a few months, be torn down. Messrs. F. W. Mott, O. A. Haines and several other gentlemen have purchased the old homestead.

The work of repairing the Jupiter Iron-works is being rapidly pushed. About fifty men are engaged in testing the engines and machinery and repairing the ore and iron yards. An iron smoke stack, which will reach over a hundred feet in height, is being built. The stock sheds are being filled with ore, coke and coal. It is quite evident that by February 1 the works will be ready for resumption.

Henry Heinstein of De Soto, Mo., and Miss Anna Romilke of this place were quietly wedded yesterday.

Henry Smith, an employe of Kilpatrick's Iron Foundry, was painfully burned about the face yesterday afternoon by the bursting of some iron metal in the pit. Smith was quickly removed to his residence, No. 913 Iron street, where Dr. Thos. Reber was summoned and dressed his face. Smith's eyesight will probably be impaired.

During a dance at Andrew Hopkins' (colored) residence, in New Memphis, last evening, a row occurred between John Wilson and Buck Everts over Sallie Richardson. During the trouble some one hit Wilson on the head with a heavy iron poker, inflicting an ugly scalp wound, from which blood poured profusely. At this juncture Miss Richardson picked up a butcher knife and threatened to carve the whole crowd, unless the person who struck Wilson would show himself. Wilson's assailant, however, failed to materialize, and before she could avenge the wrong inflicted on Wilson's poor head she was disarmed.

Charles F. Gruet was before Police Justice Meegan this morning on a charge of wife-beating. Gruet was fined $50 and sent to the Work-house. Gruet at one time was fairly well off. He was an engineer on the Iron Mountain Railway until a few months ago, when he was discharged. He then began to drink. During his sprees he would attack his wife and beat her. His carousals placed his family of four children and his wife in very destitute condition. The police will aid Mrs Gruet and her children, who reside at 3924 South Broadway. Coal and food were sent to the house this morning. Gruet says he will reform after he gets out of the Work-house.

"Do As Most Do,

And few will speak evil of thee." Most people will take in the great remnant sales to-morrow that are advertised in to-day's POST-DISPATCH.

THE TEXAS COUNTY SEAT WAR.

More Trouble Will Probably Follow the Shooting of Floyde.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 23.—Late news from the Blanco County election indicates quiet, and no further disturbance has followed that of Tuesday. Floyde, the man shot in the fight Tuesday, determined not to be prevented from voting, had himself carried to the polls on a litter and voted for Johnson City and against Blanco, and a few hours after died. Casey, who shot Floyde, was released on bond. People here who are acquainted with Blanco's affairs fear the Floyde killing will be the foundation for a vendetta as relentless as that of Ft. Bend County and they will not be surprised to hear of other men being killed.

Argument in Behalf of Gen. Goff.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 23.—Hon. W. P. Hubbard began his argument in behalf of Gen. Goff before the Joint Assembly this morning. He claimed that the evidence as to the vote in Mercer and McDowell Counties was not before the committee until long after the time for taking testimony had expired.

Col. St. Clair, Fleming's counsel, claimed that the time was only limited as to sworn evidence, and that documentary evidence could be filed at any time before the committee adjourned.

Fate of the Steamer Erin.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The agents of the National Steamship Line state to-day that they have no additional information regarding the steamship Erin, which it is feared has foundered with all on board. The agents, however, still maintain that there is yet a hope that the Erin may have made some port in a disabled condition. The say the Erin was as stanch a craft as any that crossed the Atlantic.

Meeting of the National League.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The meeting of the National League which was to have been held in this city on the 28th inst., has been postponed until the following day, Wednesday at 1 o'clock noon. Chairman Young has called a special meeting of the board, to be held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, on the 29th inst. at 9 o'clock.

Arrested for Counterfeiting.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FORT SMITH, Ark., January 23.—A. M. Benton and J. M. Grimes were brought in to-day from Washington County charged with counterfeiting. A number of nickles and dollars were found in their possession. Both are under 20 years old. Grimes made a confession. He said there were four of them. They used plaster of paris molds. The metal was furnished them by a party whose name they do not know. Benton says he came from Missouri.

Charged With Fraud.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Jan. 23.—Ham McCoy, ex State representative of this county, and former manager of the Hopkins Farmers' Co-operative store was arrested yesterday charged with defrauding Smith Frazier Boot & Shoe Co., out of $600 worth of rubber goods. He was held to bail.

Saw No Disabled Steamer.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 23.—The officers of the Cunard Line steamers Catalonia and Gallia deny the report that they sighted a disabled steamer's wreckage or dead cattle on their last voyages.

A Valuable Bustle.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

One day last week an elderly lady, residing in Kenosha, suddenly dropped dead from some heart trouble. She was supposed to be very poor, having worked hard all her life. The undertaker was summoned to the residence to prepare the body for burial, and while removing the clothing it was noticed that the bustle was rather heavy; in fact it was so weighty as to attract attention. It was ripped open and the spectators were thunderstruck to find secreted therein over $1,800 in bank notes. The old lady, instead of putting on style and spending her money, had hoarded every cent and saved the above amount, which she preferred to carry around with her rather than intrust it to the banks.

News, Newsy and Novel is every Sunday Post-Dispatch.

Broadway, Washington Avenue and St. Charles Street.

Nugents GREAT REMNANT SALE

To-Morrow Will Be the Choice Spot for Bargains.

LISTEN:

Our regular prices are lower than any other house in St. Louis; our Clearing Sale prices are lower than our regular prices, and our

Remnant Day

Prices are AWAY DOWN—lower even than our Clearing Sale prices. Come to the great Remnant Sale To-Morrow at the Greatest and Leading Dry Goods House of St. Louis.

Cloaks.

Magnificent Friday Bargains

At $4.75.

To-morrow we will sell all our ladies' tailor-made Beaver and other Cloth, winter-weight Newmakets, which we formerly sold at $9.50, $10.75, $12.75, $13.50 and $14.75, at one price

$4.75 Each.

All sizes—32 to 42 bust. The old price tickets marked in plain figures, just as they are, will be left on, so that you can see for yourself.

At $7.50 Each.

This lot includes all our fine winter Newmarkets—braid, fur and astrakhan trimmed—which we formerly sold at $15.50, $16.75, $18.50, $19.50, $21.50, $23.50 and $25, at the uniform and absurd price of

$7.50 Each.

All sizes. Black and colors.

At $12.50.

This lot comprises the balance of our high-priced winter weight long garments of every kind, which we formerly sold at $27.50 to $30.50, will go for

$12.50 Each.

A copy of this advertisement will be found in the department.

Ladies' Underwear. The entire lot of our best style all-wool Jersey-ribbed Combination Suits (pants and vests in one piece), regular price $3.75, $4.00 and $4.75, go at $2 a suit.

Underwear Don't miss this chance. We are selling the best of goods for less than they cost to make; this clearing sale won't last much longer; the weather is here, and if you need them you will never get them cheaper.

Men's Flannel Shirts We have laid out on the counter what surplus stock we wish to close out in men's and boys' best quality flannel shirts and cut the price in two for Friday; $1.50 flannel shirts, for 75c; $2.00 shirts (Cochico flannel), for $1.00; $3.00 finest flannel shirts, for $1.50.

Upholstery. 60c Holland Dado Shades; size, 3x7 feet; to be closed out on Friday at 35c each.

15c Worsted Fringe on Friday at 5c a yard.

Lot $2.25 two-tone Lace Bed Sets (spread and pillow shams) go on Friday at $1.46 a set.

200 Polished Wood Curtain Poles with brass trimmings, regular price 25c; on Friday at 14½c.

Beautiful Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, that were $2.25, for $1.63 a pair.

Comforts. You can get on Friday, our regular goods, best in the market. 75c Comforts for 58c, $1.00 Comforts for 80c, $1.50 Comforts for $1.10, $1.75 Comforts for $1.45, and $2.25 Comforts for $1.60, and a few left of those all-wool $4.00 blankets for $2.65. And some special bargains in

WHITE QUILTS.

Men's Silk Mitts. A small lot men's best quality Corticelli Double Silk Mitts, reduced from $1.50 to 75c a pair for Friday.

Wool Mitts. Small lot fine Worsted Mitts, reduced from 35c to 19c a pair.

Wool Mufflers. Small lot best quality Wool-knit Mufflers, full lengths, reduced from 50c to 15c; from 75c to 25c; from $1.00 to 35c.

Cuff Buttons. About ten dozen, good quality gold-plate, Gents' Cuff Buttons, reduced from 25c, 35c and 50c to 10c a pair to close out

Hosiery. Ladies' Fleece-Lined Hose that was 35c, modes, navy, seal and slate, for 25c on Friday.

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Hose in dark Oxford mixtures, formerly 50c, to-morrow 33⅓c.

Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, unbleached feet, formerly 20c to 42c; to-morrow at 25c to close; odd sizes.

Domestics Remnants of Muslins, remnants of Ticking, remnants of Cheviots, remnants of Cotton Flannels, etc., at about half price.

A lot of remnants of 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheeting, worth 20c, 22½c and 25c a yard; will go at 10c a yard, all widths.

Flannels Intend making a clean sweep in this department. Our entire lot of remnants of red, white, gray and blue all-wool Flannels, all nice and clean, for less than the prices that poorer goods sell for.

Also, a lot of $1 fancy all-wool Skirt Patterns for 75c each.

And remnants of $1.85 and $2 Cloaking for $1.25 a yard; and remnants of $1.50 and $1.65 Cloaking for $1 a yard.

Infants' Cloaks Child's short Cloaks, in sizes to fit up to 3 years, in plaid and stripes, with Astrakhan collars and cuffs; reduced for Friday from $2.75 to $1.48.

SECOND FLOOR.

Prints and Ginghams Remnants of Calicoes, remnants of Ginghams, remnants of Lining, remnants of Satines, to be sacrificed at paltry prices.

Silks Remnants of plain and fancy Silks, remnants of Plushes, of Velvets, of Satins, of Quilted Satins, etc., at half clearing sale prices.

A special Friday Bargain—22-inch black Domestic Surah Silk, regular $1.00 quality, for 76c a yard.

And 20-inch black Faille Francais, $1.00 regularly, on Friday at 78c.

Dress Goods Great bargains to-morrow in Remnants. Remnants of 12½c.

Dress Goods for 5c a yard.

Remnants of 12½c Tycoon Reps for 6¼c a yard.

Remnants of 25c wool Brocade Dress Stuff for 10c a yard.

Remnants of 35c Side Band Henriettas for 15c a yard.

Remnants of 36-inch Stripes and Plaids, 35c and 40c goods for 20c a yard.

Remnants of 40c All-Wool Serges for 25c a yard.

Remnants of 50c 50-inch Habit Cloths for 35c a yard.

Remnants of 50c Side Band Suitings at 35c a yard.

Remnants of 65c, 75c and $1.00 Dress Goods—Henriettas, Cashmeres, Serges, Plaids and Stripes—down to 50c a yard.

40 dress patterns worth $12.00, on Friday at $5.00 each to close out.

Handkerchiefs Ladies' hemstitched and printed linen handkerchiefs that were 10c, at 5c each.

Ladies' hemstitched and embroidered linen Handkerchiefs that were 19c for 15c each.

Lot men's plain white hemstitched pure linen handkerchiefs for 90c a half-dozen; regular 20c kind.

Wrappers 6 dozen Calico Wrappers, Princess style, ruffled skirt; former price, $1.00; go to-morrow for 58c each.

SECOND FLOOR.

Muslin Underwear 4 dozen $1 Muslin Skirts with ruffle of Hamburg embroidery; on Friday for 49c; short lengths only.

About 8 dozen Child's good muslin Drawers, with hem and tucks; size, 2 years only; were 10c; at 5c to close.

SECOND FLOOR.

Corsets 6 dozen good Satteen Corsets in sizes 24, 25 and 26 only, formerly 75c; go for 37c.

SECOND FLOOR.

Caps and Knit Goods Corkscrew Steamer Caps, reduced from 50c to 15c.

Boys' Silk-plush Polo Caps; reduced from $1.00 to 25c.

Misses Zephyr Alpine Hats; cut from $1.00 to 25c.

Lot of $1.00 Fascinators go for 35c each.

Hand-knit zephyr Tam O'Shanters; reduced from 75c to 15c.

SECOND FLOOR.

B. Nugent & Bro.

Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St.

Alaska Seal Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—Secretary Windom has written a long letter to Senator Frye, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, in regard to the Alaska seal fisheries. In his letter the Secretary quotes a number of opinion by previous secretaries in opposition to the principles of the bill now before the Senate which, provides for direct control by the Treasury Department and the abolition of the leasing system. The Secretary says: "The present system commends itself to my judgment as the wisest and best for the Government to adopt for the future."

In conclusion he states that in his opinion neither the interests of the Government nor of the natives would be subserved by the passage of the bill now before the Senate.

Wife-Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 23.—Nicholas Mayer living on North Center avenue, murdered his wife shortly before noon to-day and then committed suicide. Death in both cases was almost immediate. A revolver was used with which Mayer first shot his wife by and which immediately afterward he himself found death.

Mails Missing.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The California mails to this city are still missing and the Post-office authorities do not know definitely where they are. They believe they are snow-bound. It is now four days since the last San Francisco mails arrived. Mails from the West were all late this morning. The Chicago mail due at 6:40 a. m., did not arrive till 10:10 and the Pittsburg mails about an hour late.

La Grippe.

A simple but infallible remedy for la grippe: Take one or two doses of Niggemann's Black Tonic. Sure cure or money refunded. Try it and be convinced. Sold by all druggists and at A. Niggemann's, 1121 Morgan street.

Marine.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Arrived—Steamer Servia from Liverpool.

W. C. T. U.

Deliberations of the Non-Partisan Workers at Cleveland, O.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 23.—The non-partisan ladies who are meeting in Cleveland for the purpose of organizing a National Womans' Christian Temperance Union are doing their work with great deliberation.

The session of the convention this morning was devoted to a discussion of the proposed constitution. Mrs. Cornelia Alford of Brooklyn, N. Y., the Secretary, asked for an assistant, and was given the services of Miss Frank Young of Pittsfield, O.

The unions at Skowhegan, Me., and Montpelier, Vt., sent words of hope and courage in the form of telegrams. The following letter was received by one of the members of the Provisional Committee:

AMESBURY, Mass., Jan. 18, 1890.

DEAR FRIEND—Illness prevents me from doing more than to thank thee for thy letter, and to say that I have always regretted the action of the W. C. T. U. in taking a partisan position. I do not, by any means, impeach the motive of the noble and devoted woman of that organization, but I have seen no good accomplished by their separate political action. I hope the non-partisan temperance workers will not waste time and strength in combatting the political organization, but go forward in their own way, which I think is the best way, and so far as I can see, the only one likely to accomplish the great object of temperance. With all good wishes, I am thy friend, JOHN G. WHITTIER.

A letter was also read from Geo. W. Cable, the novelist.

The Committee on Constitution reported through the Chairman, Mrs. J. Elien Foster. The report was signed by every member of the committee. The Constitution was read by Mrs. Walker of Minnesota. The preamble is as follows:

"Viewing with the deepest solicitude the appalling evils of intemperance and believing that a non-partisan, non-sectarian organization of Christian women, devoted solely of the cause of temperance, is greatly needed, we unite ourselves together for this purpose under the following constitution:"

Then follows the constitution, the first section of which is as follows:

"This organization shall be known as the American Woman's Christian Temperance League. It is provided that the officers shall be a president, vice-presidents, two secretaries and a treasurer. There are to be five departments of work—evangelical, educational, legislative, literary and young women."

One section of the constitution declares that no officer shall pledge the support of the organization to any political party or any religious sect. Any temperance society can become auxiliary by signing the constitution. The annual meetings

DRY GOODS at 25 to 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

OUR TURN NOW!

The first time in the history of the St. Louis Dry Goods Trade that TWO IMMENSE BANKRUPT STOCKS are offered IN ONE SALE.

2 BANKRUPT STOCKS!

The Greatest of all the Slaughters in Dry Goods we offer To-Morrow and until sold, consisting of over 2,000 lots.

ALL IN ONE SALE!

S. CORBETT & SON--Who for 10 Years Have Been Located at 1121 Franklin Av.---and SPAULDING & BUSH, 1218 Olive Street.

The Entire Bankrupt Stocks of the Two Firms Bought by Us AT OUR OWN PRICE.

FRANK BROTHERS

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNETIC BANKRUPT SALE

THAT HAS TAKEN PLACE IN ST. LOUIS.

No Slaughter Sale of Equal Magnitude Ever Attempted in This City.

Visit Our Store To-Morrow and Judge for Yourselves! We Propose to Eclipse All Former Efforts!

DRY GOODS at 25 Cts on the Dollar! DRY GOODS at 33 Cts on the Dollar!

DRY GOODS at Less Than 50 Cents on the Dollar!

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD TO MATCH THESE PRICES.

Domestic Department.

Lot No. 1—All of Corbett & Son's best American Calico, their price, 7½c; our price,

3½c Yd.

Lot No. 2—All of Corbett & Son's best Gingham, their price, 10c; our price,

5c Yd.

Lot No. 3—Yard-wide good quality unbleached Muslin, Corbett & Son's price, 10c; our price,

5c Yd.

Lot No. 4—Corbett & Son's yard-wide soft finish Bleached Muslin, their price, 12½c; our price,

6½c Yd.

S. Corbett & Son Bankrupt Stock of Jewelry for a Mere Song.

READ THE PRICES:

Lot 203—Consisting of bright-cut Silver and Oxydized Bar Pins, in about 12 styles to select from; S. Corbett & Son's price, 50c;

OUR PRICE 12c

Lot 204—Consisting of Babies' Solid Gold Rings in chased bands; S. Corbett & Son's price, 50c;

OUR PRICE 19c

Lot 205—Consisting of a lot of oxydized goods, of Vinaigrets, Stamp-boxes, Bonbon Boxes, Tablets, Cachou Boxes, etc.; worth up to $1;

AT 25c

LINENS AND WHITE GOODS.

Lot 189—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 10c each; all linen plaid glass towels;

Our Price **4c** each

Lot 190—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 65c per yard; turkey red Table Damask, slightly soiled;

Our Price **12½c** Per Yd

Lot 191—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $1.15 each; all-linen cream Table Cloths, colored borders;

Our Price **65c** Each

Lot 192—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 7c per yard; white striped Lawns.

Our Price **3c** Per Yd

UPHOLSTERY DEPT.

Lot 193—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 10c per yard; odd lot Drapery Fringe;

Our Price **2½c** Per Yd

Lot 194—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $3 per pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, 4 yards long;

Our Price **$1.50** Per Pair

Lot 195—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $8 per pair; Heavy Chenille Portieres, figured all over;

Our Price **$4.50** Per Pair

BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES.

Lot 196—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $1.25 per pair; 10-4 heavy white Blankets.

Our Price **79c** Per Pair

Lot 197—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $8 per pair; 11-4 fine white wool California Blankets (slightly soiled);

Our Price **$4.59** Per Pair

Lot 198—S. Corbett & Son. Their price $2 each; full size Bed Comfortables, cotton-filled;

Our Price **$1.15** Each

FLANNELS.

Lot 199—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 12½c per yard; heavy gray twilled Flannels;

Our Price **6½c** Per Yd

Lot 200—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 30c per yard; twilled and plain all-wool Red Flannels;

Our Price **15c** Per Yd

Lot 201—S. Corbett & Son. Their price 40c per yard; heavy all-wool plaid Flannels;

Our Price **20c** Per Yd

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

Lot No. 148 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—37 pcs double width all-wool Barege Veiling; their price 20c yd.

Our Price 10c yd

Lot No. 149 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—47 pcs single width Grenadine Veiling; their price 12½c yd.

Our Price 5c yd

Lot 150 to 171 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—83 pcs single width silk Parisina Veiling; their price 25c yd.

Our Price 10c yd

Lot No. 172 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock)—18 pcs 40-inch black silk Spanish Guipure Flouncing; their price $1.50 yd.

Our Price $1 yd

Lot No. 173 to 180 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock)—4,000 yds Crepe Lisse Ruchings in black and white; their price 15c to 25c yd

Our Price 5c yd

Lot No. 181 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock)—150 doz. Ladies' Cape Collars and Boys' Percale Collars; their price 10c to 15c each

Our Price 3c each

Lot No. 182 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—83 pcs 45-inch embroidered Swiss Skirtings; their price $1 yd.

Our Price 50c yd

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Lot No. 183 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock)—Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, fancy borders; their price, 6¼c each.

Our Price 2 1-2c each

Lot No. 184 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—Ladies' hemstitched Handkerchiefs, all linen, plain white and fancy borders; their price, 20c and 25c yard.

Our Price 10c yd

Lot No. 185 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—33 doz. Ladies' Fine Brocaded Silk Mufflers, all colors; their price, 75c each.

Our Price 35c each

Lot No. 186 (from S. Corbett & Son's stock)—27 doz. Gent's Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs; their price, 10c each.

Our Price 5c each

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Lot No. 187 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock)—75 yds. Fine Milanese Separable Gimps; their price, $1.75.

Our Price 25c yd

Lot No. 188 (from Spaulding & Bush's stock) 157 Colored Bead Sets, 5 pcs. in each; their price, $1.00.

Our Price 35c each

HOSIERY AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Lot 95—Spaulding & Bush price, 15c, 12½c and 10c, Children's Fine Hose, some all-wool, some cotton; a bummer, come early;

Our Price, 3c

Lot 96 to 99—Spaulding & Bush price, 25c, 20c and 17½c, Children's Imported Hose, extra long, full line to pick from;

Our Price, 5c

Lot 100 to 110—Spaulding & Bush price, 35c and 25c, gents' fine imported Socks, all styles, some silk embroidered;

Our Price, 10c

Lot 110 to 115—Spaulding & Bush price, 35c and 25c, ladies' fine all-wool Hose, extra long, all colors;

Our Price, 14c

Lot 116 to 121—Spaulding & Bush price $1.50, $1.25, $1.00. Gents' fine white Dress Shirts, all styles, laundried and unlaundried; all go.

Our Price 50c

Lot 122 to 142—Spaulding & Bush price $1.00. Gents' heavy Undershirts or Drawers, all sizes; clouded

Our Price 47c

Spaulding & Bush stock of Gents' Linen Collars that were 20c and 15c.

Our Price 5c

Gents' Linen Cuffs that were 35c and 25c.

Our Price 10c

Gents' fine Suspenders that were 50c and 35c

Our Price 22c

Gents' Cardigan Jackets that were $1.50 and $1.25.

Our Price 47c

Gents' Mufflers, all silk, that were $2.00 and $1.50.

Our Price 75c

Gents' Neck Scarfs that were 50c and 35c.

Our Price 14c

S. CORBETT & SON

Corsets and Muslin Underwear.

LOT 71 TO 80—Mother Hubbard Gown, good muslin, lace trimmed; their price 65c.

Our Price 39c

LOT 81 TO 85—Mother Hubbard Gown, made of splendid muslin, with yoke of good Hamburg embroidery and tucks; their price $1.

Our Price 49c

LOT 86 TO 88—Mother Hubbard Gown, made of good muslin, with two rows insertion of fine wheel embroidery and tucks; their price $1.25.

Our Price 79c

LOT 89—Elegant gown made of Pride of the West muslin, robe front of fine embroidery and box plaited back; their price $2.50.

Our Price $1.49

LOT 90—Chemise of good muslin, entire yoke of Hamburg embroidery; their price $1.

Our Price 49c

LOT 91—Drawers of good muslin, with deep embroidered ruffle and tucks above; their price 65c.

Our Price 39c

LOT 92—Skirts made of good muslin, with ruffle of same and edged with embroidery; their price 60c.

Our Price 29c

LOT 93—Skirts made of good muslin, with deep ruffle of blind stitched embroidery; their price $1.25.

Our Price 69c

LOT 94—An elegant Coutille Corset in white and drab, all sizes; their price 50c.

Our Price 25c

LOT excellent sateen short hip corsets in red, black and brown, all sizes; their price $1.

Our Price 48c

HOUSEKEEPERS' DEPT.

In order to keep time with these two Great Bankrupt Sales, we make the following Great Cuts in this Department:

Extra Fancy Carved Handle Bread Knife and Board, regular price 65c; for this sale only at 25c

6-foot strong and well made step-ladder 79c

100-lb Flour Can 85c

10-qt Chamber Pails 24c

RIBBONS.

Lot No. 201—From S. Corbett & Son; 30 pcs. 12-inch, all silk black Sash Ribbon, five different patterns; their price, $1.25 per yard;

Our Price, 58c

Lot No. 202—From S. Corbett & Son; Nos. 9, 12 and 16, all silk, satin edge, moire crown, moire and satin edge gros grain, in black and light colors; their price, from 18c to 25c .....Our Price 10c per yard

From S. Corbett & Son—One lot of Remnants in Ribbon, 2 yard lengths; their price from 15c to 25c.....Our Price, 6c

KNIT GOODS.

LOT 20 TO 25—Ladies' and Children's Mittens, from S. Corbett & Son. Their price 20c to 30c pair.

Our Price, 10c Pair

LOT 26 TO 40—Ladies' and Children's Mittens; also Men's and Boys' Gloves, from Spaulding & Bush. Their price 25c to 40c.

Our Price, 15c Pair

LOT 41 TO 53—Ladies', Children's, Men's and Boys' Mittens, also Men's and Boys' Gloves, from S. Corbett & Son. Their price 50c to 75c pair.

Our Price, 25c Pair

LOT 54—Ladies' and Children's Tobogran Caps, from Spaulding & Bush. Their price 40c to 75c.

Our Price, 10c Each

LOT 55—Imported Shelland Floss, Shell Stitch Fascinators, from Spaulding & Bush. Their price 75c to $1.25.

Our Price, 48c Each

NOTIONS.

LOT 56—Eureka Dress Stays, or Waist Steels, from S. Corbett & Son. Their price, 10c a dozen.

Our Price, 3c Dozen

LOT 57—4-hook Corset Clasps, from Spaulding & Bush. Their price, 10c p ir.

Our Price, 3c Pair

LOT 58 to 60—Fancy Metal Dress Buttons, all colors, from S. Corbett & Son. Their price, 15c to 35c dozen.

Our Price, 5c Dozen

LOT 61—Skirt Braid, from Spaulding & Bush. Their price, 5c roll.

Our Price, 2c Roll

LOT 62 to 70—Dress Extenders or Bustle Springs, with elastic web ends, from S. Corbett & Son. Their price, 10c set.

Our Price, 2c Set

SHOE DEPT.

To keep pace with these Two Great Bankrupt Stocks we have marked down the following:

100 pairs of those $4.00 French Kid Shoes, opera and common sense last, going at

$2.25

100 pairs of Ladies' French Kid Cloth Tops, common sense last, all sizes; regular price $4 50, will be sold at

$2.49

A job lot of Ladies' Dongola Patent Tip Button Shoes; regular price $3.00, will sell them at

$1.19

Big bargains in Misses, Children's and Boys' Shoes.

High Grade Rubbers at 19c

DRESS GOODS!

Lot 1—S. Corbett & Son's stock, 60 pieces 24-inch Bartholdi plaid suiting flannel, finished and neat styles. Their prices, 10c

Our Price, 3 3-4c per yd

Lot 2—S. Corbett & Son's stock, 40 pieces 24-inch wool filling, Jacquardt suiting, in tans and grays. Their price, 12½c.

Our Price, 6c per yd

Lot 3—S. Corbett & Sons' stock, 30 pieces 24-inch imported silk striped serge suiting in dark grounds, with bright fancy stripes. Their price, 25c.

Our Price, 12c per yd

Lot 4—S. Corbett & Son's stock, 15 pieces 40-inch English serge, side-band suiting, in greens, blues and black, with white granated sideband. Their price, 45c.

Our Price, 20c per yd

Lot 5—S. Corbett & Son's stock; 10 pieces 44-inch all-wool filling, English Henrietta Cloth Suiting in brown, wine, garnet, bronze-green and tan. Their price, 50c.

Our Price, 25c per yd

Lot 6—S. Corbett & Son's stock; 12 pieces 36-inch, all-wool Dress Weight Plaid Flannel Suiting in medium dark colors. Their price, 65c.

Our Price, 35c per yd

Lot 7—S. Corbett & Son's stock; 14 pieces 40-inch, all-wool French Camelette Serge, two toned striped suiting, in mahogany, brown and wine. Their price, 90c.

Our Price, 44c per yd

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Some of the wonderful bargains from S. CORBETT & SON'S stock. Note them well.

Lot No. 8, 9, 10 and 11—Two-toned Striped Silk Velvets and Plushes. Their price $1.50

Our Price, 39c per Yard

Lot No. 12—Black and Colored Silk-finished Velveteens. Their price, 65c.

Our Price, 19c per Yard

Lot No. 13—Black Silk-finished Velveteens, best quality. Their price, $1.

Our Price, 29c per Yard

Lot No. 14—Plain Colored China Silks. Their price, 75c. Our Price, 39c per Yard

Lot No. 15—Imported Colored Surah Silks, 22 inches wide. Their price, 90c.

Our Price, 50c per Yard

Lot No. 16—Colored Silk Plushes, all shades. Their price, 80c. Our Price, 49c per Yard

ALSO

100 pieces of New, elegant figured China Silks, from importer's sale, at the wonderful price of

39c per Yard

Our Store Will Be Closed Until 9 O'Clock Friday Morning.

FRANK BROS., Broadway & Washington Av

WANT THE CALL STOPPED

MOVEMENT ON 'CHANGE TO ABOLISH THE CALL ON FUTURES.

A Petition to Be Presented to the Board of Directors Asking for the Abolition of the Future Call—Many Pronounce It a Clog Upon Business—Reasons for the Change.

FOR many months there have been frequent expressions on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange favoring the abolition of the daily call on futures. These expressions of opinions, however, were not followed by any action, and the matter was allowed to die out. But since the election of a new Board of Directors it has again been taken up, and the probabilities are that ere long a petition will be presented to the Board of Directors, asking that the call on futures be abolished.

THIS MOVEMENT

has its origin among the grain men, but has friends in all departments. Those who favor the abolition of the call board on futures say that instead of an assistance to trade, it acts as a very decided impediment. In former time, when trading was far lighter than it is now, and when the element of time was less important, the future call was of great use, but under present conditions it is a hindrance rather than a help. This is largely due to the number of orders received from other cities that must be executed instantly. A large proportion are what is known as "spreads" and must be filled within five or ten minutes. If a wheat commission merchat receives one of these it may be that oats or corn are being called, and he can get no opportunity of exacting his commission until the time during which it is good has expired.

AN ANTIQUATED SYSTEM.

St. Louis has, it is said, lost a great deal of trade by reason of the time occupied by the call, as it is in progress at the very time that orders are received in the greatest numbers. Were the trading in futures confined to the pit the great majority of the orders that now have to remain unfilled could be executed. It is argued that the system of a call on futures is antiquated, having been abandoned by nearly every other large grain market in the country. Not only is it thought that future trading will be benefited by an alteration, but those desirous of buying cash wheat will also transact their business much more easily, as buyer and seller will be brought together at once, and the search for cash wheat on the floor, which is now so common an occurrence, will no longer be necessary.

THERE IS NO INTENTION

to abolish the call board, as all recognize the necessity of its existence, but the desire of those who are agitating the matter is to confine the call to cash wheat exclusively, and have all trading in futures done in the pit. In other lines of trade, such as corn, barley and provisions, no movement to do away with the future call has yet taken shape, but the present agitation is only concerned with wheat. Those who are in favor of retaining the present system state that it is working very well and that the inconveniences cited amount to nothing. The whole matter will probably be presented to the Board of Directors at an early date.

SILK UMBRELLAS, 1,200 of the finest to be closed out at very, very low prices at

MERMOD & JACCARD'S,

Cor. Broadway and Locust.

Indiana White Caps.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 23.—Last week White Caps visited the home of Edgar Elliott at Gwynnville, this county, intending to run him and his wife away. The Elliotts were not at home and the mob destroyed the contents of their house. Next night they tried to catch him at the house of a neighbor, but were thwarted. Elliott, however, has left the place. Officers yesterday arrested thirteen men, mostly young men of prominent families, on suspicion of being the White Caps. They are Charles Fleming and Daniel Ball, Ben, Ernest, David, Richard and Caleb Wilcox; W. F. and George Holbrook, Wm. Sleeth, Tighlman Eaton and Charles and Edward Pasten. They all gave bond for appearance at trial next Saturday. No cause for attack on Mr. Elliott has been made known.

"DON'T FORGET TO REMEMBER"

The slaughter prices advertised by the retail merchants in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

Paducah's Danger.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 23.—The United States engineers report that at Paducah the point has been washed away by the combined currents of the Ohio and Tennessee rivers until the two streams are separated by a narrow strip of land, not more than ten feet in width, which will possibly disappear when the water recedes as caving banks always follow a falling river. It is also reported that unless something be done at once, the Ohio will be turned into the Tennessee, thus leaving the town of Paducah on an island.

"A Word to the Wise

Is sufficient." The dry goods merchants advertise their wonderful bargains in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Two Good Trades in La Union—Other Stocks, Quotations, Etc.

The Mining Exchange market to-day was without special feature and rather dull. The sales were: American, 100 at $1.25; Gold King, 100 at 10; La Union, 5,000 at 3½, 5,000 at 3 and 500 at 5; Montrose, 500 at 4¼; West Granite, 400 at 8¼; Aztec, 100 at 9½; Mickey Breen, 300 at 80. Granite Mountain was bid $47.75, asked $48.50. The La Union sales occasioned considerable talk as to washing, and were greeted with cries of "Chinese Laundry" and "Denver Exchange," but the indications were that they were legitimate.

* * *

The following were the quotations on the morning call:

	BID.	ASK.		BID.	ASK.
Adams	27⅞	32½	Little Gnt	.....	.....
American	1 25	1 30	M. Murph	.....	.....
Arizona	.....	.....	Maj. Budd	20	21¼
Aztec	.....	.....	Mex. Imp	11½	20
Bi-Met.	.....	.....	Montrose	.....	.....
Black Oak	.....	.....	Mnt. Key	57½	60
Bremen	.....	.....	Mnt. Lion	.....	.....
Buckskin	.....	.....	M. Breen	78¾	81¼
Cnt Silver	16¼	17½	Neath	5½	.....
Cleveland	.....	.....	Old Colny	.....	.....
Clr & Anh	30	37½	Old Jesuit	.....	.....
Cœur d'A	85	.....	P. Murphy	3½	4½
Dinero	.....	5	Pedro Con	1	1½
Eclipse	.....	.....	Philips	8	8½
Gldn Era	.....	.....	Pine Grve	½	1
Gldn West	15	25	Q. of W	5	10
Gld King	10	10½	Raspberry	6	8½
Gold Run	.....	.....	Rosalie	.....	.....
Granite M	.....	48 50	S. Frisco	½	1
Hope	.....	.....	San Pedro	.....	.....
I. X. L	3½	5	S. Hopes	80	.....
Ingram	.....	.....	Silver Age	1 12½	1 25
Ironclad	.....	.....	Silver Bell	.....	.....
Ivanhoe	.....	.....	Tourtelte	7	9
Jumbo	½	1	W. Granite	80	81¼
Keystone	2½	.....	W. Patch	10	.....
La Union	4	5	Yuma	41¼	43½

Several stocks showed a small advance.

* * *

The question is frequently asked as to what possible value there is in the Neath stock. If it has any it cannot be ascertained. The affairs of this company show just about how much attention holders of stock, and even holders of notes, pay to their interests. The company borrowed money and gave its notes, among others to Al Singer. He held a note for $1,500, on which he brought suit, got judgment and had the property sold. No one noticed it, and he bought it in for the notes and costs, about $2,000. He now owns the property, and has a watchman in charge of it. With it is a mill which he could sell for $3,000 or $4,000. Had the stockholders or the other holders of notes looked after their interests they might have had something now to represent the stock. Still it is being called daily and bids made for it with offerings slightly above.

* * *

The Granite Mountain's semi-weekly shipment yesterday was twenty-three bars, 3,450 ounces of silver and 79 ounces of gold.

* * *

There may yet be some hope for Golden Era and Rena. L. Freund, a man of considerable wealth, and one of the characters on the street, always driving down in his baker's wagon, has determined to own both of them, and is buying up the bonds with that idea. He has always had a great deal of faith in Golden Era, which produced $60,000 net and has a lot of $40 on the dump, and believes that with proper management it will make a big property. Yesterday he purchased two lots of the company's bonds, at $20 and $25, and now has about half of the issue of $30,000. These bonds were placed at $100 and sold up to $103. The stock sold as high as $1.37½. He has also got about half of the Rena bonds. The amount of these is $17,500, but only $16,000 were issued. His faith in the Golden Era is increased now by the fact that reduction works are being erected near the mine, which will make it possible to get the low grade ores to market.

* * *

There is a very strong demand for investment securities now, and a scarcity of county and other bonds. St. Joseph has just sold $115,000 school bonds, 5 per cents, 5-20s, and the brokers were all after them, as the issue will make quite an addition to trading facilities. The bidding for them was sharp, and L. A. Coquard finally secured them on a very close basis.

* * *

The trust certificates market this morning was as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Close.
Chicago Gas	47⅛	47⅜	46⅞	47
Cotton, new	27⅜	28¼	27¼	28⅛
Lead	20⅝	21⅜	20½	21⅜
Sugar	56⅛	56⅛	55⅜	55⅜

"Go Farther and Fare

Worse." If you look for better bargains than those advertised in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH you'll "get left."

North St. Louis.

The erection of the woodwork of the left span of the Merchants' Bridge has been completed.

A ladies' aid society of the S. of V. G. A. R., is being organized in North St. Louis.

Mr. Bent Wetzel of Fire Company No. 8, is confined to his bed with an attack of rheumatism. He has been laid up three weeks.

A lot of clothing was left at the Fourth District Police Station yesterday for the poor. They were given by Mrs. Wagoner of No. 1320 Warren street.

The Home Crescent Club, Twenty-second street and St. Louis avenue, have invited the public to inspect its new home Saturday night, February 11.

The two-story brick dwelling of Mr. Woods, No. 2803 Madison street, was damaged this morning by fire to the extent of $500, as the result of a defective flue. The house was fully insured in the Laclede Mutual Insurance Co.

Murderer Schieber Recaptured.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 23.—The German murderer, Michael Schieber, who escaped from a Minneapolis detective from a Central train at Corfu yesterday, was captured a few miles from the place where he jumped last evening. He was not injured and had in his possession a revolver of German make. He was at a farm house warming himself by the fire when recaptured.

ANOTHER BOSTON BLAZE.

Five Men Injured at the Burning of a Four-Story Building.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—The four-story brick building, Nos. 65 to 101 Bristol street, owned by the heirs of Wm. F. Paul was gutted by fire at an early hour this morning. Loss estimated at $100,000. The occupants were J. F. Paul & Co., saw-mill and inside furnishings; Cole & Woodbury, piano manufacturers; George M. Gould & Co., church organ builders; Henry G. Hogan, sash and stair builders; Wm. H. Boardman, stair builders; Boston Sewing Co. (machines); Johnson Bros., fancy goods. There were about 150 carpenters employed in the buildings all of whom lost their tools valued at $15,000 in the aggregate. The fire was not without its serious accidents. Five men were badly injured by falling through from the roof to the fourth floor.

Erwin Bowman was pinned down by a piece of shafting for over an hour and narrowly escaped drowning in the deluge of water poured down upon the building before his companions traced him. The others, Capt. Smith, Lieut. James Dean, Wm. J. Killion and Albert Lasker were taken out considerably bruised but not seriously hurt.

Paul & Co. are the heaviest losers. The building is assessed for $70,000 and is damaged $25,000 to $30,000; their loss on stock will reach $15,000, the whole insurance, $30,000. Other estimated losses are: Wm. Boardman, $3,000; George M. Guild, $5,000; Johnson & Company, $7,000; Hogan, $3,000; Boston Sewing Machine Co., on machinery, $3,000; Cole & Woodbury, $10,000, and W. Whiteman, water coolers, $5,000, all having more or less insurance.

The fire originated in the boiler room from some unknown cause and when discovered was already beyond the control of the watchman who saw it.

Nashville's Big Fire.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 23.—There was a bad fire last night that started in the wholesale notion house of L. Cohen & Co, and spread to the Nashville Saddlery Co. and the wholesale dry goods store of Anderson, Green & Co. Electric wires prevented the fire department from working well until the fire had gained headway. Cohen's stock was worth $15,000 to $20,000, the saddlery stock $25,000 to $30,000 and the dry goods stock at $70,000. Anderson, Green & Co. had $50,000 insurance.

Barely Escaped With Their Lives.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Io., Jan. 23.—The home of Ernest Everett burned Tuesday night. The family barely escaped with their lives, and with no other protection than their night clothes, walked to the house of the nearest neighbor, half a mile away. The thermometer registered 20 degs. below zero and all were badly frozen.

Thirteen Houses Burned.

WESTFIELD, Va., Jan. 23.—Hardy's Mills, at North Troy, were burned Monday night, with a large quantity of lumber and an engine belonging to Miller & Brown of this town, and nearly all of thirteen houses in the little settlement around the mill. Loss not known here.

DIAMONDS, MERMOD & JACCARD'S the finest. Cor. Broadway and Locust.

Instantly Killed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 23.—Yesterday morning about 11 o'clock Enos Russell and Franklin Davis, two farmers living four miles southwest of this city, became involved in a quarrel over the rental of a farm, when Davis, becoming frantic with rage, drew his revolver and fired at his antagonist, Russell, the ball taking effect in the forehead, causing instant death. Davis then fled from the scene of the tragedy and has not yet been captured by the authorities. The deceased was about 28 years old and leaves a wife and two children.

The Eads Concert.

The Committee of the Liederkranz and Engineers' Club, held a joint meeting to-day to discuss the various features of the Eads monument enterprise. It was resolved to have the concert as early as possible, and it will probably be in the latter part of March.

The proposition to arrange for some additional attraction, probably of an allegorical nature, was referred to the Engineers' Committee. The price of admission and tickets was discussed and the prevailing sentiment seems to be popular prices.

Store Robbed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 23.—The store of J. F. Wilson was entered by burglars last night and the safe blown open with powder and its contents, consisting of a small sum of money and valuable papers, carried away. The thieves also broke into Henry Piel's store, but were frightened away just as they were about to crack the safe. Piel fired upon them and chased them some distance.

Petitioned for Consolidation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Jan. 23.—The Far West and Olive Lodges of the I. O. O. F., which have for a long time had a prosperous but separate existence here, yesterday petitioned the Grand Lodge of Missouri for a consolidation. This will make one of the largest lodges, if petition be granted, in the State.

Shot by Deputy Marshals.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Jan. 23.—Jim July, alias Jim Starr, husband of the notorious Belle Starr, was shot at Ardmore, I. T., last night, by deputy marshals. Starr was out on bond from the United States Court for horse stealing and jumped his bond. The report says he is fatally wounded.

THE MERCILESS WHEELS.

Two Little Girls Run Over and Instantly Killed by a Railway Train.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 23.—A passenger train on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad ran down two little girls named Walker at Verner Station, Pa., last night, killing one and probably fatally injuring the other. The children were aged 9 and 10 years respectively. They were walking on the track and failed to notice the approaching train.

A Mill Boiler Explodes.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—A dispatch from Columbus, Kan., says: The boiler in the flouring mills at Hallowell exploded yesterday, mortally wounding Albert Faris, the proprietor, and Maybury, the engineer. Newberry, the fireman, was badly hurt. The mill was demolished. The cause of the explosion is thought to be the bad condition of the boiler, which was old and defective.

Mangled by a Freight Train.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SANDOVAL, Ill., Jan. 23.—Mordica Hunt, a section hand on the Illinois Central Railway, north of this place, was run over by the southbound freight Wednesday night and terribly mangled. Both legs will have to be amputated and even then little hopes of recovery are entertained.

A Miner Crushed to Death.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JOPLIN, Mo., Jan. 23.—Loring Stinnett, a mine owner, was fatally injured Wednesday afternoon by the fall of a boulder upon him from the top of a drift on the Oswego land. He died last night. He leaves a wife and two children.

They Disregarded Orders.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JONESBORO, Ark., Jan. 23.—Two freight trains collided on the Cotton Belt route at 11 o'clock last night at a point between this place and Paragould. Both engines were considerably smashed up though no one was injured. All trains were delayed several hours in consequence. The collision was the result of reckless disregard of orders by the employes.

A Brakeman Killed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DANVILLE, Ill., Jan. 23.—John Pettit, a freight brakeman on the O., I. & W. was killed Wednesday night at Ogden, Ill., while switching.

YOU WILL MAKE MONEY

By reading the advertisements of our merchants in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH providing you get down town early to-morrow morning.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning	$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20
Sunday edition, by mail, per year	2 00

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POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive street.

POSTAGE.

Entered at the Post-office, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.

DOMESTIC.	Per Copy.
Eight to sixteen pages	1 Cent
Eighteen to thirty-two pages	2 Cents
FOREIGN.	
Daily	1 Cent
Sunday Post-Dispatch	3 Cents

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	285
Business Office	284

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.

A BROKEN STATUTE.

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"Any person who shall sell or expose to sale, or cause to be sold or exposed to sale, or shall keep on hand for the purpose of sale, or shall advertise or cause to be advertised for sale, OR WHO SHALL PRINT OR PUBLISH SUCH ADVERTISEMENT, or shall aid or assist or be in any wise concerned in the sale or exposure to sale of any lottery ticket or tickets, or any share or part of any lottery ticket in any lottery or device in the nature of a lottery, within this State or elsewhere, and any person who shall advertise or cause to be advertised, the drawing of any scheme in any lottery, OR SHALL PRINT OR PUBLISH SUCH ADVERTISEMENT, and shall be convicted thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall, for each and every such offense, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding $1,000.—[Revised Statues of 1889. Sec. 3833 of Art. 8, Chap. 47.

TWELVE PAGES

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1890.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"The Great Metropolis."
OLYMPIC—E. H. Sothern.
PEOPLE'S—"Wild Oats."
POPE'S—"Two Old Cronies."
STANDARD—"The Waifs of New York."

BLUE

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Fair, preceded by showers in southeast portion; northwesterly winds; generally colder.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Clearing weather; colder.

THE market reports of the POST-DISPATCH are "shaking things up" in the country.

AN ex-Governor guilty of false swearing is in almost as advantageous a position with reference to the law as a St. Louis gambler or lottery agent.

THE POST-DISPATCH is doing effective work in making St. Louis news and St. Louis doings and St. Louis interests known in districts not previously reached by any St. Louis newspaper.

ARE we to understand from the indulgence shown to ex-Gov. CRITTENDEN that we have one law for high-toned lawbreakers and another law for just plain every-day offenders?

IF the Frankel case should be put to a vote of the people of St. Louis there wouldn't be a ballot in favor of the brutal father. But an indignation meeting on his account could be secured in a brief space of time.

THE best move in the interests of St. Louis which has been made is that of the local merchants in sending out market reports in the greatest afternoon daily in the country. It is proving a master stroke for St. Louis and her markets.

IN answer to numerous inquiries we beg to say that we expect to receive the WORLD Almanac for 1890 early next week, and will have it on hand and for sale at our counter, offering the public what is really a splendid little encyclopædia for 25 cents.

WITH the freedom of the city is tendered the freedom of the POST-DISPATCH to the Missouri editors now in St. Louis. As co-workers in the great modern engine of progress they are welcome to all that the POST-DISPATCH can give in the way of courtesy.

A DRUGGIST of Leavenworth, Kan., states that he sold 200 flasks of whisky in one day, and that fifty pints a day is a moderate business. Prohibition abolishes the saloon but multiplies the saloon-keeper; in fact, every man becomes his own saloon-keeper under it.

TWENTY-THREE craps players, arrested while violating the law, were discharged in the Second District Police Court, although one of the players testified against them. Evidence sufficient to convict gamblers is not recognized in the city courts under the present administration of injustice.

THE free use of Forest Park tendered by the city for the World's Fair means that a beautiful, ample, improved site is secured by St. Louis without the expenditure of a cent. Chicago has no site which can compare with this one, and New York cannot get a site at all suitable without paying millions for it.

WILL BRICE SUE THOMAS?

BRICE'S apologists and defenders of the boodle route to the Senate have too hastily assumed that the nest-hiding in his case would be as effective in suppressing proofs of technical bribery as it was in the Payne case. They have loudly demanded that specifications of technical bribery should be preferred against BRICE or that all aspersion of his election should cease. In response to this demand, the New York WORLD has produced the following rather specific statement from JOHN H. THOMAS, the Springfield (O.) millionaire, whowas Mr. BRICE'S competitor in the bidding for the Senatorship:

"Yes, sir, it is true that M. T. EGGERMAN, Representative from Hardin County, received money from me, and then by an offer from BRICE deserted my standard, showing himself to be a man totally destitute of honor and manhood. I gave Mr. EGGERMAN over $6,000 for what work he might do for me. Until the final clash of arms he stayed by me. Then by a promise from BRICE of more money, he left me and the matter ended by his voting for BRICE."

Mr. THOMAS further stated that there are fifteen other Representatives who did practically the same act. As soon as he is able, Mr. THOMAS will furnish a complete report of the selling-out, giving names and other interesting information.

This is a statement by a pecuniarily responsible man that he had bought the support of M. T. EGGERMAN, a member of the Legislature, and paid $6,000 for it, but failed to get it because BRICE paid more money for it. Can they ask for a charge more responsibly or more specifically made than this? And Mr. THOMAS promises to name fifteen more members of the caucus who first sold their votes to him and then resold them to BRICE for more money.

THE hanging of Secretary PROCTOR'S effigy at Aberdeen, Miss., on account of his refusal to lower the War Department flag on the death of ex-Secretary JEFFERSON DAVIS, was the act of a single individual named HENRY J. FRANZ. The people disapproved of the act and were so indignant that they hunted FRANZ down, and kicked and cuffed him as they dragged him to the Court-house, where he was fined $50 for his disorderly conduct. But because some people in the crowd thought he had been abused too much, and raised money enough to pay his fine and buy the poor man a much needed suit of coarse clothes, Senator CHANDLER proposes to investigate the maltreatment of FRANZ and to prove that the abuse of him was a mere "buncombe" show of indignation and that the purse raised for him was the true expression of popular feeling. What a mousing owl this Senator CHANDLER is!

THE synopsis which the New York WORLD published of the Samoan treaty two weeks before it was signed, eight months ago, is now fully verified by the copy published in another New York paper. As the WORLD has charged all along it involves us in an entangling alliance with two European powers to set up and maintain a monarchic Government in Samoa and to maintain a joint protectorate over that country which leaves its people only the mocking semblance of autonomy. It binds us to do in Samoa what our government refused to do with reference to the Congo State, and has hitherto steadily refused to do anywhere. It utterly disregards the warning of WASHINGTON'S Farewell Address against "entangling alliances" with European powers.

THE 126 members of the House who voted for a bill providing that the Treasury should pay again the salaries already paid to SILCOTT for them, had all of them signed receipts for the same and authorized SILCOTT to collect the money for them. They had no more moral right to order a second payment of their salaries than to ask the Treasury to make good their losses at poker or through other indiscretions. A Republican paper, the Washington *Post*, says that the vote on this Silcott bill stamps it as a Republican party measure, in spite of all declarations to the contrary. It says that Republicans gave 94 of the 126 votes in favor of the bill, while the Democrats gave 100 of the 142 votes against it.

THE letters from the customers of Messrs. E. C. KRUSE & Co. commendatory of the POST-DISPATCH market reports, published by us yesterday, came from seven different States—Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, Kentucky, Tennessee and Indiana. What better evidence could there be of the extent of St. Louis territory and of the value to the city of its market reports being sent out in connection with an enterprising newspaper which gives the best kind of testimony in favor of St. Louis?

THE Democratic Committee of Maine is probing into the popular view of the Prohibition law. Certain questions have been put in a circular letter to prominent Democrats in different parts of the State relating to the repeal of the law and the sentiment in favor of high license and local option. There is an excellent prospect that the people of Maine will be given an opportunity to express their opinions with regard to the success or failure of prohibition.

THE work of securing a safe Republican majority in the House has commenced. The Elections Committee has decided to report in favor of unseating JACKSON, Democratic Representative from West Virginia, and of seating SMITH, Republican, in his place. This decision was reached by a strict party vote and it will doubtless be sustained in the House by a strict party vote. There are sixteen other contests to be decided in the same way.

IT is charged by Millionaire THOMAS, Col. BRICE'S competitor for the Ohio Senatorship, that the latter bought certain Democratic members of the Legislature who were pledged to vote for him. But Mr. THOMAS admits that he had furnished money to elect the members referred to. No one will waste any sympathy upon Mr. THOMAS, but his testimony as to Col. BRICE'S methods is none the less valuable.

Helping St. Louis Business.

HUNTER BROS.,
46 Republican Building,
Shipping—Flour, Grain, Feed—Commission. St. Louis, Jan. 23, 1890.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—We appreciate what you are doing to help St. Louis business. Herewith please find a list of our correspondents. Kindly send them the POST-DISPATCH daily. Yours truly, HUNTER BROS.

THE NEW DEPARTURE.

What Is Thought of It in an Enterprising Interior Town.

From the Tipton Times.

Messrs. Annan, Burg & Co., one of the leading commission firms of St. Louis, have informed some of their customers in this city that instead of the usual price current they will in the future send them the daily POST-DISPATCH containing full market reports. This is a piece of enterprise that ought to commend this firm to the favor of business men. Of course a daily paper costs a great deal more than the little circular ordinarily sent out, but it will also result in immense advantage to St. Louis and be the means of bringing a great deal of business to that city. Such unselfish liberality on the part of these gentlemen shows them to be broad-gauged business men of such character as it must be a pleasure to deal with. The example of this firm could be followed with profit by business men of other places, and this applies to Tipton as well as any other place.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Going Back on Itself.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The St. Louis *Republic* has on several recent occasions, and to some length in the issue of January 21, taken occasion to protest editorially that there is no "race war" in Upper Alton. It charges "a number of ignorant editors in various parts of the country" with "writing about what they call a 'race war.'" Now, while it is true that there is no "race war" in Upper Alton, the *Republic* is largely responsible for the fact that "ignorant editors" are saying so, as the first account published by other than local papers, appeared in the *Republic*, and was headed in full-face type, "Race War at Alton, Ill.," or words to that effect, and the article itself conveyed that impression. It is certainly right and proper for the *Republic* to use every effort to correct this impression, but it need not go abroad to find "ignorant editors" who have disseminated this erroneous report. Respectfully, A CITIZEN OF UPPER ALTON.
Upper Alton, Ill., Jan. 22.

Another Fake.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

While you are showing up the fakes of the *Republic* do not omit the following, which appeared in last Sunday's paper:

"There is a horrible story about our young men going the rounds of English fashion papers to the effect that 'young men in the States are in the habit of "fixing up" their complexions.' 'They only do it in the evenings,' *Truth* goes on to tell, 'when they are going out to entertainments.' A description of a 'society young man's' toilet table is then follows. 'The powder box was oxidized silver and crystal, and the powder was lily white. Beside it lay a little box of rouge. The sponge wherewith to apply the latter had a silver handle to match the silver-backed mirror and brushes. A young man of this artistic, if artificially-minded society, was married a few weeks ago, and his trousseau cost as much as his bride's. He had six dozen of one garment, in two colors, pink and blue China silk, laced with gold cord, and the embroidery was exquisite. His braces were of colors to suit his other wear, and they were embroidered with gold and silver, and his corsets, too, were varied and costly. There is a breezy virility about the whole subject that commends it to one's attention,' winds up the English correspondent, and to clinch the probability of the story, Vanity Fair can add that just such a wardrobe is in preparation for a young groom-elect who is to be married very soon."

I remember reading this in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH about two months ago, when it was original and new and good. Yours truly, SOCIETY.
St. Louis, Jan. 23, 1890.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CONSTANT READER.—The institution you mention does not appear in the directory.

C.—The graduation exercises of the Normal School took place to-day. Flowers were prohibited.

PRESUMPTION.—The Bank of the Republic will open about February 10. The officers have not yet been chosen.

SUBSCRIBER.—John W. O'Connell is the Chairman of the Building Committee of the St. Louis School Board.

J. R. D.—London is by far the largest city in the world. The size of the Chinese cities has been much exaggerated.

BROADWAY SUBSCRIBER.—The area of Texas is 262,290 square miles; that of the German Empire, 208,427 square miles.

W. L. WATKINS.—Eggs, crackers, and raw apples as a diet for dyspepsia are not unhealthy if indulged in with moderation.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. In all cases the gentleman should be introduced to the lady. 2. Where several gentlemen are walking together and a lady bows to one of them, all should lift their hats.

CONSTANT READER.—1. An 18-karat gold ring has alloy in it, but is about as fine as rings are usually made, 22-karat gold being too soft. 2. All gold coins contain a certain amount of alloy to impart hardness.

TWO READERS.—1. It is not customary for the groom to wear gloves at an evening wedding. 2. In case the bride has a stepfather his name should appear on the cards of invitation. 3. If the wedding is celebrated at a public hall it is not necessary to give the bride's residence.

Even if He's a Minister Watch Him.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

A man will trust his friend with his family happiness, his honor, life itself, but when he sits down to a game of poker with that same friend he'll watch him—well, if you've ever played poker you know all about it; if you haven't it isn't necessary that you should.

Jingoism for Votes Alone.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Senator Turpie of Indiana, in his speech yesterday, very broadly intimated that the administration is cravenly waiting for John Bull to take the lead in the matter of recognizing the new Republic of Brazil. And this is the administration that came in on the Murchison letter.

Just Like the Man Who Fell in Love.

From Munsey's Weekly.

Man on the bank: "Didn't you see that danger sign?"

Boy: "Yes, but I didn't know it was meant for me till I got there."

On the Rock-Pile.

From Life.

Contributor: "How much ought I to get for that poem?"

Editor: "You ought to get about fifteen years."

No. Just Laziness.

From the Burlington Free Press.

Wednesday is said to be the luckiest day in the week to get married on. We suppose that is why it is generally written Wed.

ON A FALSE OATH

The Charter of the Midland Accident Insurance Co. Was Issued,

And Now Ex-Gov. Thos. T. Crittenden Is Scheming to Reorganize the Rotten Concern.

The Law Provides That the Punishment for Filing False Affidavits With the Insurance Commissioner in Order to Obtain a License, Shall Be a Fine of $1,000 and Imprisonment in the County Jail for Not Less Than Two Months or in the Penitentiary for Not More Than Five Years—The Affidavits Filed by Gov. Crittenden and James S. Warden Said Not to Have Truly Presented Facts.

It will be rather strange if the collapse of fraudulent Midland Insurance Co. does not result in the commencement of criminal prosecutions against its officers by the authorities in Kansas City, where the company was organized. The law is plain. Under the statutes ex-Gov. Crittenden, the president, and all the other officers of the company who made affidavit to it solvency are answerable. It has been shown clearly through the investigation of the Insurance Department that the representations made by the affidavits of ex-Gov. Crittenden and others as to the company's paid up capital stock were absolutely false. Not over half the required amount of capital stock if that much, was actually paid up and deposited in bank as is required.

THE FACTS OF THE CASE.

The law says that at least $100,000 must have been subscribed and paid in as capital before any insurance company can obtain a license to do business in the State. In case any company shall obtain a license through false representations of its officers, punishment is provided for those making the false affidavits. This punishment is not more than five years in the penitentiary nor less than two years in the county jail and a fine not exceeding $1,000. The license to the Midland Co. was issued to Supt. Carr on the certificates as to the capital stock filed with him by Gov. Crittenden, the company's President, and James S. Warden, a director, and the cashier of the bank in which the money was alleged to have been deposited. These affidavits were unquestionably false. In them the makers asserted that the company's capital of $125,000 was its bona fide property. This was untrue. Not half the capital stock had been subscribed for and paid in. For $35,000 worth of it simply notes had been given and deposited in Warden's bank. Here is Gov. Crittenden's affidavit:

CRITTENDEN'S SWORN STATEMENT.

State of Missouri, Jackson County, Kanaas City, ss. Thomas T. Crittenden, President, and C. D. McCoy, Secretary, being duly sworn depose and say that they are respectively the above described officers of the Midland Accident Insurance Co. of Kansas City, Mo., and that the money amounting to the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000) exhibited this day to Alfred Carr, Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Missouri, is the bona fide property of the said company free and clear of any liens or claims thereon whatever.

THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN, President.
C. D. MCCOY, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day or February, 1889.

HENRY HUSTON CRITTENDEN, Notary Public.

It is clear that the ex-Governor has sworn to what he knew to be false or what he did not know to be true. Warden, however, it is claimed, cannot enter the plea of ignorance, because he accepted as capital stock of the company $35,000 in notes. Notes are not property.

The instituting of prosecution against the officers of the company for violating the law, does not rest with the Insurance Commissioner Ellerbe. He has nothing to do with it. The responsibility rests on the authorities of Jackson County. Superintendent Ellerbe's duty in the premises ends with compelling the company to settle its indebtedness and preventing it by law from continuing in business. He has already revoked its license and will see that a settlement with the policy holders is effected. He sent his attorneys up to Kansas City again last evening for that purpose. When the policy holders are paid, and all indebtedness of the company paid Supt. Ellerbe's authority ceases. If any further action is to be taken it must be done by the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson County or the Grand-jury. It is said that the matter will be brought up before the Grand-jury.

The Insurance Commissioner and his attorneys who have conducted the investigation of the company's affairs, admit that there is no question but that the affidavits filed by Gov. Crittenden, the Midland Company's president, and James S. Warden, one of the directors, did not truly present facts; that they were misleading to the department, and that the law was violated by them. These, then, being the facts, here is the law covering the case:

THE LAW.

SEC. 5932. Examination of Companies.—The Superintendent of the Insurance Department shall have power to inquire into all violations of insurance laws of the State, and may at any time examine the financial condition, affairs and management of any insurance company incorporated by or doing business in this State, and inquire into and investigate the business of insurance transacted in this State, and may require any company, its officers, agents, employes or attorneys, or other persons, to produce, and may examine, all its assets, contracts, books and papers; may compel the attendance before him, and may examine, under oath, its directors, officers, agents, employes, solicitors, attorneys, or any other person, in reference to its condition, affairs, management or business, or any matter relating thereto; may administer oaths or affirmations, and shall have power to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses, and to require and compel the production of records, books, papers, contracts or other documents by attachment if necessary; and shall have the right to punish for contempt, by fine or imprisonment, or both, any person failing or refusing to obey any such summons or order of said Superintendent. The said Superintendent may make and conduct such examination in person, or he may appoint one or more persons to make and conduct the same for him. If made by another than the superintendent in person, the person thereunto duly appointed by said Superintendent shall have the same powers as above granted to the Superintendent; and a certificate of appointment under the official seal of said Superintendent shall be sufficient authority and evidence thereof for the person or persons to act. For the purpose of making such examinations, or having the same made, the Superintendent may employ the necessary clerical, actuarial and other assistance. Any person testifying falsely in reference to any matter material to said investigation, examination or inquiry shall be deemed guilty of perjury. And in addition to the punishment for contempt in refusing to attend or to answer, or to produce books and papers, any person who shall refuse to give superintendent full and truthful information, and answer in writing to any inquiry or question made in writing by said superintendent, in regard to the business of insurance carried on by such person, or to appear and testify under oath before such superintendent in regard to the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $500, or imprisonment not exceeding three months; and any director, officer, manager, agent or employe of any insurance company, or any other person, who shall make any false certificate, or entry, or memorandum, upon any of the books or papers of any insurance company, or upon any statement or exhibit offered, filed, or offered to be filed, in the Insurance Department of this state, or used in the course of any examination, inquiry or investigation, with intent to deceive the Superintendent of the Insurance Department, or any person employed or appointed by him to make any examination, inquiry or investigation, shall, upon conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding $1,000, and by imprisonment for not less than two months in the county or city jail, nor more than five years in the Penitentiary.

HOW THE LICENSE WAS OBTAINED.

Mr. Alfred Carr, ex-Insurance Commissioner, under whose administration the license to the Midland was issued, was very much surprised when he read of the cancellation of the license in the POST-DISPATCH. He was seen this morning and asked as to the issuance of the license, and particularly on what grounds it was issued.

"The license," he said, "was issued regularly under the law. I had no option whatever. The law requires a certain capital and a certain deposit, as the company may be of a life or fire character. The Commissioner acts on affidavits presented by the officers of the company. In this case I had affidavits from Gov. Crittenden and the Secretary of the company, as already published in the POST-DISPATCH, and one from the cashier of the bank that the money, $100,000, was on deposit there. I presume that in making the affidavit Gov. Crittenden accepted as fact the statement made to him by those engaged in the active management of the company."

Mr. Carr could not say what punishment there might be for making a false affidavit in such cases. As to anything else, the cancellation of the license and the winding up of the company's affairs would dispose of it. The only thing was that the company's capital stock was not paid up, as stated in the affidavit, and that its capital on deposit, of $100,000, if it ever had it, had been impaired. Discovering this, Commissioner Ellerbe had very properly taken prompt action.

WILL ENJOIN THE COMPANY.

How Lucas and Finney Avenue Property-Holders Will Fight the Lindell Railway.

A meeting of property-holders and residents along the proposed route of the Lindell Electric Railway was held last evening at O'Brien & Cullinane's livery stables on Vandeventer avenue to protest against the construction of the road.

It was decided to fight the laying of a double track on Finney and Lucas avenues and the overhead wire system, there being no objection to an underground electric system. Committees were appointed to secure the signatures of the property holders of both streets to a remonstrance to be sent to the House of Delegates. The members of the committees met to-day and drew up the following circular, which will be mailed to all property holders on Lucas avenue and Finney avenue along the proposed route:

To the Residents of the West End:

The time is at hand when you are called upon to defend your rights. A bill is now before our local legislature granting a franchise to the Lindell Railway Co. to construct and operate a double track road on Lucas, Grand and Finney avenues, with electricity as the motive power, and operated by overhead wires, which are at all times dangerous to life and property.

We call on you as an interested party to attend a mass meeting to be held on Saturday, the 25th inst., at 8 p. m., at the office of the stables, corner of Vandeventer avenue and Windsor place, for the purpose of adopting such measures as to insure the defeat of this bill.

The committee appointed at the last meeting is prepared to report a plan of action to the property owners which assures success.

Don't fail to be present on this occasion, as there is no time to be lost.

A list of the members of the House of Delegates is herewith inclosed. We earnestly urge you to call and see any of those whom you may know and request their co-operation in the defeat of this bill.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE OF THE WEST END.

A list of the members of the House of Delegates is printed in the circular. At the meeting to be held Saturday evening it is anticipated there will be a recommendation that suits be filed to enjoin the company from tearing up the streets to lay its tracks.

THE CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS' HOME.

The Management of Affairs Taansferred to the State Organization.

This morning at 11 o'clock a meeting of the Confederate Benevolent Association of St. Louis was held at the Laclede Hotel. The object of the meeting was to take steps for securing funds for a home for the crippled Confederate soldiers of Missouri. The matter has been under discussion for some time, and it was determined that it would be best to interest the ex-Confederates of the entire State in the movement, and remove the local feature of the organization. The meeting was called to order by T. J. Portis, President of the St. Louis association, and all the officers intrusted with the task of raising funds for an ex-Confederate soldiers' home handed in their resignations. These were made in favor of the officers of the State ex-Confederate Association. It was voted that the home should be located outside of the city of St. Louis, and that a committee be appointed to take charge of the funds and devise means for raising more. This committee is to consist of James Bannerman, President of the State Association; W. P. Barlow, Secretary, and one member from each Congressional district. Contributions will be requested not only from Confederates, but also from all who are charitably disposed. There are several thousand crippled veterans in the State, and the necessity for a home is very great.

The following officers were elected: James Bannerman, President; Harvey Salmon of Clinton, Vice-President; H. A. Ricketts of Mexico, Mo., Treasurer; A. A. Lesueur of Jefferson City, Secretary, and W. P. Barlow, Assistant Secretary.

PREPARED FOR ANOTHER TERM.

Patrick Condon, Recently Released From a Penitentiary, Shoots Jas. Dundon.

Patrick Condon, who only three months ago was released from Joliet (Ill.) penitentiary after serving a ten-year term for murder, last night shot his brother-in-law, James Dundon, a laborer employed in the city Sewer Department. The shooting occurred in the home of the latter, 115 South Fourteenth street. Dundon's explanation of the shooting is this: Condon's mother lives in the rear of Dundon's home and there Condon has been staying since his release from the Penitentiary. He has visited his sister, Mrs. Dundon, several times, but this displeased Dundon, who told him he must not come there. Last night about 8 o'clock Condon tried to enter the Dundon house and was ordered out. Later he made a second attempt to enter and Dundon, picking up an old sword, ordered him away. Then Condon fired. The ball entered Dundon's right chest and ranged down to the abdomen.

After treatment at the City Dispensary Dundon was sent home. He is dangerously hurt. Condon was arrested and identified by the wounded man. He was locked up at the Four Courts.

Vapor Stove Companies Consolidate.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 23.—Arrangements were completed at Chicago last Wednesday for the consolidation of all the leading vapor stove manufactories in the country. The capital stock will be $2,000,000 and the originator of the plan, Hon. D. A. Dangler of this city, says that enough money will be saved in running expenses alone to pay a 10 per cent dividend. The combination will be known as the United Vapor Stove Co. The following corporations will be in the pool: Dangler Stove & Manufacturing Co., Schneider & Trump Co., Standard Lighting Co., National Vapor Stove & Manufacturing Co., Lyman Vapor Stove Co., Aurora Vapor Stove Co., Consolidated Vapor Stove Co. of Cleveland, Adams & Westlake Manufacturing Co. and the George M. Clark Co. of Chicago, Quickmeal Vapor Stove Co. and Twin-Burner Vapor Co. of St. Louis.

Liebig Company's Extract of Meat.

Have you tried a cup of Beef Tea?

Five Men Escape From Jail.

SANDOVAL, Ill., Jan. 23.—A complete jail delivery occurred at Salem, Marion County, seven miles east of here, last night about 11 o'clock, in which all the prisoners, five in number, made good their escape by digging a hole through the concrete flooring in the corridor, to which they had been given access for the evening. Up to 11 o'clock this morning none of the number have been captured. They are, however, in close pursuit of the bulk of the gang west of here.

A MOB IN A CEMETERY.

Furious Poles Unearth Two Dead Bodies and Throw Them Out of the Graveyard.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 23.—Plymouth was in a wild state of excitement last evening. Yesterday morning two Lithuanian children were buried in the Polish cemetery, and in the afternoon a mob of furious Poles, headed by Martin Wilkes and armed with shotguns, tore open the graves, dragged out the coffins, drove their picks and drills through them and threw the bodies over the fence out of the cemetery.

When Martin Wilkes was sent to jail Tuesday by Alderman Roody in default of $25,000 bail, with several others active among the law-defying Polish faction, it was believed there would be no further violence. Wilkes, however, obtained a writ of habeas corpus yesterday morning, on which he was given a hearing before Judge Woodward. The bail was reduced to $1,000, which was promptly furnished, and Wilkes was set at liberty. He left the Court-house and then declared he would disinter the bodies and throw them out of the cemetery.

W. H. Hines, who is the lawyer for the Lithuanian faction, obtained an injunction from the Court, restraining Wilkes from interfering with the bodies, and served it on him before he left the city to return to Plymouth. He did not get down to Plymouth until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, but as soon as he arrived he collected a mob of the Polish faction. By his directions all who had arms got them, and nearly every one in the crowd had a pistol, shot-gun or rifle.

They started about 4 o'clock for the Polish Cemetery, which is in the lower end of town. The gates had been broken open by the Lithuanians in the morning, when the children were buried. When the Poles reached the cemetery it was deserted. They instantly went to work to disinter the bodies. They had brought along picks and shovels. In a few minutes they had thrown out the freshly laid earth and exposed the two coffins. It is stated that in their rage they drove their picks through the coffins and the bodies they held.

The coffins were then dragged out of the open graves, carried to the fence and thrown over it into the public highway, where they were left lying while the Poles marched off.

As soon as news of this outrage came to the ears of the Lithuanians, they sent a committee to this city to wait upon Mr. Hines and see what could be done.

The two bodies were horribly mutilated by picks used in breaking open the coffins. Three other coffins were taken out of the graves, but the bodies were not disturbed. When armed Lithuanians arrived on the scene, the Poles fled. There is talk of lynching. Thousands of people were in the cemetery. The Lithuanians gathered up the mutilated bodies and reinterred them.

THE MAHER BROTHERS.

A Transaction in Eggs Gets Them Into Trouble.

Through a queer combination of circumstances a couple of bad brothers are again in the clutches of the law. These are Jim and Tom Maher, both well known to the police.

About 6 o'clock on the evening of the 21st inst. two men drove to the commission store of Steffen & Barutio, No. 6 North Main street, and loaded into their wagon two cases of eggs that were on the sidewalk. As they were driving away they were discovered by the colored porter, who ran out and gave chase. After going about two blocks the thieves became frightened. Jumping from the wagon, they deserted the outfit and took to their heels. Both escaped. The porter took the horse, wagon and eggs to the Chestnut Street Station and reported the occurrence to the Sergeant in charge.

About an hour afterwards two men, giving the names of Maher and McKenna, appeared at the station and claimed the horse and wagon. They said the rig had been taken from Biddle street by some unknown parties. Both were locked up on suspicion. The next morning the porter was called, but failed to identify either of the men as the egg-thief. The police were ready to turn both prisoners loose, when it was learned that there was an old case of petit larceny pending against Maher in the Court of Criminal Correction. McKenna was released. Maher was given a trial on the petit larceny charge yesterday morning, found guilty and sentenced to serve six months in the Workhouse.

About 11 o'clock on the same morning, even while Jim Maher was being tried in the Court of Criminal Correction, another man, giving the name of Tom Maher and saying that he was a brother of Jim, called on Capt. Young in the Central District Station and asked that the horse and wagon be turned over to him. Capt. Young told him the rig was at the Chestnut Street Station and told him to go down and get it. As soon as he left the Captain telephoned Chestnut street and had the colored porter at the station when Maher arrived. He was at once recognized by the porter as one of the men who stole the eggs. Maher was locked up. This morning a warrant charging him with attempted petit larceny was sworn out.

Jim Maher, who was sent to the Work-house yesterday afternoon, is said to be the man concerned with Cunningham in the terrible assault on an insane woman in Carondelet several years ago. Both men were hucksters. Maher turned State's evidence. Cunningham was convicted and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. He appealed the verdict and fought the case to the Supreme Court of the State. About three months ago the verdict was affirmed, and Cunningham, who was out on bond, was rearrested and taken to Jefferson City to serve his time.

TROUBLE IN THE INDIAN NATION.

An Outbreak Likely to Occur Between Rival Factions.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says: Advices from the Chickasaw Nation, Indian Territory, represent that the bad blood between the native Chickasaws and white adopted citizens may lead to an outbreak. The ill feeling grew out of the result of the election in August, 1888, when Wm. Guy and Wm. L. Bird were rival candidates for the Governorship. The former was warmly supported by all the white men who, through intermarriage with the Chickasaws, had become members of the tribe, and was elected on the face of the returns. Bird contested and the matter was referred to the Interior Depastment at Washington, and decided in his favor. The Guy party elected a majority of the Legislature, but through a decision of the Supreme Court of the Nation the white voters were declared ineligible and the Legislature confirmed the decision by passing a bill of disfranchisement.

As the question stands, no white man can vote or hold office in the Chickasaw Nation. Wm. Guy, head of the Progressive party, is one of the most advanced Chickasaw leaders. It is his counsel alone, it is claimed, that has prevented bloodshed thus far. The feeling, however, is becoming so intense that a war of factions may be precipitated at any moment.

"Penny Wise and Pound Foolish." To-morrow will be the greatest day of the week for saving. Read the remnant ads in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH and profit thereby.

Broke Out of Prison.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—Harry McCracken, son of the leading merchant of Pleasant Hill, this county, and Philip M. Janes, son of a rich and prominent citizen of that section, have escaped from the town jail at Lexington, in which they were lodged upon a charge of highway robbery and possible murder. Wolf Simmonds, a Chicago peddler of notions, on Monday, while driving his wagon on a public road near Pleasant Hill, was beset by two young men, who beat him nearly to death and robbed him of $800 and a watch and then escaped on Simmonds' horses. On coming to his senses Simmonds struggled on foot to Lexington, where he gave a description of the men, resulting in their arrest. Simmonds' wounds are very serious and may result in death.

Ghastly Scene in a Suicide's Room.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 23.—Gottlieb Mutzer, a civil engineer of No. 218 Elfth avenue, this city, committed suicide at about 9 o'clock this morning during a fit of temporary insanity produced by la grippe. Mutzer's body presented a ghastly spectacle. The man first made an attempt to kill himself with a razor, but failed. A hour later and while a physician was present, he sprang from the bed, seized a table knife and hacked open the wound which had been dressed. A Mrs. Schuessler, who was present, attempted to disarm the crazy man and a terrible struggle ensued.

Dr. Lee was also in the room, but failed to render any assistance to the woman. The floor of the room in which the tragedy occurred resembled that of a slaughter-house.

Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Henry Bush, formerly a fireman on the Northern Pacific road, was awarded $40,000 damages against the company for injuries received while in the service of theroad. The award is one of the largest on record.

CARTHAGE, Ill., Jan. 23.—A young man arrested in Augusta, charged with forgery, jumped from the train while being brought to this city yesterday. He escaped.

CHAMPAIGN, Jan. 23.—S. C. Petitt, a brakeman on the Ohio, Indiana & Western, walked off a train yesterday and was killed.

PEORIA, Jan. 23.—St. Paul's Episcopal Church at this place, a large frame building, was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at between $15,000 and $20,000.

We Know Very Little

About dry goods. We deal in events. But our wives tell us that Friday is a great bargain day. Read the advertisements in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

Dr. Lorimer Declines.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—A letter has just been received from the Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer by Deacon Wentworth, of the committee appointed by the Warren Avenue Baptist Church which recently visited Chicago and extended him a call to the pastorate. The doctor's reply at that time was that he could not then consider that or any other call. Now he writes positively declining the invitation. He has carefully considered it, he says, but feels that the importance and the magnitude of his present work in Chicago make it his imperative duty to remain there and continue in it.

Shot Himself in the Head.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 23.—John Jarchow, aged 40, living at 506 Colerain avenue, committed suicide at 9 o'clock this morning by shooting himself in the head. For a week or more he has been complaining of pains over the eyes. He was formerly a member of the firm of Peppenbrook & Jarchow, dealers in furnishing goods. Two years ago Jarchow suddenly disappeared, having had trouble with his partner. He left for Europe, living in his native city, Hamburg, until about six months ago, when he unexpectedly returned. He left a widow but no children.

To Be Cremated.

Coroner Frank held an inquest this morning in the case of one James P. Kingsley. The deceased was a resident of Belvidere, Thayer County, Neb., a physician by profession and died of paralysis on January 18, at his home. He expressed a wish that his body be cremated. In accordance with this request, his brother-in-law, Mr. Wm. M. Orth, had the remains shipped to St. Louis. On the way down he lost the burial certificate issued by the attending physician and was compelled to go before Coroner Frank. New certificates were issued and the body will be cremated in the Missouri Crematory some time to-morrow.

Three of a Kind.

Mr. Wm. Jungerman, as driver, and two companions, had a remarkable experience last evening. They were in a buggy, driving from the Five-Mile House, on the Olive street road, when the horse became frightened and ran away, colliding with a lamp-post. The men were thrown out and the buggy smashed to pieces. Jungerman held to the lines for a distance of two squares, when the horse was stopped. The three men gathered themselves up and began to think of broken bones, at least, but on comparing notes found that they had all escaped without injury.

Threatened Coal Famine.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A special from Ft. Dodge, Io., says: Northern Iowa is threatened with an immediate coal famine, and if the present cold weather continues great suffering is sure to result. The Ft. Dodge and Lehigh coal fields are the principal source of fuel supply for this region. At present more than half the miners are laid up with la grippe. The others are working night and day, but cannot supply the demand. Special trains are run to the mines to meet urgent demands, but dealers announce that half of

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

BASEMENT

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

Heavy re-enforcement of Bargains for this Week.
Sale of Richardson Sons' & Owden's
FINE DAMASK CLOTHS AND NAPKINS,
At Prices LESS than the cost of importation.

10 Pieces German Cream Damask,
splendid quality, 62 inches wide,
AT 59 CENTS PER YARD;
reduced from 75c.

18 Pieces German Cream Damask,
70 inches wide,
AT 69 CENTS PER YARD;
reduced from 85c.

Bleached Damask Fringed Cloths,
3 yards long, fine quality
and handsome patterns,
AT $2.45 EACH;
an unprecedented price
for a cloth of this size.

Bleached Damask Fringed Cloths,
1¼ yards square,
suitable for small lunch tables
or card tables
AT $1.00 EACH;
reduced from $1.75.

Hemstitched Damask Cloths,
1¼ yards square,
AT $2.25 EACH;
reduced from $3.00.

Hemstitched Damask
or Plain Linen Sideboard Scarfs,
2 yards long,
some have wide row of open work all around,
AT $1.98 EACH;
reduced from $2.75 and $3.50.

Linen Sideboard Scarfs,
2 yards long, with knotted fringe ends,
4 wide rows of drawn work running across,
AT $1.19 EACH;
$2.50 was the price.

96 Fringed Damask Scarfs,
nearly 2 yards long,
AT 83 CENTS EACH;
worth about double.

10 Dozen
Bleached Damask Fringed Carving Cloths,
extra large size,
AT 40 CENTS EACH;
were 75c.

Extra Heavy All-Linen Glass Toweling,
AT 12½ CENTS;
reduced from 15c, and the best goods
in the market for the money.

A Lot Of
DAMASK TOWELS
with knotted fringe
and various colored borders,
AT 15, 17 AND 19 CENTS EACH,
will be worthy the attention of
bargain seekers.

Our Sale Of
HUCK TOWELS.
AT 12½, 15 AND 20 CENTS
has attracted the attention
of the keenest buyers.

We shall continue the sale of them this week.

WILL OFFER SEVERAL
GREAT JOB BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.
At much less than the goods cost to make.
All our
Fine Imported Combination Dress Patterns,
REDUCED ABOUT ONE-HALF FORMER PRICE.

ANOTHER WEEK OF BARGAINS
IN
CHOICE FOOTWEAR!

Brandt's Prices

Are cut with an eye to the speedy disposal of surplus stock. Values or former prices not considered.

Ladies' French Kid Hand-Sewed Welt Button Boots (including all styles), sizes 1 to 3½, all widths,
REDUCED from $6 to $3.50 and $4
Ladies' Imperial Kid and Straight Grain Goat Hand Sewed Welt Button Boots, sizes 1 to 4½, all widths,
REDUCED from $5 to $3.50 and $3
Imperial and French Kid, hand sewed, turn Button Boots, in all widths and styles, sizes only 1 to 4,
REDUCED from $5 to $3.50 and $3
Dongola Hand Sewed Turn Button Boots, two styles, all widths, sizes only 1 to 3½.....REDUCED from $4 to $2.75
French Cloth Top Button Boots, Dongola Vamp, all widths and regular sizes.....REDUCED from $3 to $2.25
Bright Dongola Button Boots, all styles and regular sizes.....REDUCED from $2.50 to $1.75
Straight Grain Goat Button Boots, all widths and regular sizes.....REDUCED from $3 to $2.00

See our Bargains in Ladies' Low Shoes and Slippers.
See our Bargains in Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

J. G. BRANDT, Broadway and Lucas Av.

☛Open every Saturday Night until 10:30.

DR. CAMPBELL & SONS,
1002 OLIVE ST.

We make a specialty of keeping up with the latest improvements in crown work, filling and making artificial teeth. Extracting by the freezing process or gas.
Look for the Name.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

	Cleaning.		Dyeing.
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00
Vests	50	Vests	1 00

W. SURBLED,
6 N. 6th st., bet. Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.
Orders by express promptly attended to.

Paris Exposition, 1889:
3 Grand Prizes—5 Gold Medals.
MENIER CHOCOLATE
PUREST, HEALTHIEST, BEST.
Ask for Yellow Wrapper.
For Sale Everywhere.
BRANCH HOUSE, UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

No Friend Like THE ONLY McNICHOL.

IN ALL SEASONS THE BEST.

With what repinings—with what regret
Now the poor exile sees his estate
Out in the cold, the storm and the wet.
Good resolutions on coming too late—
What would he give for rest neath a dome,
Broad enough, high enough to shelter his all?
Oh, yes, and what would he give for a home?
Wishes, alas! are beyond his recall.

But look at the brood, jolly brother, to-day
Who takes by the forelock the time and the hour.
His wisdom is tried; he knoweth his way;
No precept of iron holds him in its power.
Better to kindle the tiniest blaze,
Keeping it alight through hours of dark,
Than to stumble on through devious ways
With never a home-cheering ray or spark.

Waste no longer moments precious.
Strike just now; the iron is hot.
Talk no logic, foolish, specious.
Cast in all your life and lot.
Never fooled Mac saint or sinner.
Help he gives to all who ask.
Easy for a new beginner;
Making home is not a task.

Only learn to keep your treasures
Close together—children, wife—
Bound by bonds of love, all pleasures,
All that's dear to you in life.
Then you'll raise home more truly,
Learn to seek to do, to plan.
Every day do joys come newly
To a calm, contented man.

What can content a man more than to know that he is making a home for wife or children? Let whatever chance befall his home is there, and it takes little to keep it with McNichol's plan, the easiest banking system ever known. Begin with the new year and put by each week for home.

(Trade Mark) The Only McNichol,
1015, 1022 and 1024 Market St.

P. S.—A great lot of beautiful things to sell, away below prices everywhere. Clearance for the year of furniture, curtains, carpets, portieres, pictures, hassocks. Everything for housekeeping the lowest.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

La Grippe, Influenza,
CURED WITHIN 48 HOURS BY TAKING
LALLEMAND'S SPECIFIC.

$1 per bottle, and delivered to any part of the United States. Address J. H. BLOOD, St. Louis, Mo.

F. W. DROSTEN,
619 Olive Street,
THREE DOORS WEST OF BAR R'S
Has a Large Stock of
DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
And invites all those contemplating purchasing to compare quality, styles and prices.

WM. F. CROW & CO.,
Broadway and St. Charles St.,
Will Offer To-Day, Thursday
And To-Morrow, Friday, and on Saturday
The Following Splendid Bargains:

100 short ends of Fine Black French Dress Goods, picked out during our annual stock taking and marked down to less than cost of manufacturing.
125 short ends, 7 to 10 Yards, of Colored Dress Goods also picked out during our annual stock taking and marked down fully 20 per cent on old prices.
1 lot of short ends of Colored Silk Velvets and Plushes from 1 to 4 yards each and marked down to two-thirds their value.
1 lot Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Balbriggan Vests, natural, gray and white, reduced from 50c to 35c each.
1 lot Saxony Wool Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants, white, natural and scarlet, reduced from $1.25 to 95c each.
1 lot Children's Heavy Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, full regular fast black, all sizes, reduced to 12½c a pair.
500 pair California and Missouri all-wool Bed Blankets, white, scarlet and gray, made expressly for us and sold at this late season at just manufactnrer's prices.
50 bales Sateen, Eiderdown and Calico Bed Comforters, made in the best manner from the best material. We prefer selling to carrying them over and will sell them for less than the cost of the calico and cotton batting.

☛*Ladies will please remember we are headquarters for above goods and when advertised are always on hand, and that you cannot purchase as good goods for the same money from any responsible dry goods house in St. Louis as you can from the Old and Reliable Dry Goods House of*

BROADWAY AND ST. CHARLES ST. **WM. F. CROW & CO.**

50% OFF ON GENTS' BOOTS.

Gents' French Calf Hand-Sewed Boots, were $10, now $5. Also, heavy reductions on entire stock:
Gents' Hand-Welt Bals, Button and Congress, were $6, now $4.
Gents' Goodyear Welt Bals, Button and Congress, were $5, now $3.50.
Boys' Calf Button, were $3, now $2.
Misses' Kid Spring Heel, were $3, now $2.
Ladies' Bright Dongola, patent leather tip, were $5, now $3.
Nothing held in reserve. Everything must be sold, as our lease expires March 1.

C. W. PARRISH,
Northwest Corner Seventh and Olive Streets.

PERMANENTLY CURED BY A NEW METHOD
CATARRH

By permission I refer to the following well-known persons in St. Louis, who have tried my treatment and recommend it:
W. H. Hill, Mgr. N. Y. Life Ins. Co., Odd Fellows Bldg.
Robt. L. Henry, Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
V. O. Saunders, Janis, Saunders & Co.
H. C. Townsend, Gen'l Pass'r. Agent Mo. Pacific Ry.
L. J. Fox, Goddard, Fox & Co.
W. S. Simpson, Christopher & Simpson, Arch. Iron Works.
Chas. Steinberg, 420 N. Broadway.
R. E. Stinde, Real Estate, 808 Chestnut street.
Geo. S. Tyler, Gen. Agt. Chicago, Alton & St. Louis R.R.
T. C. Hamilton, with R. Nugent & Bro.

Examination and Consultation Free.

The treatment is mild and agreeable, and based upon scientific principles. Catarrhal diseases are dependent upon some taint in the organism, and it is by eradicating it that I CURE CATARRH. Patients at a distance are treated as successfully as those who visit the office. Send address or call for valuable treatise on catarrh, with carefully prepared symptom blank, and testimonials and references.

2818 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DR. T. S. GREENE.

WINTER PERILS AT SEA.

THREE STORM-BATTERED OCEAN VESSELS ARRIVE AT HALIFAX.

Terrible Experience of the Steamer Sorrento—Several Ships Overdue, and Fears Entertained for Their Safety—Heavy Snowfall and Extreme Cold in the Northwest—Weather Reports From Various Points.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, Jan. 23.—The Sorrento from Hamburg for Newport, twenty-five days out; the Rhaetia from Hamburg for New York, fifteen days out, and the Egypt, from London to New York, twenty days out, arrived here last night badly battered. All three went through the terrific storm that has been raging at sea. Capt. Ferguson of the Sorrento, the worst-damaged ship of all, says that for the past twenty days her deck has been from six inches to six feet under water. Everything was swept away except the deck houses, funnel part of the bridge and steam windlass forward. The iron davits were twisted like ropes, and on January 11 the storm increased to a hurricane. Water went down the funnel and put out three of the fires. The stokers were frightened into a frenzy and wanted to kill their officers. The second officer was suspended on a line between the fore and mainmast in order to keep from being swept off the bridge. He was torn loose, dashed to the deck twenty feet below and sustained a compound fracture of the leg. The captain was swept fifty feet along the deck and stopped in the wreck of one of the boats. His hand was mashed to a pulp before he was rescued. When the fires went out and the steam went down the ship lay in the trough of the sea at the mercy of the waves. She listed heavily but sixty tons of cargo were thrown overboard and she righted again. Volunteers were called for to set the stay sail, but it was torn loose from its iron fastenings so soon as it was hoisted. Canvas was thrown against the rigging and the wind held it there, steadying the ship. Steam was made again and the Sorrento began anew the battle with the wind and waves.

The Rhaetia and Egypt struck the same gales. The Rhaetia had twenty-five cabin and 220 steerage passengers and there was a panic among the steerage passengers on January 11, which was calmed with difficulty. All three steamers sail for New York to-day.

The Dominion Line steamer Oregon, with Canadian mails and passengers, is five days overdue and there are fears for her.

The Grasbrook from Hamburg for this port arrived damaged, but not like the others.

Not a Johnston Line Steamer.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 23.—An erroneous report was circulated in London yesterday to the effect that one of the Johnston Line steamers had been sighted in distress by the Gallia. The Baltimore agents to-day received this dispatch:

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—To Patterson, Ramsay & Co., Baltimore—Liverpool office cables, report unfounded. Gallia sighted no disabled steamer. VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Agents Cunard Line.

Heavy Snowfall at Cisco.

TRUCKEE, Cal., Jan. 23.—The storm commenced again yesterday morning. The wind blew a gale all day. At Summit and Cisco the snowfall is reported the heaviest of any day since the storm began. It was snowing and blowing hard on the mountains last night. The snow plow train will be kept running all night from Summit to Tunnel to prevent the blocking of the road as much as possible.

Snow and Cold in the Northwest.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Dispatches from many points in Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois report that the mercury yesterday reached the lowest point so far this winter, ranging in different sections from 10 to 36 below zero, the latter temperature being recorded at Black River Falls, Wis., yesterday morning. Last evening the weather moderated and a heavy snow has fallen over a large area.

Fruit Damaged by the Cold.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BENTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—The coldest wave of the season has struck this section, freezing up everything. The fruit crop is badly damaged if not ruined, and it is feared if the cold weather continues without a fall of snow that the wheat crop, which a few weeks ago promised the largest yield in years, will also suffer.

At Cincinnati, O.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 23.—Snow fell here last night to the depth of two or three inches. The temperature is rising to-day with prospect of a thaw.

D. CRAWFORD & Co. have just made the purchase of the whole stock of a city merchant (a Frenchman with an unpronounceable name) at their own price, which will to-morrow morning be thrown into the great fire salvage mill at prices which will grind the whole stock out at the double quick. See the immense loads of fine staple goods every department represents, and oh! just see the prices at which these nice goods are being given away.

OHIO MINERS.

Proceedings of the Amalgamated Convention at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 23.—The joint convention of the Knights of Labor and progressive Union Miners convened this morning. Mr. Roe of the Knights of Labor was elected temporary president and John McBride of P. U., vice president, and the balance of the temporary officers were divided. The joint committee on order of business reported as follows:

That the agreement of consolidation be read as drafted by the officers of the Miners' Progressive Union and N. D. A. 135, Knights of Labor.

That the discussion of consolidation be opened by John McBride, to be followed by John B. Roe, and that they be limited to twenty minutes each; and that in the general discussion each speaker be limited to ten minutes, except when time is extended by general consent. No delegate shall speak twice until every other delegate who wishes to speak has been heard.

That no resolution on consolidation be considered as adopted unless it receives a three-fourths majority vote of each organization; and said vote shall be taken by calling the yeas and nays, and the Secretary shall call the roll for their respective organizations.

That after the result of each vote is announced any delegate may change his vote or a second ballot may be ordered.

A letter was received by N. D. A. 135 from Grand Master Workman Powderly, in which he says: "I see by the papers and am reliably informed by your officers that something grand is promised for the 23d, and by the way, as that happens on my birthday, I hope it will be celebrated by something being done for the permanent good of the miners of America."

The discussion was opened on the consolidation by John McBride, who strongly favored an open organization. Mr. Roe, on behalf of the Knights of Labor spoke at length in favor of one organization with two branches. There was such a wide difference of opinion that at 12:30 p. m. the convention adjourned to 3 o'clock to give the joint committee further time for work.

Do Your Thinking

To-night after you have carefully read the advertisements of the merchants in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

Gang of Thieves Captured.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—A special to the *Star* from St. Joseph, Mo., says: Last night the police succeeded in capturing a gang of thieves who have operated successfully in this city for several months. They also recovered stolen jewelry and other valuables to the amount of several thousand dollars. The gang was composed of seven members, two of whom were women, and they were located in a house on East Charles street.

Glover—Hammond.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BENTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—Rev. Carrol Glover of this city and Mrs. Julia Hammond were married at the residence of the latter, near Christopher, Ill., to-day. Mr. Glover is a retired divine of the primitive Baptist Church, and is well known.

Schelm—Lauck.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BRIGHTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—Miss Hettie Lauck and Mr. Willie Schelm were joined in the bonds of matrimony last evening at 7:30 o'clock at the Lutheran Church. A reception followed at the residence of the bride's parents.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

THE GOVERNMENT LIKELY TO FAIL IN ITS EFFORTS TO EXPEL THEM.

The London Scandals—The Earl of Galloway Again in Court—Unfounded Rumor About the Pope's Health—Five People Killed by an Explosion—Influenza in Mexico—General Foreign News.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The *Tagblatt* says that the Government will withdraw the socialist bill from the Reichstag if that body rejects the clause authorizing the Government to expel Socialists from the country.

The consideration of the Socialistic bill was continued in the Reichstag to-day. After much debate the House adopted the eleventh, thirteenth and twenty-second clauses of the measure. During the discussion, Herr Herrfurth, Minister of the Interior, declared that the clause providing for the declaration of a minor state of siege where and whenever the Government deems expedient was indispensable and urged its necessary. The period of the operation of the measure, he said, should not be restricted. Only a permanent measure would be efficacious.

These clauses above mentioned relate to the suppression of periodicals and associations and to appeals against decisions.

Herr Buhl said that the National Liberals were willing to vote for a permanent measure. They were convinced of the danger of the Social Democracy and were resolved to protect the State but they must oppose the expulsion clause.

The House ultimately rejected the expulsion clause and decided to make the measure permanent be a vote of 165 to 111.

England.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Earl of Galloway, who was acquitted last October of having assaulted a little girl named Gibson, was arrested in Glasgow yesterday on the charge of accosting and molesting a 16-year-old girl named Margaret Brown. It was alleged that the Earl persisted in following the girl, but that he only whispered to her once. He was admitted to bail in the sum of £10 for a hearing to-day, when he was arraigned before a magistrate, who dismissed the charge on the ground that the alleged offense was not proven.

FIVE PEOPLE KILLED.

An explosion occurred to-day in a colliery at Pontypool, near Newport. Five persons were killed.

THE CLEVELAND STREET SCANDAL.

The defense in the case of Newton, Taylorsen and Degalia charged with conspiracy to defeat justice in connection with the West End scandal, was opened to-day. Mr. Gill, who appeared for the accused, commented upon the police and Government for allowing Hammond, the proprietor of the Cleveland street house, to escape, and taking young scoundrels at night around to club-houses to whisper men's characters away and for offering Newton as a sacrifice to atone to the public for delay. The prisoners were committed for trial. They were subsequently admitted to bail in the sum of £100 each.

HIGH WINDS.

Heavy gales prevail in England to-day. At several places the wind has driven the water onto the land, causing floods.

ARRIVED FROM NEW YORK.

The steamer Germanic from New York, January 15, for Liverpool, arrived at Queenstown at 8:39 a. m. to-day.

The Reported Purchase of Silver Bullion.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Nothing has been published here in regard to the report that the Bank of England had recently been a heavy purchaser of silver bullion and was contemplating the issue of pound notes redeemable in silver as soon as the necessary authority could be obtained. Careful inquiry in financial circles has resulted in showing that few had heard of the report and they were incredulous as to its accuracy. The chief official authorities expressed the opinion that the report was wholly without foundation in fact. They asserted positively that the Bank of England had made no such purchase of bullion and was not buying silver now. Further than this they declared that purchases of silver were being made by London banks. With reference to the alleged intention of the Bank of England to issue pound notes, attention was drawn to the fact that neither the Bank of England nor any other bank in England could issue pound notes without special authority to that end by act of Parliament. It was considered doubtful whether so conservative an institution as the Bank of England would be making preparations for so radical a departure from its previous history before definite authority had been secured.

Italy.

ROME, Jan. 23.—The rumor widely current yesterday that the Pope had suddenly died proves to have been entirely unfounded. His health is admirable, and at the very time the rumor was gaining in strength in passing from mouth to mouth through the city His Holiness was giving a special audience to a number of prominent prelates.

Austria.

VIENNA, Jan. 23.—The *Tagblatt* says that the Emperor has given the royal sanction to the establishment of the Czech Academy of Science.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, Jan. 23.—The Board of Guardians of the Cork Work-house has been officially dissolved for violating the rules governing the board by adopting political resolutions.

Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 23, via Galveston.—The *Official Gazette* publishes the contract of the Government with Woodrow & Co., for a postal insurance company.

The influenza is increasing and developing into pleurisy. There are many deaths throughout the Republic.

Alexander McDonald of Cincinnati is here. The *Official Gazette* publishes a decree putting a heavy tax on Virginia tobacco. The tobacco crop in the State of Vera Cruz is nearly all lost this year.

A number of Chinese have reached Tampico from Cuba. Their destination is the United States.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE annual masquerade of the Paragon Club will be held next Saturday evening at Liederkranz Hall.

THE Sherman Cadets give their second grand ball at Uhrig's Cave, Jefferson and Washington avenues, this evening.

PHŒNIX LODGE, No. 406, A. O. U. W., will give their second anniversary ball at Natatorium Hall on Saturday, January 25.

THE Independent International Order of Owls will give their opening entertainment of the year at Masonic Hall on Saturday next.

BETWEEN 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a butt of Star tobacco was stolen from in front of the store of C. M. Schmidt, 117 North Second street.

SPARKS from the chimney set fire to the roof of the dwelling at 2914 Salem street, about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. An alarm was turned in from box 655.

A TUB of butter valued at $16 was stolen from the wagon of Hoffman Bros., 700 North Second street, while the vehicle was standing in front of 2001 Penrose street yesterday evening.

ENGINE COMPANY No. 10 answered a still alarm and extinguished a small blaze at the residence of W. C. Page, 2712 Locust street, about 10:30 o'clock this morning. The cause of the fire is not known.

A TWO-STORY brick building, No. 2803 Madison street, owned by Michael Woods, caught fire yesterday from a defective flue and was damaged to the extent of $500. It is fully insured in the Laclede Mutual.

H. O. MUSSMAN was buried yesterday in Calvary Cemetery from late residence, 1711 Market street. Missouri Lodge, Knights of Pythias, assisted by Ludwig, No. 71, Knights of Honor, attended the funeral. The ceremony at the house was conducted by Wm. Pelkins, D. D., G. C.

OFFICER CUSICK found a large roll of heavy belting in the possession of a fellow giving the name of George Gibbs yesterday morning. Gibbs failed to give a satisfactory explanation of how he came by the property and was placed under arrest. He will be held on suspicion. The belting is now at the Central District Police Station awaiting a claimant.

Fuel Gas.

W. B. Potter talked about fuel gas, processes of manufacture, cost, use, etc., to the Engineers' Club last night. He also spoke of the efforts to find natural gas in this vicinity and gave his reasons why the attempts must of necessity be unsuccessful.

Got Three Years.

INDIANOLA, Io., Jan. 23.—Potts, the noted Des Moines "Searcher," was to-day sentenced to three years in the penitentiary on the indictment for perjury growing out of his liquor seizures. Hamilton, his co-defendant, was acquitted.

Obituary.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Albert Paul Smith, manager of the Chicago Clearing-house, fell dead in a Cottage Grove avenue car last evening while on his way home from his office. Mr. Smith had been at the clearing-house in the Merchants' National Bank building during the day and was seemingly in good health. The car had reached Twenty-fourth street, when Mr. Smith suddenly fell from his seat into the aisle, where he lay unconscious. The train was stopped and medical aid summoned, but Mr. Smith was pronounced dead when the physician arrived. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

OSAGE MISSION, Kan., Jan. 23.—Mother Bridget, who for many years has been Mother Superior at St. Ann's Academy at this place, died at 7:30 this morning after a brief illness of a bronchial nature. She was one of the first pioneers of Kansas. Early in the spring of 1847 the Jesuit Fathers, J. J. Bax and John Schoemaker, established a mission among the Osage Indians at this place. Father Schoemaker in the fall again went East to interest a generous and fervent community of nuns in the education of the Osage girls. He failed at St. Louis, but met with success at Loretto, Ky.; several sisters came with him to St. Louis and on the 20th of September, 1847, they started to begin life among the Indians in the wilds of Kansas and on the 7th of October, 1847, after innumerable hardships the little band consisting of Father Schoemaker, Mother Concordia, Sister Bridget, the late Mother Bridget and two others arrived and were met by Father Bax and a few Indians. On the 10th the Sisters opened their school in a log-house that had been prepared by Father Bax. This more than forty years ago was founded the college of which she died Superior and the present pride of our city.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MEXICO, Mo., Jan. 23.—J. J. Gilmer, one of the oldest, best known and highly respected pioneers of this county, died this morning of pneumonia. He was 60 years old and had lived in Audrain forty-eight years. He was a native of Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 23.—Word was received from Mountain Home this morning of the death of Hughes Thompson, a prominent citizen of Baxter County.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 23.—Don von Elsner, brother of the prima donna, Maria Litta, and a musician of some note, died last night.

"A Word to the Wise

Is sufficient." The dry goods merchants advertise their wonderful bargains in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

DIED.

BUTLER—JOHN P. BUTLER, eldest son of Michael Butler, 2 p. m., Wednesday, January 22.

Funeral Saturday morning, 9:30, from residence on Manchester road near Manchester, St. Louis County.

Chicago papers please copy.

ROCKWELL—On January 21, at 7:30 p. m., JULIA ANNIE, dear beloved daughter of Daniel B. and Eliza Rockwell, and our dear sister, aged 25 years and 8 days.

Funeral from residence, 2328 South Tenth street, Friday, January 24, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

Bristol (R. I.) and New York papers please copy.

SANDERS—January 22, at 6 a. m., after a lingering illness, JAMES B. SANDERS, aged 21 years.

Funeral services from the residence of his mother, 717 North Jefferson avenue, on Friday, January 24, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

Perryville (Mo.) papers please copy.

SQUIRE—On January 22, SARAH J., daughter of W. H. H. and Anna Squire, aged 21 years 2 months and 11 days.

Funeral Friday, January 24, from family residence in Venice, Ill., to Calvary Cemetery.

WHITLOCK—On Wednesday, January 22, at 5:30 a. m., MARY J. WHITLOCK, nee Danagher, beloved wife of Wm. J. Whitlock, aged 24 years, 11 months and 15 days.

Funeral from family residence, 1018 North Ninth street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery, Friday, January 24, at 2 p. m.

Hearse, $8. Out of the Combination. Carriages $4.
CHAS. T. WHITNETT, Funeral Director.
Opposite Exposition. Residence, 2818 Locust st.

FLOWERS. FLORAL DESIGNS For Funerals, Wedding Bouquets, etc.
LINDELL FLOWER STORE
905 Washington Av. Telephone 1309

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
MONDAY, JANUARY 27.
THE BOSTONIANS
ONE WEEK ONLY.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Sale of Seats Opens Thursday, Jan. 23.

HOTELS.

THE TROPICAL,
Kissimmee, Florida.
R. H. Morris, Manager; late Hotel Kasterskill, Catskill Mountains, N. Y.

The Almeria,
Tampa, Florida.
For cuisine, service, comfort and pleasure, unsurpassed in South Florida. E. S. DOUGLASS, Prop.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Ice Cream and Lunch Parlors.
Ladies' Lunch a Specialty.
314 North Broadway,
Opposite Scruggs'.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
E. H. SOTHERN,
To-night and Friday Evening and Saturday Matinee,
LORD CHUMLEY.
Saturday Night, "by Request,"
THE HIGHEST BIDDER.
Monday, January 27.—THE BOSTONIANS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Every evening, and Saturday Matinee,
THE GREAT METROPOLIS.
A Story of New York City and of the Life-Savers of Sandy Hook.
Sunday, January 26—Jim, The Penman.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
To-Night, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, The Superb Comedy Success,
"WILD OATS,"
Presented by a Competent Company of Comedians and Vocalists.
Next Sunday—The Paymaster.

STANDARD.
To-night, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, The sparkling Soubrette,
MISS KATIE EMMETT,
In her great play, THE WAIFS OF NEW YORK.
Next week—Shook & Collier's great Military Drama, "The Blue and The Gray."

POPE'S—TO-NIGHT.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
The Trio of Fun-Makers—Wills, Henshaw and Ten Broeck—presenting
★2 OLD CRONIES★
Next Sunday—Primrose and West's Minstrels.

THE POST-DISPATCH

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501 ..... O. Sutter
BENTON ST.—2572 ..... A. H. Vordick
BROADWAY—2001 N ..... O. D'Amour
BROADWAY and ANGELICA ..... W. J. Kohrumel
BROADWAY—2613 S ..... E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S ..... F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7631 S ..... L. F. Waibel
CARR ST.—1328 ..... Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2201 ..... Crawley's Phar
CASS AV.—1000 ..... Cass Avenue Phar
CASS AV.—Cor. 23d ..... H. W. Strathmann
CHOUTEAU AV.—1801 ..... B. F. A. Spilker
CHOUTEAU AV.—2354 ..... C. Schaefer
CHOUTEAU AV.—2837 ..... W. E. Krueger
CLARK AV.—2136 ..... Chas. P. Ochsner
DODIER ST.—2248 ..... B. Vogt
EASTON AV.—3180 ..... F. C. Pauley
EASTON AV.—4161 ..... Fisher & Co
EASTON AV.—4973 ..... G. P. Mulhall
EAST GRAND AV.—1923 ..... T. T. Wurmb
ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N ..... T. T. Wurmb
FINNEY AV.—3837 ..... P. E. Piquet
FRANKLIN AV.—1600 ..... C. Kilpstein
GAMBLE ST.—2631 ..... A. Braun
GARRISON AV.—1016 ..... D. S. Littlefield
GRAND AV.—1400 N ..... F. Sohn & Co
GRAND AV.—1926 N ..... W. D. Temm
GRAVOIS—2946 ..... B. Jost
HICKORY ST.—800 ..... Ferd. W. Sennewald
JEFFERSON AV.—300 S ..... A. H. Schulte
LAFAYETTE AV.—1800 ..... Philip Kaut
LUCAS AV.—1700 ..... W. S. Fleming
LUCAS AV.—3341 ..... Charles C. May
LAFAYETTE AV.—2601 ..... Paul M. Nake
MARKET ST.—2031 ..... C. G. Penney
MARKET ST.—2846 ..... St. L. Phar
MENARD—1434 ..... G. Welnsberg
MICHIGAN AND IVORY AV. ..... Benno Bribach
MORGAN ST.—3930 ..... J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N ..... O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1600 ..... R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800 ..... J. M. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3000 ..... J. Guerdan & Co
OLIVE ST.—3201 ..... Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500 ..... Adam B. Roth
OLIVE ST.—3615 ..... W. R. Grant
PARK AV.—1937 ..... G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870 ..... A. P. Kaltwasser
ST. LOUIS AV. ..... Carey's Drug Store
TAYLOR AV.—1900 ..... G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1828 ..... Primm's Pharmacy
WASHINGTON AV.—2338 ..... T. S. Glenn
WASHINGTON AV.—2800 ..... J. Weiner
WASHINGTON AV.—3901 ..... Sultan's Pharmacy

SUBURBAN.

EAST ST. LOUIS ..... O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE, ILL ..... Geo. H. Stolberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast-mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—A small set of books to keep at night by bookkeeper employed during the day. Address S 45, this office. 36

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular. 36

Clerks and Salesman.

WANTED—A situation of any kind by a youth of 18; good penman, reliable; office work preferred. Address box 7, Hamel, Ill. 37

Coachmen.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Situation by coachman; understands the care of horses and carriages; No. 1 reference. Address L 45, this office. 39

WANTED—Situation by first-class coachman in private family; can furnish best city reference for past three years. Address O 45, this office. 39

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—By a young man a position in grocery; can give best of references. Address A 45, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—An Eastern firm of established reputation desires to employ an industrious man to sell goods by sample to stores and mills in Southern Illinois; must be a worker and have the ability to sell goods. Address M. & Co., Planters' House. 54

TRAVELING men can make a handsome commission in selling an article that will not interfere with line they are representing; in answer state line and house represented. Address C. E. K., 2745 Russell av., City. 54

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Barnes' Shorthand and Business College, Laclede building, 408 Olive st. Take elevator. Telephones, 413 and 1396.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic, shorthand, etc. Hayward's College, 618 and 620 Olive st. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—A first-class carriagesmith helper at Jos. J. Long's, 113 S. 11th st. 58

WANTED—Small press feeders to make ready; steady work; good pay. 913 Pine st. 58

WANTED—One expert wood-turner. Apply at once to National Pump Co., Mound City, Ill.

WANTED—Two non-union stonemasons at 7th and Mullanphy to-morrow morning; bring tools. Harry Damoth. 58

WANTED—An experienced man to run sewing machine. Degnan Maginnis Saddlery Co., 4th and St. Charles sts. 58

WANTED—Five first-class machinists at Globe Iron-works, Keokuk, Io. Apply to Wm. Andrews, Hotel Moser, 809 Pine st.

WANTED—Young man that has worked at advertising sign painting; call this evening at St. James Hotel. Inquire for Macklin. 58

WANTED—A young man, 16 years, to learn the confectionery trade; none but a good and honest young man may apply; must know how to handle horse. Address B 46, this office. 58

MASS-MEETING for eight hours will be held Friday, January 24, 8 p. m., corner 22d st. and Franklin av. All invited. Trades and Labor Union. 58

Waiters.

WANTED—Waiters at 501 N. 7th st. 57

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Six young men to sell books, etc., on salary. Room 1215 Poplar st.

WANTED—Strong young man to attend horses. 5352 Natural Bridge road. 62

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALES

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Experienced dressmaker wishes one or two engagements in families; terms, $1.50 per day; the best city reference. Address 2963 Market st. 46

Clerks and Saleswomen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Position as private secretary or correspondent by widow lady (22) highly educated and best of New York reference. Address K 44, this office 44

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by a young German widow with a boy 8 years old. Call or address 2308 Morgan st. 47

WANTED—Experienced German woman with boy 9 years old, wants a place as housekeeper. Call 116 N. 12th st. Mrs. Favera. 47

WANTED—A young, intelligent woman wishes a situation as working housekeeper for gent with children, or gent and lady. Address W 45, this office. 47

Nurses.

WANTED—By a lady position as nurse to lady or invalid or housekeeping in a home where there are children. 6157 Bramhar place. 50

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by young lady to do light housework and have a good home. Call at 1735 Lucas av., up-stairs. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Laundresses.

WANTED—Plain washing and ironing to take home or gents' washing and mending. Apply 2347 Wash st. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A good and honest German lady to work in confectionery and assist saleslady. Address A 46, this office. 43

Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—A lady teacher to live with family and teach four children; best references given and required; thorough scholar in literature, mathematics and music required; give age, experience, church relations, references and salary expected. Address M 32, this office. 78

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Hand and machine girls on pants. 2921 Lemp av. 69

WANTED—Good machine girls to sew on pants. 2819 Missouri av. 69

WANTED—A first-class dressmaker at 1501 Wash st. Call this evening between 6 and 8. 69

WANTED—First-class dressmaker; none other need apply. No. 1100 N. Leffingwell av. 69

WANTED—Six machine operators on shop vests; good pay; none but experienced hands need apply. 2024 Wash st. 69

WANTED—Two first-class flannel shirtmakers a fair prices; no charge for use of machine not power, at 304 N. 4th st., Premium Manufacturing Co.'s Shirt Department. 69

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 3013A Dickson st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1408 N. Jefferson av. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 224 E. Stein st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 2143 Geyer av. 66

WANTED—A German girl to do general housework at 109 S. 7th st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. Apply 2216 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. 2700 Locust st. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework; small family. 3145 Hell av. 66

WANTED—An active girl for general housework. Apply at 3317 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in a small family. 1224 St. Ange av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; will pay $14. 2011 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl about 16 years of age to assist in light housework. 1313 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; no washing or ironing. 3445 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; also a nurse girl. Apply at once 3512 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—An experienced white girl to do general housework; no washing. 3555 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; family of two. Apply at once at 2216 Hickory st. 6

WANTED—A good German girl to do housework. Call at 2731 Pine st., between 9 and 10 a. m. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply immediately at 1432 2d Carondelet av. 66

WANTED—A young girl for general housework in a small family. Apply at 4034 Peck st., near Kossuth av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; references required. 1819 Mississippi av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and cooking in family of 3. 3749 Evans av., 2 blocks west of Grand av.; Franklin av. cable. 66

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; small family; highest wages; German preferred. Apply 3149 Laclede av. 66

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; family small. 3721 Olive st. 68

WANTED—Female cook at once. St. Elmo Restaurant, 718 Pine st. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; must be good cook; good wages. 2831 Olive st. 68

WANTED—A good German girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply, with reference, 3217 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—A good cook for cooking and general housework, family small. Apply Friday morning, 3052 Locust st. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—A nurse: good girl 12 or 14 years old. 4179 Fairfax av. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Chambermaid at 620 Walnut st. 71

WANTED—This afternoon, woman to scrub. Call at 303 Market st. 71

WANTED—One man dishwasher. 510 Lucas av., Buck's Restaurant. 71

WANTED—A girl to work in the kitchen. Hotel Beers, Grand av. and Olive st. 71

WANTED—Respectable girl in American family; no washing. 1727 California av. 71

WANTED—Chambermaid; must wait on table. Hotel Noble, 1400 N. Broadway. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—25 canvassers; ladies or gentlemen; salary and expenses $100 per month to first-class salesmen; call at once. D. Bryant, 1300 Olive st. 73

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses, to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free. Standard Silver Ware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For stock of goods or city property, 50 to 60 bbl. roller mill; all new "case" machinery; 2 railroads; in splendid wheat country; cause for selling, failing health. Address Modoc Mills, Walnut Grove, Green Co., Mo. C. M. Wrightsman. 24

WANTED—To exchange 240-acre farm for general merchandise. Add. Box 554, El Dorado, Kan.

WANTED—To exchange board or furniture for choice Denver, Minneapolis or Kansas City lots; first cost allowed if in good repair. Room 18, 802 Pine st. 24

INFORMATION WANTED.

WANTED—Information—Mrs. Mary Ann Murphy: Please send your address by mail to your oldest brother, E. Healey, 1219 Clinton st., city.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Room with board for mother and daughter; must be moderate; answer stating price. Address F 45, this office. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—Desk room in office on 2d or 3d st., between Washington av. and Walnut st. Address T 45, this office. 21

WANTED—A nice widow lady and grown daughter would like three or four unfurnished rooms, western part of city; state terms; refs. ex.; answer immediately. Address M 45, this office. 21

MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—Good piano, $35; also parlor suit. 2423 S. 12th st., up-stairs. 27

DANCING.

SELECT Dancing School, 105 S. 15th st.; classes now open for beginners; competent lady teachers; round dances a specialty; terms reasonable. 76

R. M. ADAMS' Mardi-Gras ball at Armory Hall, 17th and Pine, Tuesday, February 18. 76

EDUCATIONAL.

BY experienced teacher, private lessons in shorthand and type-writing; terms reasonable. Address E 43, this office. 29

MISS EDGAR'S SCHOOL, 3542 Washington av., commences its second term Monday, January 27, 1890. A few more pupils can be accommodated. 29

PROFESSIONAL.

PILES, fistulæ, irritable ulcers, etc., a specialty. FRANCIS O. DRAKE, M. D., 1302 Olive st., St. Louis. 34

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Rich mining property; a wonderful development of gold, silver and lead. For particulars address Geo. Thompson, Buford, Ga. 2

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Letter for O 24 of October 2. 1

PERSONAL—K. P.: Please state where I can see you. Address R. 45, this office. Will. 1

PERSONAL—Mrs. Lyon's Institute. 1124 Pine st. Massages and baths of all kinds; new assistants. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

K 40—Frank Williams, private detective, can be seen at Hotel Hunt, 9th and Chestnut, at any time. 7 43

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. A communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1322 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. ARTHUR, ladies' physician and midwife; ladies can find help and board during confinement; terms reasonable; strictly confidential. 1324 N. 19th st. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies pending and during confinement; first-class accommodations at very reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. 74

ME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife, regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 119 S. 14th st. 74

ME. BARTHOLOMEW is having good success in giving massage treatment; she restores the entire system of persons that had no use of themselves; in all spinal troubles, rheumatism, paralyticism, kidney and liver troubles, and other particular troubles. Don't fail to give her a trial, and you will be pleased. It is done without medicine; can get the best of references. 402 N. 11th st. 74

COPER YARD—Steam carpet-cleaning; best and largest. Eagle Works, 21st and St. Charles sts.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust. Send for estimates.

2000 OVERCOATS of every description, suits, coats and vests, pants, hats, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, musical instruments, etc., biggest bargains in the city at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

ME. ANNA, the Fortune Teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851. 74

MRS. WUNDERLE, fortune-teller, 810 Wash st., tells past, present, future. Ladies, 50c; gents, $1.

ME. LEAHON tells past, present and future by a burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan.

MRS. ROS. Sabine IS THE FIRST AND ORIGINAL AS WELL AS THE GREATEST BUSINESS ADVISER AND SPIRITUAL HEALER.

By means of the spiritual power she possesses she has never failed in healing every disease which has come under her spiritual treatment.

Her advice and words have always insured prosperity to those following the counsel given.

In consequence of such amazing results it is but natural that she has gained a

FAME

Which has spread in the short period of a few years over the whole United States.

The newspapers have given her FREE RECOMMENDATIONS, her patrons sent her (unsolicited) TESTIMONIALS which are all contained in her illustrated circular, which is sent free to anybody on application. Mrs. Sabine calls the special attention of the public to the fact that it was she who first made and sold the

MAGIC BELT

In this city. The secret of its preparation was inherited by Mrs. Sabine, which fact is sufficient evidence that her Belt must be the only genuine one.

Belt and charms are all stamped with her signature as represented below:

1410 PINE ST. Mrs. Ros. Sabine

MRS. C. LUBY,

Renowned Fortune-Teller, truest business adviser and spiritual healer, unites lovers and friends who have been estranged; promotes speedy marriages; cures disease and gives luck in business and love affairs; disease healed spiritually; talismans and charms for luck and safety; manufactures Lucky Belt, which has shown such wonderful results; fortune telling. Ladies, $1; gents, $2. Hours from 8 a. m. till 8 p. m. Letters with stamp answered. 209 N. 14th st., between Olive and Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPTY

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates; no com. chd. 612 Chestnut.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 104 Olive st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities; on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th. 31

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000, on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE,
31 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?—If so, don't borrow before getting our rates, which are the very lowest on any sum from $10 up to $10,000.

We make loans on household goods, pianos, organs, horses, mules, wagons, warehouse receipts, etc., in any amount, at the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

Loans can be made for one to six months and you can pay a part at any time, reducing both principal and interest. If you owe a balance on your furniture or horses or have a loan on them we will take it up and carry it for you.

If you need money you will find it to your advantage to see us before borrowing.

This company is incorporated under the State law and is the only properly organized loan company in the city.

MISSOURI MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
31 Room 1, Second Floor, 619 Pine St.

$15, $25, $50, $100

to $1,000 loaned on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons without removal, weekly payments taken and costs reduced in proportion. This company is organized under the State law and loans money on long or short time at the lowest possible rates and to the most advantageous terms to the borrower. U. S. Loan Co., 720 Chestnut st., 2d floor, Room 5.

IF YOU WANT MONEY,
THEN CALL ON THE
German-American Loan Co.,
515 PINE ST., SECOND FLOOR,

Before calling elsewhere; they will loan you money—$25 to $5,000 on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, without removal. The amount borrowed can be returned in installments, and costs reduced in proportion.

This company has the facilities which no other firm has, because they have the largest capital and can afford to loan money at lower rates; no commissions; business confidential. F. W. Peters, Manager. Do you know the number? 515 Pine st., second floor.

Do You Want Money?

IF SO THEN CALL AT THE EAGLE LOAN CO., who loan from $15 to $1,000 on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without removing same from residence. Money loaned at very lowest rates without delay and strictly confidential; the amount borrowed can be returned in weekly payments if desired and cost reduced in proportion. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet payments we will pay it for you. Loans made to suit the borrower for long or short time. No commission charged. EAGLE LOAN CO.
O. C. VOELKER, Manager, 714 Pine st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.,

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

REMOVALS.

DRS. S. & D. DAVIESON

Have removed to 2233 Olive st. Office entrance 23d st. 33

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

1019 OLIVE ST.—Two first-class unfur. rooms, second floor; corner; entrance 11th st. 13

1022 S. 12TH ST.—Three rooms and kitchen, with water, gas, bath and laundry. 13

1111 GLASGOW AV.—Two pleasant fur. front rooms, second floor; every con. for housekeeping. 13

1118 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping or gents; also hall rooms.

1132½ WASHINGTON AV., 1310 Chestnut st.—Fine furnished rooms, 50c, 75c and $1 per night. 13

1310 CHESTNUT ST.—Fine fur. rooms, 50c, 75c and $1 per night. 13

1319 CHESTNUT ST.—Neatly furnished rooms for gents and light housekeeping, $1.50; $2.50 per week. 13

1322 PINE ST.—Newly furnished rooms; gas and fire; cheap. 13

1414 OLIVE ST.—Two large, nicely furnished rooms, kept warm constantly by heater; no coal nor dirt; call and see them. 13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, also a front parlor for gents. 13

1604 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, also connecting room; southern exposure. Rent reasonable. 13

1705 OLIVE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms; one front room suitable for man and wife 13

2000 OLIVE ST.—Suite of nicely furnished rooms; light housekeeping if desired; all conveniences. 13

2651 OLIVE ST.—Furnished room, 2d floor, for gent or young married couple, with privilege of light housekeeping; $8. 13

2728 UNIVERSITY ST.—Three rooms, 2d floor, front and rear entrances, $10. 13

3010 LACLEDE AV.—Fur. or unfur. rooms on 2d and 3d floors; water on each. 13

3018 OLIVE ST.—Desirable unfurnished back parlor. 13

3756 LACLEDE AV.—Nicely furnished rooms for gents, or lady and gent for light housekeeping. 13

FOR RENT—Furnished room for light housekeeping. 1405 Washington av. 13

FOR RENT—Handsome 2d-story front room in small family; home comforts. Add. E 44, this office. 13

WANTED—A lady room-mate; front parlor; references exchanged. 1518 Washington av. 13

ST. LOUIS RENTAL CO.,

608 Walnut st., has rooms furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; single or en suite; and for light housekeeping, etc., in all parts of the city; no charges.

ROOMS are quickly rented by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—New flats at 2117 N. 10th st.; first floor, three rooms; second floor, five rooms. Inquire Mrs. S. Braugh on premises.

FLATS FOR RENT.

2524 Spring av., good 4-room flat, upper; $13.
2527 Fall av., 3-room flat; $13.50.
These are accessible to three lines of cars.
3000 Kossuth av., 2 rooms: $11.
2216 Hickory st., 4 rooms and bath room; $20.
1217 Armstrong av., 4 rooms; $16.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

BOARDING.

1118 PINE ST.—Front rooms with board; day boarders and transients accommodated; terms moderate. 18

1318 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large, neat fur. front rooms; gas, bath, furn.; German table board.

1424 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely fur. room for gent and wife or 2 gents, with or without board. 18

1806 OLIVE ST.—Front parlor, with or without board. 18

1834 LUCAS PL.—Pleasant front rooms, with first-class board. 18

1927 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for two gents with board; terms reasonable. 18

1929 OLIVE ST.—One unfurnished room with board; two furnished rooms with board for gentlemen. 18

2106 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished rooms with board; terms reasonable. 18

2328 PINE ST.—Choice 2d-story rooms, with or without board. 18

2652 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with or without board. 18

2702 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished front room; excellent board; day boarders accom.

2736 MORGAN ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms with board; private family. 18

2839 WASHINGTON AV.—Rooms on second floor with board; hot and cold bath; gas 18

2931 MORGAN ST.—Large and handsomely furnished room with board; ref. exchanged. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

FOR RENT.

We have several 6-room houses just finished on Compton Hill. Rent one and we will arrange it with you to credit rent on purchase. The Peoples' Investment & Building Co.
JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres.
Office hours, 11 to 2 p. m. 1008 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT.

1109 St. Ange av., a 10-room house, with all conveniences; two blocks from Chouteau av.; good repair; rent per month, $10.
GEO. N. TRUESDALE & CO.,
14 19 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT

4055 Olive st.—Only one left; new, 10-room house; beautifully finished inside with hard wood, furnace, cemented cellar, electric bells; nothing finer in the city.

3616 Dodier st.—New 7-room house; bath, all conveniences; one square north of St. Louis avenue; this is quite desirable.

2626 Washington av.—11-room house; bath, gas, stable, all conveniences; splendid location.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone, 885. 713 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Two stalls in stable. Apply 2944 Madison st. 17

FOR RENT—One half of office 212 N. 8th st. $42.50. FARRAR & CO., 624 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Store room No. 902 Locust st.; possession on February 1; rent low.
E. S. WARNER REAL ESTATE CO.,
17 Turner Building.

FOR RENT

For carriage repository, shoe factory or house-furnishing store, that well-built three-story building, No. 1912 and 1914 Olive st.; long lease given.
17 ADAM ROECK & CO., 207 N. 8th st.

YOUR advertisement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will be read by everybody.

STORE BUILDING

For rent, 509 N. 6th st., with 3d and 4th floors of 511 and 513 N. 6th st. We have just finished repairing this building and it will be found in first-class order.
J. T. DONOVAN & CO.,
17 513 N. 6th st.

IMP'VED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—Four houses, 12th, n. e. cor. Lucas av., 80x100, title perfect. Apply at Centennial Dental Rooms, corner 9th and Locust, opposite Post-office. W. H. Wickersham. 7

FOR SALE—A new 5-room dwelling, No. 4591 Mamit av., attic, porches, shed; substantial and neat; lot 30x145 feet; nice neighborhood; convenient to Easton av. cable and Marcus av. cars; cheap price; cash or monthly payments.

Also a two-story detached central dwelling, 6 rooms, bath, laundry; every convenience; very complete; lot 25x145; owner left the city; price very low; terms to suit; call for descriptive catalogue.
WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut.

Virginia Building Ass'n

Is now organized. Call and subscribe at once, as only a few shares are to be had. For particulars call on ERIN M. RICE, 808 Ches nut st.

SECURE A HOME WITH RENT.

We will buy a lot and build you a home to suit. Plans furnished free. The Peoples' Investment & Building Co. JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres.
Office hours, 11 to 2 p. m. 1008 Chestnut st.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

We have a nice 6-room brick, cor. Compton and St. Vincent. Special terms, monthly or quarterly. The Peoples' Investment & Building Co.
JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres.
Office hours, 11 to 2 p. m. 1008 Chestnut st.

PETER COOPER.

The friends of the Peter Cooper Building & Loan Association will be glad to know that a "new series" of stock is now on sale. This, like all the former series, is being rapidly taken. Office, 221 Commercial Building, southeast corner 6th and Olive sts.
7 J. B. FOLLETT, Secretary.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

FARMS FOR SALE.

For Sale or Exchange for City Property.

A fruit, grain and stock farm of 320 acres on the Wabash railroad, 90 miles from St. Louis, 18 a high state of cultivation; dwelling of 7 rooms, 2 new barns; 280 in prairie, 40 timber; 5½ miles of fencing on the place. An inspection of premises is solicited. Address H 44, this office. 79

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

PUPS—High class skye terrier, black and tan, $15 each; pug, $10. 215 Market st. 5

FOR SALE—One splendid $45 base-burner stove; less than half price. 2419 Spring av. 5

FOR SALE—Counters, shelving and showcases, suitable for a dry goods, notions and gents' furnishing goods store. 1121 Franklin av. 5

COAL by the large load 7½ cents per bushel, at C. Hall's, 2137 Morgan st. Send postal. 5

COAL—25 bu. $2; by the large load, 7½c per bu. at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 and 2806 Franklin av.; send postal or telephone 2824. 5

COOK STOVES, Ranges, Base-burners, any style and price you need; see the everlasting fire-keeper Cook Stoves, Fire-backs, guaranteed 5 to 15 years; old stoves taken in exchange. N. B.—Store repairs of every description. J. Forshaw, 113 N. 12th st. 5

HIGHLAND COAL—Delivered, 25 bu, $2. Send postal to J. Cassidy, 2603 Gamble st. 5

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Notion store and fixtures, at a big bargain, if sold at once. 2208 Cass av. 4

ALL SORTS.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st.; Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—From 805 Clarkson place, half block west of Cabanne av., on Morgan, white and brown setter; had on leather collar with brass plate; return to above number and receive reward. 30

STRAYED—Gray mule taken up. Call at 366 Carr av. 30

$5.00 REWARD—Strayed, from 4509 Ashland av. (cor. Taylor), red Irish setter bitch; above reward will be paid on return. E. Hayden. 30

STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

NEW moth-proof lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Alfred J. Vandell, Manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, trunks, stoves, boxes, etc. Household goods of all description moved, packed and shipped with care. Money loaned; get our rates. Ware-houses, 1014 to 1026 S. Jefferson av. Telephone 1422. 81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & Co., 1104-6 Olive st.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Riddle-Rehbein Manufacturing Co. for the election of directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, corner of Thirteenth and O'Fallon streets, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, January 29, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m.
GEORGE T. RIDDLE, Prest. and Treas.
HENRY REHBEIN, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9, 1890.

REDUCING RATES.

Alarm at the Action of the Kansas City & Wyandotte Northwest Co.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 23.—Kansas railroad managers are becoming considerably alarmed because the Kansas City & Wyandotte Northwest Co. has reduced the passenger rate in Kansas from 3 to 2 cents a mile. It was done because of the roads entering the Union Depot at Kansas City refusing to admit the Wyandotte line. The action of the new road is quite likely to bring about an agitation of the question of lower transportation rates. An attorney for the Southern Kansas Railway said in an interview: "I have found that to the average legislator the proposition that a railroad is doing business at a loss is one some of ridiculousness, and if the Wyandotte for six months does business for 2 cents a mile you can never make them believe that it is not profitable, and that all the roads in the State cannot do the same. They will maintain that if the Wyandotte, a new road with but little through business, can carry passengers for 2 cents a mile, the older and larger roads depending only in part on their local business can much better do so, and it will only be a very fortunate combination of circumstances if the next Legislature does not make the maximum rate in the State 2 cents."

An Aged Victim.

AMESBURY, Mass., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Polly Osgood, who celebrated her 100th birthday January 10, died Wednesday night of influenza.

THE FLEA.

The Peculiarities and Immense Activity of This Little Animal—What It Teaches.

The good old adage saying, "Never be in a hurry unless you are catching fleas," has a most important bearing on our lives at the present day, and from it we can learn a fact well worthy of sober thought. Doctors tell us (and for once they are right) that we are living too fast. We eat, work, play, do business all with a rush. We take proper time for nothing. We sleep too little, worry too much, exercise not half enough, read and study too continuously. As a consequence, brain softening, paralysis, early deaths, intemperance, dyspepsia, constipation, neuralgia, and nervous exhaustion are far too common. Our insane asylums are daily becoming more crowded, we hear more of sleeplessness, our suicides are becoming almost hourly occurrences.

Our advice is to "go slow," take life easier and use some good tonic and brain food like Rogers' Royal Nervine, which is unequaled for this purpose.

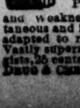
Catarrh to Consumption.

Catarrh in its destructive force stands next to and undoubtedly leads on to consumption. It is therefore singular that those afflicted with this fearful disease should not make it the object of their lives to rid themselves of it. Deceptive remedies concocted by ignorant pretenders to medical knowledge have weakened the confidence of the great majority of sufferers in all advertised remedies. They become resigned to a life of misery rather than torture themselves with doubtful palliatives.

But this will never do. Catarrh must be met at every stage and combated with all our might. In many cases the disease has assumed dangerous symptoms. The bones and cartilage of the nose, the organs of hearing, of seeing and of tasting so affected as to be useless, the uvula so elongated, the throat so inflamed and irritated as to produce a constant and distressing cough.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never-failing.

Each package contains one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and an IMPROVED INHALER, with treatise; price, $1.
POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CORPORATION, BOSTON.



UTERINE PAINS

And Weaknesses instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, most agreeable, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve female pains and weaknesses. Vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CORPORATION, BOSTON, MASS.

ACROSS THE RIVER.

General News Notes From East St. Louis and Belleville.

The East St. Louis branch of the

FINANCIAL.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,

Stock and Bond Brokers, 307 Olive St.

We make a specialty of State, County, City and School Bonds and carry a full line of choice Bonds for investors.

RAILROAD STOCKS.

We are connected by private wire with Jones, Kennett & Hopkins of New York and Chicago and are prepared to execute orders for the purchase and sale of railroad stocks and bonds for cash, and we also carry the same on margins. Our facilities for obtaining quick and reliable information are unsurpassed.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,

Stock and Bond Brokers, 307 Olive St.

Laclede Gaslight Co.

Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.

307 OLIVE ST.

WE WANT STOCK OF

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,

NATIONAL BANK COMMERCE,

LACLEDE BANK (new or old),

For which we will pay best market rates. Telephone 1340. GEO. M. HUSTON & CO., Bonds and Stocks, 305 Pine st.

EDWARDS WHITAKER. CHAS. HODGMAN.

WHITAKER & HODGMAN,

Successors to

MATTHEWS & WHITAKER,

BOND & STOCK BROKERS,

300 N. FOURTH ST., - St. Louis.

JOHN F. BAUER. A. H. BAUER

BAUER BROS.,

BOND AND STOCK BROKERS,

205 N. 3D ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

We make a specialty of buying and selling first-class local securities. Telephone 1305.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23, 11 a. m.—The stock market again opened with a moderately active business, in which Missouri Pacific, Reading, Lackawanna and Sugar refineries were most prominent, and with a firm to strong tone first prices showing advances over last evening's figures of from ¼ to ½ per cent as a rule, though many stocks were unchanged, and a few were slightly lower. Further advances of small fractions followed, however, were followed by a weakening all over the room, and a few stocks retired to below their first prices, Sugar refineries being most conspicuous. After an advance to 56⅞ it retired to 55¾, but none of the others made so material a decline. There was a better feeling displayed toward the end of the hour, and at 11 o'clock the market was quiet and firm, generally at slight fractions better than the opening prices.

Noon—Money is easy at 2@4 per cent. Bar silver, 97. The stock market continued to show a moderate volume of business after 11 o'clock, but the majority of the stocks active in the first hour became quiet and stagnant. New favorites came to the front, however, and Oregon Transcontinental became the feature of the dealings, though on a large business of advance prices. Subsequently, while Hocking Coal scored a net advance of 1¾ per cent at 18½. The market at noon was quiet but strong and generally at the best prices of the morning.

3 p. m.—Money closed easy at 2 per cent. The stock market closed dull and heavy at about opening figures.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—Mexican 4s, 60@61; stock, 17⅝@18; Calumet, 263@265; Huron, 4@4¼; Allouez, 1¾@2.

LONDON, Jan. 23, 4 p. m.—Consols closed at 97 2-16 for money and 97⅜ for the account. A. & G. W. first s, 34¾; Canadian Pacific, 79⅜; Erie, 27⅛; do seconds, 10⅜; Illinois Central, 122¾; Mexican ordinary, 36; St. Paul common, 80½. Reading, 19⅛; Mexican Central 4s, 71.

Exchange Quotations.

[Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Sons, 313 N. 3d st.]

New York	75c premium
Boston	75c premium
Philadelphia	75c premium
Chicago	40c premium
Cincinnati	par
Louisville	par
New Orleans	par

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whittaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whittaker, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 23.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	31¼	31⅞	31¼	31¼
Canada Southern	56	56¼	56	56
Canadian Pacific	76⅛	76¼	75½	76
Central New Jersey	122⅜	.....	.....	122⅜
Central Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago Gas Trust	47¼	47⅜	46¾	47
C., C. & I	72	.....	.....	72
Chic. St. P., M. & O	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic., St. P., M. & O. pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chi., R. I. & P	96¾	97	96¼	96¼
C. B. & Q	107	.....	.....	107
Chi., Mil. & St. P	69⅛	69¼	68¾	68¾
Chi., Mil. & St. P. pfd	114	114½	114	114½
Chi. & N. W. com	111¼	111¾	110⅜	111
Cotton Oil Trust, new stock	27⅜	28	27¼	27¾
Cotton Oil Trust, old stock	.....	.....	.....	.....
Del., Lackawanna & Western	137	137½	136½	136½
Delaware & Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....
Denver & Rio Grande	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Tennessee com	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Tennessee pfd	21⅛	.....	.....	21⅛
Erie com	26½	26⅝	26¼	26½
Erie pfd	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾
Erie 2d mortgage bonds	101½	.....	.....	101½
Fort Worth & Denver	35	35½	35	35⅜
Hocking Valley	22⅜	23¼	22⅜	23
Houston & Texas	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois Central	.....	.....	.....	.....
L. B. & W	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake Shore	105⅛	105⅜	104⅝	105
Louisville & Nashville	84⅜	84⅞	83¾	84⅝
Lead Trust	20½	21½	20½	21⅛
Michigan Central	96	.....	.....	96
Missouri Pacific	74⅞	75¾	74⅜	75⅛
M., K. & T	10⅜	10⅝	10¼	10¼
Mobile & Ohio	17½	17¾	17¼	17⅝
Manhattan Elevated	101	101⅜	101	101⅜
New York & New England	45¼	45⅝	44½	45⅛
New York Central	106⅞	.....	.....	106⅞
Norfolk & Western com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norfolk & Western, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Pacific, com	31¼	31¼	30¾	31
Northern Pacific, pfd	74⅜	75	74⅜	74¾
Ohio Southern	17	.....	.....	17
Oregon & Trans	35¾	36⅜	35¾	36¼
Oregon Nav. & Trans	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio & Miss	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific Mail	38⅞	39	38¾	38¾
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	19	.....	.....	19
Philadelphia & Reading	38¼	38⅝	38	38¼
Pullman Palace Car	192	.....	.....	192
Richmond Terminal	21⅛	21⅜	21	21⅛
St. Paul & Duluth, com	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul & Duluth, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar Trust	56⅜	56⅞	55⅜	55½
St. L. & S. F., com	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. P., M. & M	111¾	.....	.....	111¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron	86	86	85½	85⅞
Texas & Pacific	21⅜	21⅝	21⅛	21⅜
Union Pacific	66⅞	67½	66⅞	67⅜
W., St. L. & P	13½	.....	.....	13½
W., St. L. & P., pfd	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝
Western Union Telegraph Co	85	85	84⅜	84⅞
West Shore bonds	104¾	.....	.....	104⅝

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When Due.	Interest Payable	Bid.	Ask.
6's cent bonds	1891	J. S. D.& M.	104¾	105¼
4½ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	125½	126

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov.	109	111
Mo. Pac. 3d	1895	May and Nov.	120	125
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	111⅜	112
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	111	111¾
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	114½	115
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	113	114
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov.	114½	115
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb and Aug.	106¼	107

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec.	101½	102½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	102	104
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1895	June and Dec.	106	108
City 5s sterling 10-20s	1900	June and Dec.	101	102
City 6s	1900	Jan. and July	108	110
City 6s, gold	1892—93	Various	100½	106½
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec.	114	116
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec.	115	117
City 6s, water	1892	April and Oct	105	106
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec.	106	106¾
County 6s, gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	109	110
County Park	1905	April and Oct	124	126

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$3,943,077
Balances	786,971

COMMERCIAL.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Jan.	78 b	...	....	77¾ b
Feb.	78¾ b	...	....	78 b
Mch.	78½ b	....	....	78¼ b
April	.....	.....	.....	.....
May	79⅞@ 80	79¾@⅞	79½	79⅝@¾ a
June	79⅜ b	.....	.....	79⅜ n
July	76¾@⅞ b	76½	76¼@⅜	76½ a
CORN.				
Jan.	26 b	.....	.....	26⅛ b
Feb.	26⅜@⅛ b	26¾	26½	26⅜@⅝ b
Mch.	27 a	27	26¾	27@⅛ b
May	28¼@¾	28¾@½	28¼	28¼
July	29@@⅛ b	29¼	29¼	29¼
Aug.	.....	29⅜	29⅜	29¾
OATS.				
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....
May	21⅜ b	22¼	21⅜	21⅜@¼ a

CHICAGO:

WHEAT.				
May	80¾@⅞ b	80¾	80⅜@½	80¾@¾
July	79⅛ b	79	78¾	79
CORN.				
Feb.	29⅜	29¾	29¼@⅜	29⅜
May	31¾	32⅛@¼	31⅝@¾	32
OATS.				
May	22⅛@¼	22½@⅝	22⅛@¼	22⅛ b
PORK.				
Feb.	10.00	9.95	9.87	9.85
May	10.42	10.45	10.25	10.25
LARD.				
Feb.	5.92	5.97	5.92	5.92
May	6.20	6.20	6.15	6.15
SHORT RIBS.				
Feb.	4.90	4.90	4.85	4.85
May	5.10	5.15	5.05	5.05

NEW YORK—January, 86¾c a; February, 86¾c a; March, 87⅝c a; May, 88¼c a; June, 87⅛c b; July, 86¼c b. Corn—January, 35c b; February, 38c a; March, 38¼c; May, 39⅝c b. Oats—January, 28½c; February, 29¾c a; May, 32¼c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—January, 81¼c b; February, 81¼c b; May, 83½c; July, 80c b; August, 79¼c.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles at St. Louis

For the twenty-four hours ending Thursday, January 23, 1890, and corresponding day in 1889, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1890.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1889.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1890.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1889.
Flour, bbls	3,728	2,157	8,187	9,517
Wheat, bu	28,544	5,404	5,530	4,360
Corn, bu	182,500	118,765	178,407	105,641
Oats, bu	46,000	18,000	17,300	32,365
Rye, bu	1,100	550	2,390	59
Barley, bu	3,000	10,200	90	.....
Bran, Shipstuff, sks	.....	300	1,581	1,868
Do in bulk, cars	2	3	2	.....
Cornmeal, bbls	.....	.....	1,557	1,215
Cotton b'l's local	1,015	2,338	4,027	2,929
Do. bales, through	1,075	1,090	126	86
Hay	283	478	265	234
Pork, bbls	.....	.....	78 050	94,807
Hams, lbs	.....	30,000	149,640	472,436
Meats, lbs	285,790	149,640	521,788	240,740
Lard, lbs	2,950	29,940	506,775	.....

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
T'd	1,928,827	1,631,915	321,059	36,569	58,871
Yst	1,974,957	1,648,187	324,862	36,608	62,331
'89	3,225,391	2,845,757	566,511	90,601	162,983
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
T'd	1,701,490	1,202,189	125,591	29,880	.....
Yst	1,708,513	1,287,634	111,418	29,378	.....
'89	1,116,080	2,288,877	150,139	70,281	.....

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	28,544	182,500	5,530	178,407
Milwaukee	17,843	1,740	1,100	.....
Baltimore	10,878	119,886	.....	161,419
Toledo	5,306	110,000	3,540	77,601
New York	14,850	134,400	.....	21,853
Chicago	22,224	306,267	16,523	208,987
Detroit	6,939	4,022	1,990	3,960
Duluth	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minneapolis	86,160	.....	44,660	.....
Philadelphia	1,833	98,864	14,572	78,048

Grain Inspection.

INSPECTED IN:

Wheat.	Cars.	Corn.	Cars.
No. 2 red	11	No. 2	48
No. 3 red	4	No. 3	16
No. 4	2	No. 4	2
Rejected	3	No. 3 yellow	.....
No. 3 hard winter	3	No. 2 white	11
Rejected spring	1	No. 3 white	4
Total	24	Total	81

OATS—No. 2, 9 cars; No. 2 white, 1; No. 3 white, 13; No. 3, 9; total, 32 cars.

RYE—1 car No. 3.

BARLEY—2 cars No. 3 spring.

INSPECTED OUT: WHEAT—4 cars No. 2 red, 6 No. 3 red, 8 No. 4, 6 rejected, — no grade, 1 No. 2 hard winter, 2 No. 3 hard; total, 24 cars.

CORN—5 cars No. 2, 33 cars No. 3, 8 No. 4, 2 No. 2 white, 2 No. 3 white, 1 car No. 2 yellow.

OATS—6 cars No. 2 white, 10 No. 3 white, 6 No. 2, No. 3.

RYE—2 cars No. 2.

BARLEY—2 cars No. 3 spring.

Future Sales To-Day.

WHEAT—May—75 at 79¼c, 260 at 79⅛@79⅜c, 200 at 79⅝c, 140 at 79⅝@79¾c, 360 at 79¾c, 50 at 79¾@79⅞c July—20 at 76¼@76⅜c, 10 at 76⅜c, 10 at 76⅝@76¾c, 10 at 76⅞c.

CORN—February, 5 at 26½c. March, 10 at 26¼c, 20 at 27c. May, 250 at 28¼c, 70 at 28⅛@28⅜c, 105 at 28⅜c, 20 at 28⅝@28½c. July, 25 at 29¼c. August, 5 at 29⅜c. No. 2 white, 5 May at 30c.

OATS—May, 5 at 21⅞c, 90 at 22c, 85 at 22¼c.

St. Louis Markets.

REGULAR SESSION, CLOSING 1:15 P. M.

WHEAT—Only a little snow, only a little sleet, but 'twas enough to nip in the bud the boom that had started in wheat. The snow mantle that covered the earth and blanketed the winter wheat crop, protecting it from Boreas' fierce blasts (if old Bo began blowing again), knocked about all the bull out of the market this morning. There was no response in foreign markets to yesterday's advance on this side, the first cables being no better than firm and this was a discouraging influence. There was enough, at any rate, of the opening free and urgent selling at the opening included in the offerings being some of the long wheat bought in the past day or so for a reaction. Bears took advantage of the weakness to get in some of their hammering tactics and the opening of May saw the price 79⅝@79¾c, it soon sliding down to 79¼c. All domestic markets were weak and declining at the send-off and the prospects for "that boom" seemed very shadowy. Receipts showed no material change, and though export clearances of 31,400 pkgs of flour were larger, those of wheat were only 15,500 bu. 79¼c appeared the resting point for May, and for some time it quietly oscillated between 79¼c and 79⅜c. Gradually, however, a stronger and better tone crept into the market and with reactions elsewhere the price climbed up to 79¾@79⅞c. It fell back to 79⅝c, when other markets declined, and at close there were sellers at 79⅞@80c, which is ⅛c below yesterday. The only other trading was in July at 76¼@76⅜c to 76⅝c and latter asked at close. Spot grades were firm, but none sold. Offerings were light and sellers held very stiffly at prices that buyers would not meet. No. 2 red was offered regular on call at 77¾c and 77⅝c bid, but later it was salable at 77¾c. No. 3 red offered E. side at 74½c, bid 73½c and for regular 73½c bid. No. 4, 64½c bid; regular, 65c for St. L. and E. side, none offered. Rejected offered at 4[illegible] regular and E. side at 51½c, bid 50½c for latter. No. 2 hard salable E. side at 66½c, and No. 3 hard at 63½c. Rejected spring offered at 43c and 40c bid. Samples offered were small, and for No. 3 to good rejected there was ready sale, but No. 2 slow. Sales: 2 cars rejected E. side 5, b. at 58c, 1 do this side at 63c, 1 No. 3 hard at 65c, 1 No. 4 this and 1 E. side at 67c, 1 rejected mill track at 65@68c, 271 sks at 75c, 72 at 76½c, 205 at 77½c, 160 at 78c.

CORN was easier early in the day, and extremely dull, very little speculation being indulged in by the local crowd, and very few orders here from the outside. The decline in wheat had its effect upon the market, as did the weakness displayed at other points. There was no let up to receipts, but still the greater proportion did not stop here and shipments were large. Cables were very firm and noted a good consumptive demand. March sold ¼c lower early at 26¾c, and May held sellers there at 28⅛c and could not be sold. All of a sudden great strength developed. The higher cash market helped along stronger advices from other points, and May sold from 28¼ up to 28⅝@28⅝c, though it fell back to and closed at 28¼c. February sold at 26½c, and later 26½@26⅝c bid. July sold at 29¼c, August at 29⅜c and March at 27c, with 27@27½c bid at close for latter. May No. 2 white sold at 30c. How scant the offerings of spot grades were was seen one-day in the strong market as the readiness with which better prices were paid by shipping buyers. Thus, ¼c higher was paid for No. 2 regular, 41 cars selling at 26½c, and 30,000 bu regular on p. t. and exporters wanted more but could not get it. White grades were still especially scarce and wanted, but little to be had; 2 cars No. 2 white selling in A. at 27¼c, and 1 car in St. L. at 27¾c; bids were 26¾c for regular, 27¼c for U. and A., 27¾c for St. L. and M., No. 3 white offered regular at 27c bid, 26c and 26½c bid for U. and A., 27c for M., 27¼c for St. L. and C. No. 3 was quick sale at 25c regular and 25½c E. side, but all that sold was 2 cars regular to an exporter at 26¼c. No. 4 scarce and stiff, and 4 cars sold E. side at 24c. No. 2 yellow, 26¼c bid regular. No grade. U. offered at 25c, 31½ bid for U. and A.

OATS—The future market was strong and advanced. All other markets were improving, and Chicago appeared to be on a regular rampage, and there was a report that 250,000 bu had been taken in New York for export. May sold at 21⅜c up to 22¼c, but at close offered at 22⅛@22¼c. Spot grades were entirely nominal, not a trade being made, as little was for sale and buyers indifferent. No. 2 offered in St. L. and M. at 21c, bid 20½c for St. L. and E. side. No. 3 regular offered at 20½c and 20¾c bid this side. No. grade 18c bid St. L. Samples of low grades and of white were slow sale and easy, but good grades of mixed were scarce, old stock having been well cleaned up, and buyers purchased readily at good and firm prices. Sales: 1 car No. 3 at 20¾c. 3 cars No. 2 oats at 30¾c, 2 No. 3 color, 21¼; No. 3 whitest 22¼c, 2 do and 1 Northern mixed at 22c, 3 No. 3 white at 21¾c, 1 do at 21¾c, 1 car No. 3 mixed with rust proof at 22½c.

RYE firm, but quiet. Sales 1½ cars No. 2 regular at 41¼c; No. 3 offered in St. L. at 40c, bid 39¾c, and for regular 39½c bid.

FLOUR—The fact that no boats were receiving had a dulling effect upon trade and but a light business was done. Sales: 1 car at $2.40@3.25, 150 sks at $2 per bbl, 1 car extra fancy, 1 patent and 800 bbls all p. t. We quote XXX, $2.10@2.25; family, $2.40@2.45; choice, $2.60@2.85; fancy, $3.20@3.30; extra fancy, $3.6@3.75; patents, $4.05@4.15. Prices for lots at depot and on levee this side. Flour in flathoop barrels sells 5c lower than round-hoop.

CORNMEAL—At $1.50@1.60 and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $2.15@2.25.

RYE FLOUR—Steady at $2.85@2.90 del.

BRAN dull, as there were no boats receiving and little Eastern demand. Two cars bulk sold at country points at 55c, 1 car sacked E. side at 53c (that bid f. o. b. E. track); also, 1 car sacked middling E. track at 57½c.

HAY showed no change. The good feeding grades were ready sale and firm, and especially was fancy stock wanted, but low and mediums were dull and hard to place, even at cheap prices. Sales: 1 car poor clover mixed at $4, 1 clover mixed at $6, 1 do at $7 and 1 at $7.50, 1 prairie at $7.75, 2 do at $8, 1 choice clover mixed at $8, 1 mixed timothy at $8.50, 4 prime timothy at $9.00, 1 strictly prime at $10, 1 strictly prime at $10.50, 2 choice at $12.00, 1 do at $12.50, 1 "gilt edge" at $13.50.

BARLEY—Market still quiet and unchanged. Fancy Minnesota and Wisconsin continues in good demand. Sales: 7,000 bu Minnesota p. t. Quotations: Iowa, 25@30c for dark. 30 to 35c for bright and heavy; Minnesota and Wisconsin ordinary, 40@50c; choice, 50@55c; fancy, 60c; Canada, No. 2, 71c, and No. 1, 77c.

PROVISIONS were not so rampantly bullish as they have been, a decline in Chicago taking the sharp edge off the demand and bringing forth a rather easier feeling. Most sellers held firmly, but found few buyers at near their terms. A sale of a car of loose bacon c'ribs at 5.57½c, shows a decline. The only sale of dry salt to arrive was a car of bellies at 5¾c c. and f. here at 5.07½c for 60-lb, 5c for 45-lb and 4¾c for 30 lb. Sales of meats from the block were 7½c for 508 10-day hams, 7¼ for 125 green hams, 3.30c for 356 20-day shoulders and for 123 green do. Another sale was of 1 car prime steam lard to arrive at 5½c c. and here at 5.00 [illegible]cts sold f. o. b. go East p. t. Loose dry salt of shipping age sold f. o. b. for cash—Shoulders, 3.55c; loins and c'ribs, 4.95c; shorts, 5.15c; boxed 15 to 30-day shoulders, 3¾@3¾c; loins, 4.80@4.90c; c'ribs, 4.85@5c; shorts, 5@5.15c. Packed bacon: boulders, 4½c; loins, 5.70c; c'ribs, 5¼@5.80c; shorts, 5.85@6c. Hard—Sold in car lots at $10.00 for standard mess pork at $10.37½. Prime steam lard quotable at 5½c; fancy leaf, 6¾c; second brand, 5½c. Sugar-cured hams, 9¼@11½c. Breakfast bacon, 8@9½c. Beef—Family, $6.50@9.50 ₱ bbl; on orders laigher, $4@5.25 ₱ ½-bbl; dried, 9@10c; selected, 11c ₱ lb; smoked beef tongues, $4@5 ₱ doz. Salt—Domestic, 85@90c ₱ bbl on f. o. b. 90@95 ₱ bbl on this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 ₱ 1-lb sack; small way higher.

HIGHWINES unchanged at $1.02 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, $1.01 in Peoria.

LEAD quiet and steady with sales East Side of 1 car common at $3.57½ and 2 cars chemical at $3.60. Desilverized held at $3.62½ and $3.60 bid. Spelter quotable at $5.15.

Afternoon Curb.

Wheat—May, 79¼@79⅜c; puts, 79¼@79⅜c to 79⅜c and calls, 79⅝c to 79¾@79⅞c. Chicago—May, 80¼@80⅜c.

Commercial Notes.

Another knock down of the wheat bulls. Now it seems that 11,200,000 bu stock of wheat reported as held at Odessa is really the stock held at all Southern Russian ports, which at same time last year had in store 24,000,000 bu.

Exports of wheat last week for Europe were 352,000 bu from India, and 1,280,000 bu from Baltic and other south of Europe ports, a total of 1,632,000 bu, against nearly 2,500,000 bu the preceding week and 2,900,000 the corresponding week last year.

United Kingdom supplies of wheat and flour decreased 55,000 bu last week, as imports and home deliveries were that much less than consumptive requirements.

Jos. Boumphrey & Co., Liverpool, write under date January 8 to the Redmond Clearv Commission Co.: "The weather has been very mild during the past week, and progress of the growing wheat is rather too rapid for safety. Prices are practically unaltered, but the consumptive demand continues very fair indeed, stocks being only 1,600,000 quarters (of which 80,000 quarters is California) prevents any idea of much decline here until stocks are reconstituted. The consumption during December in Liverpool was about 15,000 qrs per week more than the corresponding period last year, though it is difficult to account for this, especially as English deliveries have been quite liberal all winter. Every probable, if present prospects are fulfilled as to the crops in the Southern hemisphere, i. e., a good outlook for the next crop both in America and Europe, that prices will give way during the spring months."

The International Elevator Co., operating thirty-seven houses in territory of the Northern Pacific Railroad, took in 2,000 bu wheat on two days last week, while in ordinary times they handle 30,000 to 35,000 bu per day.

The area in India sown to wheat this year is about 27,000,000 acres and of this, 10,500,000 are in the Punjab and central provinces, where rain is needed.

Regarding that reported damage by rains to the California crop, Geo. T. Small received the following from San Francisco: "Not self-working, 4@6pc; should rain stop better crop than ever. Los Angeles—prospect for big crop. Seed washed out will be resown.

The August option for corn was opened to-day at 29¾c.

New York to Green: "Cables wheat steady and in consumptive demand; holders inclined to ask higher prices. Corn very firm and good consumptive demand." To Grier Commission Co.: "Liverpool wheat steady; corn quiet but firm." To Small: "Liverpool wheat firm; floating cargoes dull."

Chicago Market Letters.

Special to J. C. Ewald:

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 23.—Wheat—Room traders, who were generally long of wheat, were free sellers at the opening of the market on the snowfall of last night and first quotations were at ⅜c decline from yesterday's closing. The bearish influence of the "Beautiful Snow" was, however, later in the session counteracted by reports of rains in the western wheat sections, and there was some buying for local account on these rumors. We fail to understand why rains should be injurious to the growing plant. Advices from California are conflicting, though they mostly indicate good crop prospects on the Pacific slope. Late English and Continental cables were quoted higher, and the closing of our market is firm in consequence, but with an ample exportation surplus on hand, for which there is but a poor demand. We are unable to have faith in any permanent advance and would advise our friends to take advantage of all small market rallies to effect short sales.

Corn awakened to-day from a period of Rip Van Winkleism and showed considerable activity. The market ruled strong on covering by shorts and also good buying for account.

Oats were active, higher and strong on the good demand for the cash article at the seaboard. Shorts have covered fairly.

Provisions opened at top prices of the day. Buyers was confined to covering by shorts and local scalpers. Packers were liberal sellers of product from the opening until the close on all hard spots.

F. G. MCCORMICK & CO.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The wheat market was almost stagnant to-day. The heavy shorts have covered and are awaiting developments. The buyer to-day has been our large local scalper; the market is weak, and without more demand we will sell lower. Corn has had a great deal of attention, with considerable buying by shorts and for investment.

F. G. LOGAN & CO.

New York Market Letter.

Special to Rus Samuel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—One or two statistical reports of a bullish tendency, with firmer cables and free buying early by Hutchinson's brokers, put some life into the wheat market. Towards the close a noticeable pressure of selling orders, which looked like some of Hutch's long wheat, weakened the market, closing it easy.

Corn was strong, and considerable new blood buying. Fifteen loads were taken for export.

Oats were very strong on clearances of 200,000 bu. The crowd is getting bullish and enthusiastic. We believe sales on this bulge will pay. No new purchases for export.

LOGAN, COWL & CO.

Coffee Market

As reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.

	1st call.	2d call.	3d call.
January	16.05	16.05	.....
February	15.80 b	none	.....
March	15.90	15.85	.....
April	15.90 b	none	.....
May	15.96	15.65	.....
June	15.95 b	none	.....

Fair coffee in New York, 20c.

Mail bulk coffee in St. Louis, 24½c.

RIO, Jan. 22.—Exchange 25⅞. Receipts of 22d, 8,000. Clearances for Europe, nil. Stock, 186,000. Market steady. Santos receipts, 6 mil 650; good second, 6 mil 050.

Country Produce.

STRAWBERRIES—Light receipts and much of the stock arriving out of condition, but prices steady. Florida sold at 40@50c per quart.

APPLES—Received, 14 bbls. Strong; good demand for fancy. Genitting at $1.50@2.50; choice and fancy varieties at $2.25@3.25 ₱ bbl; repacked, 25@50c per bbl higher.

DRIED FRUIT—In demand. Some old apples selling at 2@2½c. Apples—Sun-dried, 3@3½c; evaporated quarters, 5@6c, and rings, 6½@7½c. Peaches—Sun-dried, 2½@2¾c; evaporated, unpeeled, 4@7½c, and peeled, 10@14c.

LEMONS—Stock light, demand good and prices advancing. Messina and Palermo at $3.50@4.50 per box.

COCOANUTS—$5 per 100; $45 per 1,000.

BANANAS—Choice bunches on orders $2.00@2.50.

CRANBERRIES—$11.50 per bbl. and $3.75 per box for eastern.

ORANGES—Offerings light and market firm. Florida extra, $3.50@4.50 per case; choice, $3@3.25. California—Riverside seedlings, $3.25@3.50 per case; Washington naval, $3@3.50; Tangerine, $3@3.50 per box.

MALAGA GRAPES—$6.50@12 per bbl, according to weight and quality.

POTATOES—Receipts 2,785 bu. Seed varieties ready sale at full prices. Home-grown, 20@25c; Iowa, 30@35c; Minnesota and Wisconsin Burbanks, 48c; Beauty of Hebron, 48@50c; fancy Rose 55@57½c. No. 2 offered in St. L. and M. at 21c, bid 20½c for St. L. and E. side. No. 3 regular offered at 20½c and 20¾c bid this side. No. grade 18c bid St. L. Samples of low grades and of white were slow sale and easy, but good grades of mixed were scarce, old stock having been well cleaned up, and buyers purchased readily at good and firm prices. Sales: 1 car No. 3 at 20¾c. 3 cars No. 2 oats at 30¾c, 2 No. 3 color, 21¼; No. 3 whitest 22¼c, 2 do and 1 Northern mixed at 22c, 3 No. 3 white at 21¾c, 1 do at 21¾c, 1 car No. 3 mixed with rust proof at 22½c.

ONIONS—Receipts, 780 bu. Very scarce and in demand. Red, $1@1.05; yellow, 90@95c; Spanish, $1.50 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Home-grown, on orders—Spinach, $1.75 per bbl; kale, $1.25 per bbl; celery, 40@70c per bunch; soup bunches, 30c per doz. Lettuce, $1 per bu box.

SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown on orders; Bermuda, $1.75; Nansemond, $2.50 ₱ bbl.

RUTABAGAS—Quotable at 25@30c ₱ bu; orders, $1.40 ₱ bbl.

CABBAGE—Northern, $20 ₱ ton, according to quality; choice stock on orders, $2.50 ₱ crate.

SAUERKRAUT—Choice city make on orders, bbls at $3.25 and half-bbls at $2.35.

TURNIPS—Home-grown on orders, $1 ₱ bbl.

CARROTS—Home-grown on orders, $1.75 ₱ bbl.

PARSNIPS—Home-grown on orders, $1.25@1.50 ₱ bbl.

HORSERADISH—Home-grown on orders, $2.75@3.25 per bbl.

NEW SOUTHERN VEGETABLES—Cabbage, $1.50@2 per crate; green peas, $1.50@1.75 per box; beets, 60@75c per doz; cucumbers, 75c@$1.50 per doz; lettuce, 2.50@3.50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Receipts, 34,450 lbs. Choice grades are in good demand at full prices. Best grades country roll fair sale, but poorer stock all going to cracker bakers at low prices. We quote: Creamery—Choice gathered cream at 20@22c; fancy separator goods, 24@26c; fancy Elgin higher. Dairy—Choice at 20@21c; fair at 16@18c; medium at 7@9c. Near-by country make—Packed at 5c for low, to 8@11c for choice. Roll—Near-by at 5@6c for low to fair, to 10@12c for selected; Northern, 11@14c; grease butter at 3½c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream—Twins, 9¼@10c; singles, 10@10¼c. Y. A.—Full cream, 10¼c; light skims, 8½@9c.

EGGS—Received, 864

Eat Your Supper
AT THE
DELICATESSEN.

CITY NEWS.

Still They Come!

The crowds to Crawford's Fire Salvage Sale! The whole world comes to stock itself with bargains, and they are at Crawford's to be had; don't you make any mistake about *that*.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th & Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL GRADUATES.

A Pleasant Series of Exercises Held This Morning at the School Building.

Thirty-six young ladies were transformed into school teachers this morning at the Normal School on Fifteenth and Pine streets. The exercises began at 9 o'clock and lasted until 11:30. The rooms were prettily decorated and a very good crowd of friends and relatives of the graduates were present.

President Charles F. Miller of the School Board awarded the diplomas and made a few very encouraging remarks to the young ladies concerning their future work in the public schools.

Prof. Snow of Washington University spoke upon the value of personal relations between the teacher and the pupil. He gave good advice as to the best methods of managing children and urged the necessity for prudence, justice, fortitude and order in all relations between the teacher and her classes.

Rev. Dr. Stilmson spoke on the same subject and was followed by Supt. Long, who made remarks upon discipline.

The following regular programme of exercises was carried out:

Chorus—"To Thee, O Country!" ..... Eichberg
Music—"With a Laugh As We Go Round."
Chorus, with soprano solo by Miss Clara A. Miller
Address to Graduating Class..... Prof. M. S. Snow
Chorus—"Gently Falls the Dews of Eve"...Donizetti
Chorus—"Night Sinks on the Wave"..... Smart
Music—"Ave Maria"..... Abt
Chorus, with soprano solo by Miss Helena V. Marshall.

PRESENTATION OF DIPLOMAS.

Chorus—"Life Is So Gay," waltz song.....Strauss

The young ladies who received their diplomas to-day are:

May F. Barsaloux,	Marie R. Fisse,
Annie Bean,	Maude Gardner,
Laura Agnes Bird,	Lizzie Gladfelter,
Nettie Degge,	Alice Glenny,
Lulu W. Dowd,	Mazoe Stuart Henry,
Nellie M. Ferriter,	Matilda A. Hollmann,
Ida A. Horstman,	Madge M. Robb,
Francisca Hover,	Marie T. Robyn,
Etta Hymers,	Carolina A. Schery,
Belle Johnston,	Emma Sieg,
Ann Servilia Kinealy,	Mary E. Smith,
Lotta Louise Lewis,	Jane Edwardina Thomson,
Helena Vivian Marshall,	Margaret D. White,
Clara Albert Miller,	Frances C. Wiener,
Mary E. Olshausen.	

The High School will graduate a large class to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The exercises will be held at the Entertainment Hall of the Exposition.

Don't Go to Bed

To-night until you have read the advertisements of the merchants in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

UNION MEETING.

Christian Endeavor Societies to Meet To-Night at the First Christian Church.

A union meeting of the Christian Endeavor Societies of the city will be held to-night at the First Christian Church, No. 3136 Locust street. The meeting will be of especial interest to all. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. M. Rhodes, D. D., and Rev. O. A. Bartholomew. The chairman of the "Committee of '90" will report on the work that is being done and the arrangements being made for the next national convention of the United Societies, to be held in this city next June. There were present at the National Convention, held last year in Philadelphia, 6,500 delegates, and a larger number still are expected to be present at the coming convention.

WANTED $100.

A Woman's Strange Offer to Sell Her Body After Death.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 23.—A well dressed, comely and apparently well educated woman called at Dr. Bragg's office last night and offered to sell her body after death for dissection. The doctor tried to calm the agitated woman, whom he at first thought to be mentally unbalanced, but he was soon convinced she was in sound mind. She wanted $100 to tide over some family difficulty and offered to sign a legal document instantly to bind the bargain. Dr. Bragg said he would think the matter over and the strange woman left, saying she was "being driven to desperation."

Nothing has been seen or heard of her since. Dr. Bragg could not secure her name.

IOWA LEGISLATURE.

Exciting Scene During the Dead-Lock at Des Moines.

DES MOINES, Io., Jan. 23.—There was a very exciting scene in the House yesterday. The Republican side had discovered that the Democrats intended to unseat sixteen members from districts which they claimed had not sufficient population, and then elect a United States Senator. The question came up on giving the Democrats the Speakership. Hotchkiss of Davis County, elected as a fusion Greenback-Democrat, jumped up and said he would agree that the roll should be left as it is if he was Speaker. He was asked if his party would agree to this, and called upon the Democrats to rise in his support, but no one got up. This will end overtures between the parties.

North Dakota.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 23.—The House yesterday took a whack at commercial agencies and credit companies, passing a bill requiring any such companies to deposit $100,000 with the State Treasurer before transacting business in this State. Bills were passed prohibiting trusts or combinations among elevator men and grain dealers; making it a misdemeanor to employ children under 12 years of age in mines and factories; providing for the display of the flag of the United States on all public buildings.

"Go Farther and Fare

Worse." If you look for better bargains than those advertised in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH you'll "get left."

Wanted a Warrant.

With a heavy brown veil drawn closely over a pair of black eyes, a broken nose and a badly cut face, an otherwise respectably appearing woman came into the First District Police Court this morning after the adjournment of the day's session. She wanted a peace warrant against her husband, she said, and she told a story which fully justified her demand for protection.

The woman gave her name as Mrs. Heffernan and said she kept a grocery and boarding-house at 507 Clark avenue. Her husband was Thomas Heffernan, whom she had married some six years ago. She said he had beaten her repeatedly. The City Attorney took the case under consideration.

Mrs. Dilliard Escapes the Gallows.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 23.—The Board of Pardons, Wednesday, recommended a commutation of the death sentence in the case of Mrs. Margaret A. Dilliard of Northampton County, under sentence of death. Mrs. Dilliard conspired with her paramour to murder her husband.

MRS. WINSLOW'S Soothing Syrup for Children Teething relieves the child from pain, &c.

THE ROYAL ROAD TO WEALTH

Pointed ☛TO FAMOUS☚ on yesterday, and thousands crowded the great building to enjoy the Bargain Feast spread before them by **FAMOUS** in the Forced Sacrifice Sale of

Wanamaker & Brown's Stock of Clothing

It was People's Day at Famous, and the people took complete possession of our large Clothing Salesroom, testing its capacity until 9 p. m. It will be the same way to-day and to-morrow and for many days to come. ☛We are giving away thousands of dollars every hour. Such a reckless sacrifice of First-Class CLOTHING in the heart of the season was never attempted before in this city, and such a grand indorsement by the public never displayed as FAMOUS is now receiving in the tremendous throngs that crowd our Clothing Salesroom. ☛**Read the reasons set forth below. You can more than double your money now!** ☛ Keep this list and ask for the goods you wish to purchase.☚

WANAMAKER'S MEN'S and YOUTHS' SUITS for a SONG

Wanamaker's Fine $35.00 Suits at Famous	$17.50
Wanamaker's Fine $27.50 Suits at Famous	13.50
Wanamaker's Fine $20.00 Suits at Famous	10.00
Wanamaker's Fine $15.00 Suits at Famous	6.50
Wanamaker's Fine $12.50 Suits at Famous	5.00
Wanamaker's Fine $10.00 Suits at Famous	4.50
Wanamaker's Fine $8.50 Suits at Famous	2.75

Wanamaker's Men's and Youths' Overcoats. A Free Gift

Wanamaker's $40.00 Overcoats at Famous	$17.50
Wanamaker's $30.00 Overcoats at Famous	13.50
Wanamaker's $25.00 Overcoats at Famous	12.50
Wanamaker's $18.50 Overcoats at Famous	7.50
Wanamaker's $15.00 Overcoats at Famous	6.00
Wanamaker's $10.00 Overcoats at Famous	4.00
Wanamaker's $8.50 Overcoats at Famous	3.00
Wanamaker's $5.00 Overcoats at Famous	1.50

Wanamaker's Men's and Youths' Trousers Given Away

Wanamaker's $12.50 Trousers at Famous	$6.50
Wanamaker's $10.00 Trousers at Famous	4.50
Wanamaker's $8.50 Trousers at Famous	4.00
Wanamaker's $6.00 Trousers at Famous	3.00
Wanamaker's $4.50 Trousers at Famous	2.25
Wanamaker's $4.00 Trousers at Famous	1.75
Wanamaker's $3.50 Trousers at Famous	1.50
Wanamaker's $2.50 Trousers at Famous	1.00

Wanamaker's Coats and Vests and Odd Garments.

At About 25 Cents on the Dollar.

Wanamaker's (13 to 18) Boys' Overcoats.

Wanamaker's $30.00 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	$15.00
Wanamaker's $20.00 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	10.00
Wanamaker's $16.50 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	7.50
Wanamaker's $12.50 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	5.00
Wanamaker's $7.50 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	3.00
Wanamaker's $5.00 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	2.00
Wanamaker's $4.50 Boys' Overcoats at Famous	1.50

WANAMAKER'S (2 1-2 to 10) CHILD'S CAPE OVERCOATS

Wanamaker's $15.00 Cape Overcoats at Famous	$6.00
Wanamaker's $10.00 Cape Overcoats at Famous	5.00
Wanamaker's $8.00 Cape Overcoats at Famous	4.00
Wanamaker's $7.50 Cape Overcoats at Famous	3.00
Wanamaker's $5.00 Cape Overcoats at Famous	2.50
Wanamaker's $3.50 Cape Overcoats at Famous	1.50
Wanamaker's $2.50 Cape Overcoats at Famous	1.00

WANAMAKER'S BOYS'---13 to 18---LONG - PANT SUITS.

In Sacks, Cutaways and Prince Alberts.

Wanamaker's $25.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	$13.50
Wanamaker's $20.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	11.00
Wanamaker's $16.50 Boys' Suits at Famous	8.50
Wanamaker's $12.50 Boys' Suits at Famous	5.50
Wanamaker's $10.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	5.00
Wanamaker's $8.50 Boys' Suits at Famous	3.50
Wanamaker's $6.50 Boys' Suits at Fomous	3.00
Wanamaker's $6.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	2.50
Wanamaker's $5.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	2.00
Wanamaker's $3.50 Boys' Suits at Famous	1.25
Wanamaker's $35.00 Boys' Suits at Famous	18.50

Wanamaker's Boys' Knee-Pant Suits.

Every Style and Variety Represented.

Wanamaker's $15.00 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	$6.50
Wanamaker's $12.50 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	5.00
Wanamaker's $8.50 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	4.50
Wanamaker's $7.50 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	3.50
Wanamaker's $6.00 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	2.75
Wanamaker's $5.00 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	2.25
Wanamaker's $4.50 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	1.75
Wanamaker's $3.00 Knee-Pant Suits at Famous	1.25

WANAMAKER'S CHILDREN'S---2 1-2 to 5---KILT SUITS.

One and Two-Piece Suits.

Wanamaker's $10.00 Kilts at Famous	$5.00
Wanamaker's $8.50 Kilts at Famous	4.00
Wanamaker's $5.00 Kilts at Famous	2.50
Wanamaker's $4.50 Kilts at Famous	2.00
Wanamaker's $4.00 Kilts at Famous	1.75
Wanamaker's $3.50 Kilts at Famous	1.50
Wanamaker's $2.00 Kilts at Famous	1.00

Wanamaker's Boys'--4 to 14--Knee Pants.

Wanamaker's $3.50 Knee Pants at Famous	$1.75
Wanamaker's $2.50 Knee Pants at Famous	1.25
Wanamaker's $2.00 Knee Pants at Famous	.85
Wanamaker's $1.50 Knee Pants at Famous	.65
Wanamaker's $1.00 Knee Pants at Famous	.35
Wanamaker's .75 Knee Pants at Famous	.25

Wanamaker's Boys'--13 to 18--Long Pants

Wanamaker's $6.50 Long Pants at Famous	$3.50
Wanamaker's $3.50 Long Pants at Famous	1.50
Wanamaker's $3.00 Long Pants at Famous	1.25
Wanamaker's $2.00 Long Pants at Famous	.75

☛It is Worth Your While to Travel One Hundred Miles if Only to Feast Your Eyes on a Genuine Slaughter.

SPECIAL-- To Accommodate Wage Workers and Late Buyers Our Store will Remain Open the First Ten Days of Sale Till 9 p. m. Note the Wanamaker Ticket and Price and the FAMOUS REDUCTION PRICE on Every Suit and Garment.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S STOCK OF

☛FURNISHING GOODS!☚

Our Prices In This Department Are Equivalent Almost to Giving You the Goods and Charging You Only for the Paper and Twine.

UNDERWEAR.

W. & B. line of $1, $1.25 and $1.50 Laundered Star Waists, **Go at 45c**

W. & B. line of 75c and $1 Star Laundered Waists, **Go at 35c**

W. & B. line of 75c Unlaundered Star Waists, **Go at 25c**

Silver King excellently made Unlaundered Waists, W. & B. price, 50c, **Our Price 25c**

All of Star Laundered White Waists **Go at 55c**
W. & B.'s price, $1, $1.25, $1.50

All of W. & B.'s 10c Collars **Go at 3½c**

All of W. & B.'s 15c Collars **Go at 5c**

All of W. & B.'s 20c Collars, including the well-known F. & Co. line, **Go at 8½c**

All the W. & B. stock of Cuffs **Go at 8½c per pair**

Men's Wool Mixed Fancy Stripe Shirts and Drawers, W. & B.'s price, 75c. **Go at 20c**

Men's Brown Mixed Wool Shirts and Drawers, W. & B.'s price, $1, **Go at 38c**

Men's Derby Ribbed Wool Shirts only, W. & B.'s price, $1.25, **Go at 42c**

Men's All-Wool Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, W. & B.'s price, 75c and $1 ..... **Go at 25c**

W. & B.'s $1 and $1.25 line of Camel's Hair..... **Go at 38c**

W. & B.'s $1, $1.50 and $2 line of fine scarlet..... **Go at 70c**

All the fine stripe Underwear, including all of our own goods, former price, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25, **Go at 50c**

Men's White Laundered Shirts, slightly soiled, all grades and styles, from $1 upwards ..... **Go at 25c**

Wanamaker & Brown $1 Unlaundered Shirt, hand-made button holes, 2,200 linen bosom, re-enforced throughout, whatever sizes we have ..... **Go at 33c**

Wanamaker & Brown celebrated $1.25 Laundered Shirts, made as above, whatever sizes we have, **Go at 45c**

☛If we do not have another cold day this winter it will pay you to look at the prices of W. & B.'s stock of Gloves.

Gloria Silk Umbrellas, gold and silver handles, W. & B.'s price, $1.50, **Go at 75c**

Gloria Silk Umbrellas, gold and silver handles, W. & B.'s price, $1.75 and $2.00, **Go at 95c**

Silk Umbrellas, large silver and gold handles, W. & B.'s price, $3, **Go at $1.70**

W. & B.'s entire line of 25c and 35c Neckwear **Go at 10c**

W. & B.'s entire line of 50c, 75c and $1.00 Neckwear, the lot will be sold **Quickly at 25c**

All of W. & B.'s stock of Hosiery, cotton and wool goods, **Go at 13c**

W. & B.'s 10c line of cotton mixed Half-hose **Go at 3½c**

W. & B.'s 15c line of cotton Hemstitched Handkerchiefs **Go at 3½c**

Also, lot of white linen Hemmed Handkerchiefs, **3½c**

W. & B.'s 25c Suspenders **Go at 10c**

The prices we have marked on the entire lot of W. & B.'s Mufflers would sell them on the hottest summer day.

Remarkably low values placed on all Flannel Shirts and Flannel Waists.

There are many small broken lots of goods throughout the different departments on which we have placed such ridiculously low prices as to insure they will be grabbed for on sight.

We are desirous of having these bargains benefiting our regular trade only, and we reserve the right to refrain from selling to dealers during this sale.

FAMOUS--- BROADWAY AND UNION MARKET.

Open till 10 p. m. Saturdays.

HUMPHREY'S.

IN OUR
Men's Clothing Dep't,
During Our Annual Stock-Taking Sale.

OVERCOATS.

$25, $22, $20, $18 Beaver, Chinchilla, Kersey and Melton Overcoats, now $15.

Blue, Black and Brown Chinchilla and Fur Beaver, Kersey and Melton Overcoats that were $12, now $10.

ULSTERS.

Gray Chinchilla Ulsters, were $20, now.....$15
Brown Chinchilla Ulsters, were $30, now.....$25
Brown Chinchilla Ulsters, were $15, now.....$12
Gray Shetland Ulsters, were $20, now.....$15
Gray Chinchilla Ulsters, were $30, now.....$25
Genuine Irish Frieze Ulsters, were $28, now.....$22
Brown Plaid Cassimere Ulsters, were $15, now.....$12
Dozens of other styles at correspondingly low prices.

SUITS.

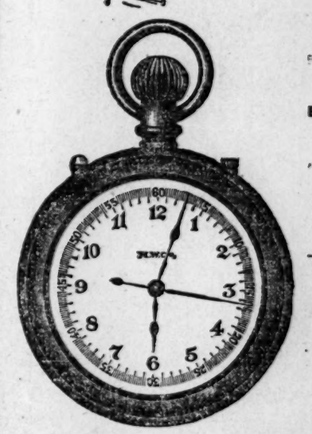
Prince Alberts Reduced! Sacks Reduced! Cutaway Frocks Reduced.

Hundreds of them reduced in price to make things lively in our Suit Stock during this Special Sale.
Suits that were $25, $28 and $30, now $20.
Suits that were $20, now $15. So many different styles that it would take a page of this paper to describe them.

TROUSERS.

Hundreds of pairs that were $6, $6.50 and $7, now $5.

☛BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.



One of the *celebrated Manhattan Stem-Winding and Stem-Setting Stop Watches free to every purchaser of goods amounting to $25.* This is a bona fide gift on our part and costs you nothing.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Manufacturers and Retailers of MEN'S AND BOYS' FINE CLOTHING. | BROADWAY AND PINE.

OLD WHISKIES.

Mount Vernon of 1868.
Mount Vernon of 1872.
Mount Vernon of 1874.
Old Oscar Pepper of 1879.
Spring Hill of 1879.
Spring Hill of 1880.
Spring Hill of 1881.
Spring Hill of 1882.
Spring Hill of 1883.
Spring Hill of 1884.
Spring Hill of 1885.
Murphy, Barbour & Co. of 1881.

THE PUBLIC SUPPLIED.

DAVID NICHOLSON.

THE LEADING CREDIT HOUSE OF ST. LOUIS,

The Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co.,

1121, 1123 and 1125 Olive St.

IF YOU ARE IN WANT OF

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods

Or anything else for your home, or if you want Clothing for Men, Boys and Children, Ladies' Seal Plush Coats, Wraps, Raglans and Modjeskas, Dry Goods, Dress Goods or anything else to make you comfortable and think you cannot purchase from us on

Our Liberal Credit System

At as low a price as you can from houses doing a strictly cash business a visit to our establishment and inspection of our goods and a comparison of our prices will prove to you the great mistake you have made.

Terms to Suit Everybody.

The Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co.,
1121, 1123 and 1125 Olive Street.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK
OF
PRINTS AND GINGHAMS
AND FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH
THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE
BROADWAY AND OLIVE STREET.

Alexander's Balsamic Cream
An elegant preparation to Prevent Chapped Face and Hands and Keeping the Skin Smooth and Soft.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE AND PEPSIN.
A standard preparation, recommended by physicians in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Lack of Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity plain beef, iron and wine. Price, $1.

Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles at reduced rates. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

☛Prescriptions and Family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER (GRADUATE OF PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY),
Established 1850. Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive St.

THE POST-DISPATCH--PAGES 9 TO 12.

ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, 1890.

NO HUMBUGERY PRACTICED

NO FAKE SALES.

The REAL, GENUINE THING Always Goes at

McArthur's

TO-MORROW Will Be a Ringer of a Sale

Doubly well got up for the People. Substantial Bargains.

The Day for Remnants. Buy Them.

Large accumulation of Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, Calicoes, Cheviots, Ginghams, Muslins, Sheetings, Ribbons, Embroideries, Laces, Velvets, Plushes, Crashes, Table Linens, all and every one terribly slaughtered and sacrificed in price, we are determined to sell every piece to-morrow. We will give you bargains. Come for them.

All For One Cent Each.

50 Gross Sleeve-buttons, one cent per pair.
100 Gross Shoeblacking, one cent per box.
200 Gross Metal, Jet and Ivory Dress Buttons, one cent per dozen.
50 Gross of a first-class Toilet Soap at one cent per cake, and lots of other articles at one cent.

The Purchasing Power of Money.

50 dozen metallic hair brushes at 15c each, reduced from 50c.
1,000 yards all-wool hand-made Yak lace at 2½c per yard.
500 yards Oriental lace, 2 inches wide, at 1c per yard.
Trimming braids at 1c per yard, reduced from 20c.

Wool Underwear Sacrificed.

Ladies' Merino Vests, silk bound, cat stitched and pearl buttons, at 35c.; reduced from 50c.
Children's Scarlet Vests and Pants at 10c. each for 16-inch.

Men's Fancy Shirts and Drawers reduced to 37½c. each from 75c.

The Only Real Bargain Sale of Ladies' Muslin Underwear is at Our Store.

Chemise of good muslin; goes at 12½c.
Drawers, deep hem and cluster of tucks; goes at 15c per pair.
Night robes trimmed with torchon lace; goes at 25c.
Skirts, deep hem and tucks; goes at 25c.
Chemise trimmed with embroidery and lace; goes at 25c.
Drawers, elegantly trimmed and with tucks, goes at 25c per pair.
The following garments, all made of good muslin, seams all felled and elaborately trimmed, with either lace or embroidery: Night Robes, Chemises, Skirts and Drawers at 35c, 39c, 45c, 49c, 50c, 59c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.00, $1.10 and $1.25. Every item quoted there is a special bargain and you should see them; you should not let these grand bargains slip past you.

For Friday's Grand Sale. Corsets at Bargain Prices.

Odd lots, less than half price, go at 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c, all medium sizes.
Imported French woven Corsets, reduced to 50 and 75c.
Seconds of the most popular and best known Corset are on sale; 50c and 75c qualities at 35c; $1.00 qualities go at 50c; $1.25 and $1.50 qualities go at 75c.

All Winter Goods of All Descriptions are Reduced. All Departments Will Offer Extraordinary Bargains To-Morrow.

W. I. M'ARTHUR

1520, 1522, 1524, 1526 Franklin Avenue.

SENSATIONAL REMNANT DAY

AT Penny and Gentles

TO-MORROW!

Unparalleled Bargains in Every Department!

Goods Almost Given Away During the Great Slaughter Sale of Our

ENTIRE NEW YORK BANKRUPT STOCK!

BANKRUPT STOCK.

Remnants of 5c Calicoes; Bankrupt Sale price

2½c.

Remnants All-Wool Dress Goods, worth 50c; Bankrupt Sale price,

15c.

Remnants of 36-inch Dress Goods, worth 25c and 35c; Bankrupt Sale price,

10c.

Remnants of Silk Plush, worth $1; Bankrupt Sale price,

25c.

Remnants of yard-wide Sateens, worth 12½c; Bankrupt Sale price,

5c.

Remnants of Diced Table Linens, worth 25c; Bankrupt Sale price,

10c.

BANKRUPT STOCK KID GLOVES.

Some Slightly Imperfect.

500 pairs Kid Gloves.....19c
500 pairs Kid Gloves.....29c
1,000 pairs French Kid Gloves, New York price 85c. Bankrupt Sale price 39c
1,000 pairs French Kid Gloves, New York price $1. Bankrupt Sale price 49c
1,000 pairs Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, New York price $1.50. Bankrupt Sale price 59c
1,000 pairs Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, New York price $2. Bankrupt Sale price 69c

HOSIERY.

Children's regular-made all-wool hose, ribbed and plain in black and solid colors..... New York Price, 25c.
Boys' heavy-ribbed fast black cotton hose; sizes 7 to 10..... Bankrupt Sale Price, 15c.
Ladies' regular-made all-wool ribbed hose, in black only..... New York Price, 35c.
Ladies' fine quality regular-made gray ribbed cashmere hose..... Bankrupt Sale Price, 21c.

At 10c—40 dozen Men's All-Silk Neckties; New York price, 35c; Bankrupt Sale Price, 10c

At 15c—Men's Oxford Wool Socks, Seamless; New York price, 30c; Bankrupt Sale Price, 15c

1c Counter

Paper Best American Pins, full count.
Cake Good Toilet Soap.
Four-inch Rubber Hair Pins, in black shell and amber.
Four-inch Metal Back Dressing Comb.
Card Safety Pins, Card Hooks and Eyes.
Rubber-tip Lead Pencils.
Bone and Steel Crochet Needles.
Pearl-headed pins; Thimbles.
Roll Black and White Cotton Tape.
Tape Measures; Japanese Fans.
Card Jet Shawl Pins, six on card, 3 in. long.
9, 10 and 11-inch Whalebone.
One doz. White Pearl Buttons, 22, 24, and 26.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

Bankrupt Stock From New York.

$7.50 Long Garment for $2.50
$10.50 Long Garment for $3.50
$15 Long Garment for.....$5

PLUSH.

$20 Plush Top Coats for..$11.75
$25 Plush Sacques for...$13.75
$40 Plush Sacques for $25
$25 Plush Wraps for $13.50

FURS.

At 35c Each—Children's Silk Plush Muffs, best colors. New York price $1.25. Bankrupt Sale price 35c

At 95c Each—Lynx Hare Muffs. New York Price $1.75. Bankrupt Sale price 95c

UNDERWEAR.

For 19 Cents.

CHEMISE—Good muslin, large full-size, trimmed in linen torchon lace, well-made; New York price 25c. Bankrupt Sale Price 19c

For 49 Cents.

GOWN—Mother Hubbard, yoke made of all-over embroidery, good muslin, full size; New York price 89c. Bankrupt Sale Price 49c

For 98 Cents.

GOWN—Mother Hubbard, yoke made of fine Hamburg insertion, cluster tucks between, back yoke made five box plaits, best muslin, a very large, elegant made garment; New York price $1.50. Bankrupt Sale Price 98c

At 35 Cents.

A splendid all-bone CORSET, made with double busk and side steels, good shape, in drab, 18 to 30; New York price 60c. Bankrupt Sale Price 35c

At 59 Cents.

HEALTH CORSET—Made with elastic side piece, well boned, a very desirable and comfortable fitting make; New York price $1. Bankrupt Sale Price 59c

BANKRUPT STOCK MUST GO

In House Furnishing Department.

35c Metal Hand-Lamp.....Friday, 17c
45c Sham-Holders.....Friday, 17c
60c Heavy Door Mats.....Friday, 39c
Superior Clothes-Wringers, warranted to give satisfaction.....Friday, $1 58
One lot Carpet Sweepers, the paint work is damaged.....Friday, 67c

PENNY & GENTLES, SOUTHWEST CORNER BROADWAY AND FRANKLIN AVENUE.

AWAITING THE VERDICT.

THE ACTION OF CONGRESS WATCHED BY THE WORLD'S FAIR WORKERS.

The Special Committee to Report Within a Few Days—The St. Louis Guarantee Fund Now Far the Largest—The Time Said to Be Ample for Preparing for the Fair.

AST night a number of the St. Louis delegation sent to Washington in the interest of the World's Fair, returned to the city. The cause for their return was that the House Committee will not hear oral arguments, that the written briefs have all been prepared, and that the claims of St. Louis have been so clearly set forth that the presence of so large a delegation is not necessary. Among those who returned were Mayor Noonan and George Bain. Both reported that the situation was most favorable to St. Louis, and that the chances of success were excellent; far better than they had been when the delegation arrived in Washington.

COURSE OF THE COMMITTEE.

It should not be understood that there is no one to look after the interests of St. Louis at Washington, as this is far from being the case. A number of the most active members of the committee are still at the national capital, and will remain until the question is settled. When the vote in the House of Representatives will be taken is very uncertain. It is pretty well understood that the committee will make no report recommending any particular location, but will simply recommend that a World's Fair be held. It is the general impression that 1892 will be named as the date, and that six months will be set as the time during which the fair shall be kept open. Just when this report will be made is yet uncertain, but it is expected that it will not be later than Tuesday next. When the matter is in the hands of the House the real fight will commence.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE

will recommend some particular site, but this, it is believed, will not play any particular figure in the contest. The first question to be decided will be the time, and on this subject there are several opinions. Many of the New York men want the Fair postponed until 1895, believing that they will in that case have the best chance of securing it. Chicago favors 1893, while St. Louis and Washington wish the fair held in 1892. The cause of this city was greatly strengthened by the news that Forest Park would be donated as a site by the city authorities. This at once puts St. Louis far in the lead, as regards the amount of the guarantee fund. The value of Forest Park, as a site, is estimated at about $1,500,000. To this should be added the amount that will be expended should St. Louis be awarded the World's Fair. A direct contribution cannot be made, but the city can make appropriations for improving the park which will relieve the fund from that much cost. Nearly $5,000,000 in cash have already been pledged, and when the value of the site and the amount to be expended by the city is added, the sum available will considerably exceed $6,500,000. This is more than $1,000,000 in excess of the New York subscriptions and about double the amount donated by Chicago. St. Louis is thus seen to be greatly in advance of its rivals as far as money is concerned. It has a still greater advantage in regard to the time that would be required to prepare for the fair.

THE TIME AMPLY SUFFICIENT.

It has been stated by the advocates of other cities that the time that will intervene between the date at which the question of site is settled and the spring of 1892 is not sufficient to allow proper preparations to be made. Whatever may be the force of this objection as regards other cities, those who have examined the matter in all its bearings declare that it does not in any way apply to St. Louis. This city, it is positively asserted, can easily have everything in readiness for the fair. In the first place no time will have to be spent in selecting a site or in preparing it for the buildings. The grounds upon which the fair will be held, if it comes to St. Louis, will require no clearing and is in condition for the laborers to go to work at once. Over $4,000,000 are immediately available, and the city authorities can at once put a large force of men to work where they will do the most good. To say that with ample funds, and a perfect site, the energy and enterprise available in St. Louis are not sufficient to erect such buildings as may be required within the period of two years is declared by many who are anxious to secure the fair to be an unjust aspersion upon the ability of those having the fair in charge. Contractors have expressed their complete readiness to undertake the construction of any buildings that may be planned, and to have them ready long before the required time. Other cities may find difficulty in so doing, but it is asserted that St. Louis will have none. As a significant fact it is remarked that the complaints from other cities that the time is too short have only been made since the great strength of St. Louis has been developed. The reason for delay is believed to be for the purpose of preventing the Fair from being located in this city.

WATCHES, MERMOD & JACCARD'S the best. Cor. Broadway and Locust.

DELAYED CONSTRUCTION.

The Union Depot Electric Line Not to Be Completed Until March.

The advent of winter has conspired with other circumstances to delay the completion of the Union Depot electric line. Yesterday the bricklayers deserted their posts at the power-house, and they will not return until the weather becomes more favorable. The road was to have been ready for operation on the 15th inst., but President Scullin said this morning that he had no hopes of operating the road by the electric motor before March 1 or 10. The poles are up to Park avenue, and will be up to Chouteau avenue inside of ten days. The cross wires are all strung and the underground wire laid on the four and one-half miles of track. The delay has all been on the power-house, and was caused by the electrical people failing to furnish the ground plans for the building. An additional amount of work has been done to prevent any trouble with the telephone service, the Boston system being followed closely in this. The line will be the only one in the city on which this precaution has been taken.

DON'T BE A CLAM AND

Remain in ignorance of the great Bargains the merchants offer you in to-day's POST-DISPATCH.

THE SILVER MOVEMENT.

Meeting of the Executive Committee in Washington on Monday.

A telegram was received by Mr. John T. Field from Mr. L. M. Rumsey this morning, dated at Fargo, saying he would arrive so as to be in Washington next Monday, to attend the meeting of the Executive Committee appointed at the National Silver Convention held here last November. The committee was to have met last Tuesday, but failed to secure a quorum. Mr. Rumsey had made all arrangements to go at that time, but was compelled to go to Montana. The meeting at this time is regarded as a very important one. Under the agitation preliminary to and following the convention held here, silver has greatly increased the number of its friends, and it is becoming fashionable now to be a silver man. The committee, at its meeting next week, will outline a plan of campaign to follow this up, and will adopt a memorial to Congress and the people at large. It is probable, also, that the Windom bill will come up, and that the Committee will oppose it on the ground that it is an expedient, and does not represent a principle.

PUBLIC LIBRARY, $1 a year to all persons under 18 years of age.

Plenty of Talent at Home.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 23.—An interesting case has come up here in connection with the census work. The Superintendent of the Census sent five men here, with the special agent for the State. They applied to the Clerk of the Superior Court of the county for permission to examine the records, but he refused to allow them to do so. He would allow Wake County men to do so, if employed by the Government, but not men sent out from Washington.

The Burlington Route to the North and West.

Through trains from St. Louis to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. The best line for Lincoln and Columbus, Neb. Ticket-offices, 112 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

Eloped With a Gambler.

SIOUX CITY, Io., Jan. 23.—"Foxy" Carroll, a well-known gambler here, eloped yesterday with Miss Jessie Halverston, a pretty girl of 17. The young lady is well connected here.

No Safer Remedy can be had for Coughs and Colds, or any trouble of the Throat, than "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Price 25 cts. *Sold only in boxes.*

VALLEY FORGE FOR SALE.

THE REVOLUTIONARY CAMPING-GROUND TO BE CUT INTO TOWN LOTS.

Patriotic Citizens Will Make an Attempt to Prevent What They Consider an Outrage—Some of the Measures Proposed—The Site of the Famous Camp as It Appears at the Present Day.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Jan. 23.—Announcement is made here that the historic revolutionary camp ground of Valley Forge, in Chester County, will soon be sold by its present owners in the shape of building lots. The tract comprises the entire site occupied by Gen. Washington and the Continental army during the winter '77-'78. It covers 190 acres of beautiful rolling meadow land, broken up here and there with abrupt wooded hills. The whole locality is rich with patriotic mementoes, and every rod of the ground is eloquent with suggestions of the past. In the camp, every well informed American school boy knows, was passed the gloomiest and saddest period of the war for independence. There the patriotic army, ragged, half starved, disheartened, without shoes or blankets or proper clothing, slept at night during the whole winter on the bare earth, and in the day time, while providing firewood for their rude, comfortless huts, their foot-tracks of blood on the frozen ground hallowing the very soil by the severity and heroism of their sufferings.

Under these circumstances, therefore, many public spirited citizens of Norristown are regretting that any attempt should be made to

CUT UP THE TRACT

and are advocating its purchase by the State of Pennsylvania as a public park or military cemetery. The State Legislature, however, will not meet until next winter, and consequently no such action, even if it should be deemed expedient, can be taken until then. In the meantime, it is feared that the contemplated division of the property and erection of private residences thereon will go forward and thus render impossible the preservation of the tract as a whole for historical and patriotic purposes.

THE SITE OF THE CAMP

is but a few hundred yards south of the Schuylkill River and commands an extensive view of the lovely scenery along the course of the stream. The old stone mansion occupied as headquarters by Washington and his personal staff fronts the station of the Philadelphia & Reading road. Southward at a distance of a quarter of a mile is the spot where Washington's original headquarters stood, the building, now removed, occupied by him early in December, 1777. At a stone's throw from there is the bubbling spring known as "Washington's spring," on the right bank of Valley Creek. On the other side, a step below, is the site of the old Valley Forge, from which the locality takes its name, built in 1757. To the southeast a few hundred yards, extending

IN A ZIGZAG LINE

approximately north and south for a quarter of a mile, are the remains of the old intrenchments and breastworks still easily distinguished by the irregular and scattered heaps of stones and the uneven elevation of the greensward. To the right of these remains are the foundation stone and decayed timbers of Fort Washington, which served as the eastern bulwark of the camp. Southwest of this a quarter of a mile further, is the site of the headquarters used by Gen. Knox and the officers of his command, and a short distance below, on the other side of Valley Creek, is the site of the Lafayette headquarters. The railroad station near Washington's stone house, which was then owned by

ISAAC POTTS,

is four miles east of Phœnixville, thirty-five miles east of Reading and twenty-three miles northwest of Philadelphia. Residents in the neighborhood still point out to visitors the place under the old oak tree on the left bank of Valley Creek, where Washington was discovered by Isaac Potts on his knees in prayer, his cheeks wet with tears, beseeching the Almighty for guidance and victory for the army intrusted to his command.

CHOICE ANTHRACITE. BERRY & SCRUGGS.

BOUGHT BY A SYNDICATE.

Sale of the Kansas City Packing Co.'s Plant—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—The Kansas City Packing Co.'s plant, owned by Messrs. Morris, Butts & Co., located at Armourdale, has been purchased by a Boston syndicate, which reincorporated with a capital of $3,000,000, and under the name of the Kansas City Packing & Chase Refrigerator Co. The stockholders of the new corporation are J. E. Parker, F. H. Odiorne, A. F. Latham, A. J. Sweeney and A. J. Chase of Boston, and Clay Gregory and O. W. Butts of Kansas City. The capital stock has all been taken.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—There is a serious misunderstanding between Mr. G. W. Henry, purchaser of the Warder Grand Opera-house and Manager Crawford. Mr. Henry claims he bought the place in good faith, and Mr. Crawford claims to have a lease. Mr. Henry is trying to force Mr. Crawford out.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 23.—Franklin Davis shot and killed Enos Russell on a farm seven miles southwest of the city this morning.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 23.—Reinhart Faulk, a German saloon-keeper, was arrested yesterday on sixty charges of carrying on an illicit liquor business.

ST. JOSEPH, Jan. 23.—Hamilton McCoy, an ex-member of the Missouri Legislature, was arrested last night on a charge of obtaining goods on false pretences from the Frazer Boot & Shoe Co.

POPLAR BLUFF, Jan. 22.—James H. Wilson and his wife were drowned in the river here yesterday, by their boat capsizing.

ST. JOSEPH, Jan. 23.—Edward Huffington, a brakeman in the yards of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City Road, was caught between cars yesterday evening and killed.

BOONVILLE, Jan. 23.—William Mitchell fell under an ice wagon yesterday, and was crushed so badly that he died.

HAMILTON, Jan. 23.—Elmer Oldfeed, a prosperous and respected farmer, living one mile south of this place is missing. Several theories have been advanced as to the cause of his remaining away, but none have been verified.

Great Rock Island Route.

The direct, favorite and best from St. Louis via Kansas City to all points in Southern Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado and the Indian Territory. Close connections in Union Depot at Kansas City with solid vestibule express trains (daily) going through without change to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. These trains carry Pullman palace sleepers and free reclining chair cars, warmed by steam from the locomotive, and equipped with every improvement conducive to safety and comfort. Choice of routes via Denver to Salt Lake City, Helena, Portland and San Francisco. Daily trains with Pullman sleeper to Wichita and free reclining chair cars to Kingfisher in Oklahoma. For through tickets, berth reservations, or further information, apply to G. D. Bacon, General Agent Passenger Department, 106 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

JNO. SEBASTIAN,
General Ticket and Passenger Agent.
E. ST. JOHN, General Manager.

A Land-Mark Gone.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—The old Unitarian Church, the house of worship of the First Congregational parish of West Roxbury, situated on South Center and Church streets, in the West Roxbury Ward, was practically destroyed by an incendiary fire about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning. It was an historic edifice, having for more than a century been the church home of a wealthy and cultivated people. It was erected in 1773, was in the best of repair and was a cherished land-mark in the eyes of those living in the vicinity. Its people took prominent part in all the great upheavals of the country from the revolutionary war, when it organized the troops and paid their expenses from the opening to the close of the great struggle. It was active in patriotism in 1812 and again in 1860. Theodore Parker was pastor from 1837 to 1846.

Afraid of Being Lynched.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 23.—As a result of the recent lynching in Barnwell County, the colored people are generally leaving the county for the Southwest. Yesterday forty families, about two hundred persons, left presumably for Arkansas. The movement has been assisted by several agents, representing Arkansas and Mississippi.

OFFICIALS DISAGREE.

CIRCUIT ATTORNEY CLOVER AND MR. OVERALL ON TIN HORSE GAMBLING.

Why the Horses Were Not Delivered to the Gamblers—A Misunderstanding and a Question on the Interpretation of a Statute—A Very Pretty Kettle of Fish.

HE outcome of the cases against the tin-horse gamblers may be interesting yet. The publication in the POST-DISPATCH, telling how the Police Department had begun to return the wheels and was only stopped by Circuit Attorney Clover, who told Chief Huebler of the understanding he had with Vice-President Overall, contained some interesting information and resulted in interviews that will probably affect the cases materially.

After that article appeared Marshall F. McDonald, who was the attorney for the tin-horse men, called upon Mr. Clover to ask an explanation of a previous conversation. Mr. McDonald said: "I told the Chief that I did not intend to demand the wheels if the department wanted to institute further prosecutions, and I learned from Huebler that he did not intend to begin the prosecutions anew. I went to see Ashley Clover and he said that when he returned the misdemeanor indictments he turned the matter over to the Court of Criminal Correction and he did not propose to take any further action in the matter. When I learned that he had stopped the return of the wheels I went to see him and asked him if he did not recall this conversation. Mr. Clover said he did, but he said that he met Mr. Overall one day and Mr. Overall asked him to return new indictments against these men. Mr. Clover said he wanted to know why Mr. Overall did not take the matter into the Court of Criminal Correction and proceed there under warrants, but Overall said he

HAD APPLIED FOR WARRANTS

to Prosecuting Attorney Claiborne and Claiborne had refused them, 'and,' said Ashley, 'Overall asked me as a personal favor to return new indictments.'

"Now," said Mr. McDonald, "I don't care whether they return these wheels or not, but Judge Harvey granted an order commanding the police to return them and Chief Huebler said at the time that he did not propose to proceed any further against the tin horse men, and I do see why Mr. Overall should have made a request in the matter."

MR. OVERALL WAS CALLED UPON

and when the statements that had been made were repeated to him he said: "I did not ask Mr. Clover to return new misdemeanor indictments against these men and I did not say that Claiborne had refused to issue warrants. I never applied for warrants and so far as I know none were ever asked for. I hold that tin horse gambling is not a misdemeanor but a felony. The indictments 'returned for misdemeanors were defective and were wrong, because tin horse gambling certainly comes within the Johnson law. I did not say to Mr. Clover that Mr. Claiborne had refused warrants, but I said to him that the Police Department wanted indictments against the tin horse men and asked him to present the matter to this Grand jury. I have spent $350 of my own money fighting these cases, and certainly the police cannot be criticised for what they have done. They have made their case complete. Now Mr. Clover and Judge Normile say the offense is not a felony. As long as I am in the board I do not mean that the tin horse men shall escape by any such ruling. Mr. Clover and Judge Normile cannot shirk these cases; they are felonies, and they cannot be juggled between those two courts. I insist upon indictments. I never asked for warrants and never intend to, but I propose to push the cases against these men under the felony statute. The first indictments were quashed because they were defective. The word 'feloniously' was omitted from them, which left them indictments drawn in the language of a felony charge but failing to charge a felony. Now I want indictments that are good and I have asked Mr. Clover for them. If his assistant made a mistake in drawing the indictments he ought to correct it."

MR. CLOVER WAS ASKED

about the statement that Mr. Overall had said Mr. Claiborne refused warrants. Mr. Clover's reply was: "I cannot say that Mr. Overall told me that. I had a conversation with him on a street corner, and that was my impression of what passed between us; but I cannot say Mr. Overall said it, and if he says he did not I will not dispute his word. It was my impression of what he said. I did not know, however, that Mr. Overall insisted upon felony indictments. If I had I would not have touched those cases. There is no question about the nature of the offenses; they are misdemeanors and I shall return misdemeanor indictments. The Supreme Court has held in several opinions that only those games which are mentioned in the felony statute come under that statute. Tin horses are not mentioned and beyond any question the tin-horse men can only be prosecuted under the old gambling law, and these cases are only misdemeanor cases."

MR. CLAIBORNE DENIED

that warrants had been refused by him or Mr. Dierkes. "They have never been applied for," he said, "and never refused. I think that these are felony cases and a number of good lawyers agree with me. The substance of the Johnson law is that any game that is set up and maintained, where there is a rake off, is a felony. Tin horse is only another form of roulette, which is mentioned in the statute, and it does not matter whether you call it tin horse or marble horse, it is a felony all the same."

Meanwhile the police have stopped returning the tin horses to the gamblers, and are holding the implements for Mr. Clover's indictments. But there is little likelihood of these flagrant offenders being punished. Judge Campbell and Col. Claiborne hold that the offense is a felony, and therefore the Court of Criminal Correction has no jurisdiction. Judge Normile and Mr. Clover hold that tin-horse gambling is a misdemeanor, and therefore the Criminal Court has no jurisdiction. In other words, both courts declare tin-horse gambling an offense, and each declares that it cannot punish the offenders, so between the two there is a wide way out for the gamblers who have received back their implements, as well as for those who have not.

FOR the cure or prevention of the *Influenza* or *Grippe* take Dr. Enno Sander's Double or Tenfold Carlsbad Water, properly diluted with hot water.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT'S COUSIN.

The Queer Life of an Old Man Who Died at 82 Years.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—John Vanderbilt, a second cousin of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt, died Tuesday evening at his home at Denmark, six miles from Rockaway, N. J. He was 82 years old and was widely known in the neighborhood in which he lived. About a week ago, while cutting wood, he fell and injured himself. An attack of the stripps followed and resulted in his death. The burial takes place at the old Rockaway cemetery this afternoon. John Vanderbilt lived for half a century in Denmark. The town is made up of three or four rough unpainted houses. The country all about is as desolate and uncultivated as if it were a thousand miles from civilization instead of forty miles from New York. The old man used to be an expert fisherman, while his wife, some nine years his junior, was known as the most rapid cleaner of catfish in the country. The couple had, however, grown too old to work and had lately been living with their son, William H. Vanderbilt. The old man frequently spoke of his wealthy relatives. "Cornel, who was afterwards called the Commodore, and I kinder drifted apart after we growed up," said he. "Cornel was at Quarantine and I was in Bergen and we did not see each other much. But we always kept up the acquaintance, and once in a great while I went to see him. He used to tell me he would do something for me, but I think somebody put it into his head that I was a drinking man. The last time I saw him was a year before he died. He asked me to come to see him, for he said our days was getting short and we could not 'sociate together much more. I went to his office after Cornel died and a fellar come out and went out and come out again and gin me a $50 bill.

A YOUNG CONFIDENCE WOMAN.

The Clever Game Played by a Child at an "L" Station in New York.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A pale faced little girl about six years old walked up the steps of the Park place elevated station late yesterday afternoon and at the top of the first flight sunk wearily down, curled herself up in the corner and to all appearances was soon fast asleep. She wore a thin dress, and shivered under a little brown shawl. Two or three business men hurried past her with barely a glance. Still the little one slept on unmindful of the hurrying feet. Finally an elderly man with a kindly face came slowly up the stairs. His foot touched the sleeping girl and he stopped short in astonishment. "Well, bless my soul," he said. Then he stooped down and touching the child on the shoulder asked her why she did not go home out of the cold. The girl awoke with a start.

"I darsent go home, sir," she said in a frightened voice; "me mother would lick me."

"Well, well," repeated the old gentleman, "and what would she whip you for, pray tell me?"

"For not selling any papers. I lost my money for them coming down, and that would make it all the worse for she whips me even if I have a few left over, once in a while."

"It was 15 cents," she went on in answer to the query, "and I was to buy thirty papers with it like I do every night."

"Fifteen cents, well, bless my soul," and the kindly old man pulled a coin from his pocket.

"Here is a half-dollar, my little girl. Now, you run home and keep warm. Don't sell any papers to-night. It's too cold for a little girl like you to be out. Now, run home, that's a good girl."

"Bless my soul," he continued to the reporter, who witnessed the scene. It's outrageous, so it is—outrageous!" He rubbed a tiny drop from his eye and boarded a Harlem train.

And the sad-faced little girl—what did she do? Did she lug the coin to her breast and go home to tell with open-eyed wonder about the kind gentleman who woke her up to give her more money than she could earn in two days selling papers? Nay, nay. She watched the reporter out of sight and then curled herself up in the same corner on the steps to wait for more victims. A young woman gave her a new, crisp $1 bill, and the little 6 year old confidence woman quit business for the day and went home.

KYRLE BELLEW

Expelled From the Lambs Club for an Unpaid Bill of $85.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Mr. Kyrle Bellew, the actor, was dropped from the roll of membership of the Lamb Clubs at the last meeting of the Governing Committee on Monday evening. The cause was a bill of $85 due to the steward of the club for nourishment, solid and liquid. His account was handed to Mr. Bellew before he sailed for Europe, with a request for a check, but he is said to have declined loftily to even look at it, and declared he could not conveniently settle the bill just then. When pressed for the money he promised to send it from London. He failed to do so. Mr. Bellew's airy methods in the club had created a good deal of ill feeling and many members were indignant when they heard he had gone away leaving his bill behind him. The members recalled how Mr. Bellew had bullied the servants of the club and made it appear that nothing in the place was good enough for him. The announcement in the papers a few days ago that he had sailed for Australia probably had some effect in hastening the action of the Governing Committee, for it became apparent then that Mr. Bellew did not contemplate meeting his obligation to the Lambs. At the committee meeting every one seemed glad to get rid of him and that was the feeling also of the club members met yesterday. Some were outspoken in their criticisms. Others were cautious because they had associated with him more or less while he was acting here. They all acknowledge that he was rich and ought not to have left the country with a bill of that kind unsettled. Mr. Bellew got a salary of $450 a week and was always careful of his money. He had a handsome house on the Thames and owned property in this city.

IF YOU FAIL TO

Read the merchants' "cut prices" advertised in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH you will regret it.

IN GIBRALTAR BAY.

Interesting Extracts From the Log of the Squadron of Evolution.

A Midnight Attack on the Boston and Curious Results That Followed.

Quarantined Off Morocco, While the Fleet Is Suffering With "La Grippe"—A Pretty Compliment Paid a Yankee Bark Under the Famous Rock of Gibraltar—Description of the Evolutions and Other Matters of Interest.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

SQUADRON OF EVOLUTION, ON BOARD THE ATLANTA, TANGIER, MOROCCO, Jan. 2, 1890.—Getting under way at 3:30 p. m. on the last day of the old year and parting company, off Cape Roca, with the Enterprise, whose commander wished us bon voyage and stood on his course to the northward, the squadron of evolution proceeded on its way to the country of the Moors. At dawn of the New Year Cape St. Vincent and a long coast line, historic in naval annals, were visible. The weather being very fine and the water smooth, steaming tactics were indulged in to a great extent throughout the day. From "Echelon of Sections" the day formation, the vessels formed a column, which is a little different from the ordinary column, being so arranged that the vessels cannot possibly run each other down. Then by right turn we formed line and closed into half distance. The next formation was "echelon right in front;" then, by left half turn we formed line again. Another left half turn formed us into "echelon left in front." Then the vessels formed into column and kept that formation up to the time of anchoring. All maneuvers were executed promptly and with much skill. At 10 a. m., after a pleasant run of about forty hours at moderate speed, we dropped anchor in the harbor of Tangier. How striking has been the change from the grand old capital of Portugal to this ragged tumbledown, confused mass of architecture. Forty hours has indeed brought us to the confines of a Barbary State. The very air seems impregnated with the fact. A single merchant vessel, flying the English flag, is here to remind us that commerce exists with the outside world; and a single vessel flying the Moorish flag is here to remind us that Morocco boasts a navy.

At 11:30 the Chicago saluted the Moors with twenty-one guns, and immediately afterward the works of a crumbling old battery were swarming with turbaned heads, and bang, bang, bang, came their salute in response. Several cases of influenza have manifested themselves on every vessel in the squadron, showing that Jack stands quite as much in need of a good, reliable nose trouble as any personage on shore, whatever his rank. With this exception the general health of the squadron is good. A fleet of boats, numbering about thirty-five belonging to the squadron, exercised this afternoon in the harbor.

LYING IDLY AT ANCHOR.

"TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 3, 1890.—We are lying idly at anchor, tossed by a heavy westerly swell, with the quarantine flag flying forward and a nasty rain beating on our decks and making everything perfectly miserable. I entertained strong hopes yesterday of getting a letter on board a little steamer which sails daily for Gibraltar, but the Mr. Hyde look which an Arab coxswain bestowed on me when I asked him to convey it reminded me that I was an infidel dog and that upon his head some one would heavily sit if his lord and master's, the Sultan's decrees were evaded.

Our boats are not allowed to approach within a half a mile of the beach; neither is anything allowed to be landed.

A boat belonging to a French merchant came alongside just now with game, eggs and fruit, and I again attempted to smuggle a letter on shore, but all to no purpose.

A guardian of Tangier's sanitary laws was present to render this out of the question by snorting "Impossible." I sympathized with the individual a few moments before, and hoped he were better supplied with clothing than he seemed to be: but now I devoutly hope a whirlwind such as the one which carried off Elijah may swipe him to Terra del Fuego.

thirty-nine cases of influenza on the Boston were reported this morning; on the Atlantic, eleven, and on the Yorktown nine. The Chicago is much worse off.

A MIDNIGHT ATTACK.

"ON BOARD THE ATLANTIC SQUADRON OF EVOLUTION, BAY OF TANGIER, Jan. 3, 1890.—On the night of January 2, while the squadron of Evolution lay quietly at anchor in the Bay of Tangier, Rear Admiral Walker issued an order to make a night attack on the Boston with the boats of the various vessels. The night being very clear, and the moon shining brightly, this undertaking was far from promising success to those who were detailed to engage in it. Notwithstanding this, however, two boats managed to effect the object aimed at, viz., to approach the Boston within 100 yards without being discovered by her search lights. An arrangement having been effected on board the Atlanta, the boats, of which there were twelve, forming three squadrons of four boats each, left the vessel at 7:40 p. m. and proceeded in different directions. The Boston, which was anchored outside the rest of the fleet, had the Yorktown on her starboard bow, distant about two cables, and the Chicago well astern on the same quarter, distant about three cables, while the Atlanta lay almost directly abeam on her starboard side, distant about four or five cables. The first squadron, under command of Lieut. G. H. Peters of the Atlanta, pulled in close to the shore, near an old Roman tower, and laid on oars waiting the time of attack which was set at 8:10 p. m. The second squadron, Lieut. Schultz of the Chicago commanding, pulled under the wake of the Chicago's starboard quarter, while the third squadron, commanded by Lieut. Calwell of the Yorktown, lay off the Atlanta's starboard beam. No intimation of the attack was given the Boston's people beyond a signal to test search lights, which the whole squadron received simultaneously. The search lights of the four vessels were being used with brilliant effect all over the harbor, when the first squadron moved slowly up, with tarpaulins over bows and muffles on oars. It had been agreed that the boats should keep under cover of the Yorktown, which acted as a screen against the Boston search lights, then, when nearing her, three boats should dash around the bow at long intervals, and while the enemy's search lights were diverted by their movement, the other boat was to dash around the stern and torpedo her. This plan met with success. The boat which Lieutenant Commander Coudon, Executive Officer of the Atlanta and senior officer in charge of the whole attack, directed, approached within a hundred yards and fired a green light in token of success. It is claimed that the Atlanta's first whale boat, Ensign Rodgers, also managed to reach the prescribed limits without the search light playing on her. The remaining ten boats were unsuccessful, although the plan to catch the Boston napping was admirably and skillfully executed. That these exercises contribute much in arousing a spirit of rivalry and keen competition among the men there can be no doubt. There exists abundant evidence that each boat's crew in matters of this kind far outdo their ordinary efforts.

BOUND FOR GIBRALTAR.

Sunday, Jan. 5.—At sea. The squadron left Tangier at 8:40 this morning, having failed to secure pratique. I have scarcely suffered more rigid quarantine on arrival from yellow fever ports. We had no communication with the shore whatever.

AT GIBRALTER.

GIBRALTAR, 1:30 p. m.—The squadron has anchored in Gibraltar Bay at a short distance from the British squadron, composed of H. M. S. Anson, Benbow, Monarch, Ironduke, Colossus and Northumberland. Pratique has been granted.

UNDER THE FAMOUS ROCK.

"GIBRALTAR BAY, Jan. 6, 1890.—With the stupendous rock of Gibraltar towering 1,400 feet above them and bounded on all sides by the latest monsters of the British Navy, the four saucy cruisers composing our squadron of evolution ride serenely at anchor—while models of symmetry and grace, fair and refreshing to look upon.

The famous rock, with its galleries hewn out of the solid stone and bristling with guns, is one of the sights of the world, and, it is needless to say, the object of greatest concern to those of our boys who are viewing it for the first time. The rock is separated from the main land by a low sandy neck of land called the neutral ground. Here stalk silently in full view of each other the English and Spanish sentries. At San Roche and Algesias the Spaniards have erected extensive fortifications, and a large garrison is kept. The English garrison Gibraltar with about 6,000 of their best troops and maintain a vigilant and sharp lookout. There is very little chance, therefore, of its being captured; even the most enthusiastic Spaniards admit this and are visibly despondent in consequence. Gibraltar is generally said to command the straits, which are fifteen miles wide, but this must be understood in a Pickwickian sense at the present day, as there is nothing to prevent steamers going through at any time. While the western side of the rock has been strongly fortified by man, nature has made its eastern face entirely inaccessible to assault—it is almost perpendicular. The town is built at the foot of the mountain, on the northwestern side, and the houses, which are mostly painted white, rise gradually above each other, looking very neat and pretty. The rock is almost entirely barren and dotted with cavities. Obelisks also appear at intervals, which at first sight impress one with the belief that they are tombstones. They are, however, hollow and exist for ventilating purposes. Across the bay, nine miles distant, is Algesias, a Spanish town of some importance, while looking toward the coast of Africa lies the famous Apes Hill, from where, old sailors will tell you, our forefathers, the monkeys, embarked in coaconut shells and overran the rock.

It is near "Taps" and the martial clangor of bugles resounds from the various barracks on the water front and from the ships of the British and our own squadron. The signal guns have been fired and now all is still and the water as smooth as a mill pond. Not a breath of air is stirring and as we gaze at the huge dark rock in its still and tremendous majesty we feel that we are, indeed, in the presence of the mightiest sentinel nature has provided man to adopt for good or ill. Our own squadron though far from being as formidable as the 10,500 ton monsters which lie almost beside them, will bear comparison in all that pertains to trimness, effectiveness, model and general man-of-war appearance. The Chicago seems the beau ideal of a fighting craft alongside the Monarch, Ironduke and Northumberland. These vessels are rigged like the Chicago, but have not her "breakaway and come-at-it-again" look. "That blooming Yank is a blawsted fine ship, Bill," said one of the crew of the health steamer as the Admiral's barge, bearing Admiral Walker, pulled smartly around the stern of the Anson. The health authorities have been very courteous in their treatment of us, exacting only that such persons as are suffering from influenza should not be permitted to land.

IF YOU FAIL TO

Read the merchants' "cut prices" advertised in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH you will regret it.

SEEKING AN ASYLUM.

A Slight Misapprehension as to the Purposes of the Office of Justice of the Peace.

An aged colored man with his back bent with age and with little kinks of grizzled hair sprouting out all over his face entered Judge Ryan's office yesterday afternoon. He was dressed in an old pair of military trousers patched and mended in innumerable places, an old torn linen duster tied around his waist by a strap, a black straw hat with a hole in the top but which was covered carefully by an old scarf which was knotted in an intricate manner under his chin. One foot was enveloped in an old carpet slipper and on the other he wore an ancient appearing cavalry boot with the spur attached. The old man cautiously opened the door, looked in, and then hobbled up towards the stove where he seated himself in a chair with a sigh of relief.

"What can I do for you?" asked Judge Ryan as he looked at the curiously-dressed figure reclining comfortably in the chair.

"Oh, nuffin, sah—nuffin, sah, I guess. I'se safe heah, isn't I?"

"Oh, you're safe here, I guess; but what do you want here?"

"I'se jes' 'scaped from de ole woman, dat's all. She's waitin' on de corner, an' she's got a big club."

Judge Ryan went to the window and there on the corner, sure enough, stood a queer-looking colored woman with a wagon spoke in her hand.

"What's the matter between you and your wife?"

"Oh! we'se had a scrummige dis mohnin' an' I left."

"What made you come here? Do you want a warrant for her arrest?

"No sah," replied the old man promptly, "I doesn't want any warrant. I jest came here fur pertection. Dis is a Justice's office, ain't it?"

"Yes," said Judge Ryan, rather impatiently but also highly amused, "This is a Justice office. What can I do for you?"

"Nuffin, only I jest wants to stay heah till de ole woman goes away. All I wants is pertection."

The old man composed himself in the chair contentedly until Justice Ryan informed him that, while the office was that of a Justice of the Peace, it was not an established asylum of safety.

The old man made some inquiries as to what legal steps he could take to protect himself, and as to how much the peace warrant proceeding would cost.

While conversing with the Judge he had sidled up to the window, where he saw that the "old woman" had deserted her post, where she had been so diligently watching for him, and with an exclamation of relief he announced his intention of returning home. He said that if his wife persisted in ill-treating him he would return and swear out a peace warrant against her.

With a nod of thanks to the Judge he then shambled down the stairs and disappeared around the corner.

SOFT EGG COAL. BERRY & SCRUGGS.

PROHIBITION IN KANSAS.

Suits Brought Against Druggists Who Are Accused of Selling Liquor.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 23.—Suits have been brought against fifteen druggists in this city for violating the prohibition law. The law prescribes that a druggist can sell only on a physician's prescription, and that the person presenting the prescription must make affidavit that he is sick or that the liquor is for a sick person. The druggist is under a thousand dollars bond to observe the law and makes monthly returns. These returns attracted the attention of the Attorney-General and an investigation followed. One druggist had sworn that he had sold 200 flasks of whisky in one day to people attacked by la grippe. Monday a meeting of the druggists was held and the State agreed not to prosecute if they would go to the District Court and have a permanent injunction allowed against them. The druggists were satisfied to do this, but reconsidered, and began to work to get off by testifying against others. The result is the filing of the fifteen suits.

A VETERAN SHOWMAN DEAD.

Influenza, Followed by Pneumonia, Ends the Life of Adam Forepaugh.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 23.—Adam Forepaugh, the veteran circus manager, died late last night at his residence in this city.

Mr. Forepaugh had been ailing for some time past. He was attacked a week or two ago with the prevailing influenza epidemic which three or four days ago developed into pneumonia.

Mr. Forepaugh was originally a butcher, but many years ago he embarked in the circus business in which he was very successful, getting together a most extensive circus and menagerie, with which he amassed a fortune which is estimated at more than $1,000,000. He was a large real estate owner.

Mr. Forepaugh was 68 years old. He leaves a wife and one son, Adam, Jr., who will succeed to his immense circus property.

HALF rates at the Public Library. All persons under 18 only $1 a year.

BIG ENGLISH RACES.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS AND NEWMARKET STAKES.

Prominent Colts That Are Entered for the Events—How Enthusiast Defeated Donovan—Rio Del Rey's Wonderful Speed—Result of Yesterday' Racing at Clifton—Base Ball and General Sporting News.

BY THE English Derby as a racing fixture going over until as late as June 4, says the New York *Herald*, more than ordinary attention will be paid to the Two Thousand Guineas, to be run at Newmarket on April 30, and the Newmarket Stakes, to be run at the second spring meeting on May 21. As to the Two Thousand Guineas, it closed on October 30, 1888, with eighty-one subscribers, under the old conditions of £100 each for starters, half forfeit, colts to carry 126 pounds and fillies 121 pounds, the second to have £200 out of the stakes and the third to save its stake. Of the eighty-one subscribers no less than seventy-three are reported to be in training, of which a great majority are at Newmarket.

Those who won as 2-year-olds number in all twenty-two, with four of them winners of four races each—viz., Baron Rothschild's Heaume, by Hermit, and Le Nord, by Tristan, trained by Alfred Hayhoe; Lord Penrhyn's Far Niente, by Galliard, trained at Exton Park by W. Allen, and Mr. W. Low's Right Away, by Wisdom, in John Porter's hands at Kingsclere. Of those with three wins is the Derby favorite, Surefoot, who is also by Wisdom, and Loup, by Mask. The latter, the property of the Duke of Hamilton, is being trained at Newmarket by Robert Marsh. Those each with two wins are Keythorpe, by Tibthorpe; Fear Disgrace, by Petrarch; Blue Green, by Cœruleus, and Peterhof, by Peter. As for the Derby the general opinion seems to be that either Le Nord or Heaume will win. But as there are a number of "dark horses" in training the spring betting will likely show that more than one of them have a chance to lead up the Rowley mile.

The Australian colts are also in the Guineas, and, as was the case with the Americans in 1880 and 1881, are carefully watched. Late in December Mr. Stevens, the representative of Mr. James White, the owner of the colts, visited Newmarket and saw them gallop, of which the *Sportsman* says:

Matthew Dawson stripped the Australian colts engaged in the Derby and put them through their facings with the older horse from the Antipodes. Merely noticing it as a fast gallop, and ignorant of the allotted imposts, it is only necessary to chronicle the fact that the oldest of those tried gained the best of the spin, and that Narellan, who had the services of the Australian jockey, Boase, finished in front of his similarly marked stable companion, Kirkham. Those who witnessed the gallop were favorably impressed with the smooth style in which the youngsters moved, although it was, to use a racing phrase, "only a jump off for speed," the distance traversed being about six furlongs up the snugly sheltered Ditch trial grounds.

Another "dark fun" that is likely to attract some attention is the Duke of Portland's colt St. Serf, by St. Simon, out of Feronia, by Thormanby. He only ran once last year, and then was third for the Clearwell Stakes, won by Rightaway, with Baron Rothschild's French colt Vermillion, by Tristan, second. St. Serf ran green, and it was said at the time that he would be dangerous in 1890. Next to Vermillion, if he is "fitted" for the Derby not a few in England say that he will prove better than Le Nord.

As to the Newmarket Stakes, it can scarcely be said whether as a racing event it is yet a success or failure. It was run for the first time last year, having been established by the Jockey Club under pressure that something had to be done to strengthen up the second spring meeting. To do so the Stewarts put the Derby back a week, and thus sandwiched in a big 3-year-old stake between the two races and the first Derby. When the engagement was of a stake of £7,500, but the requisite entries were not made, it securing only 204 subscribers at £30 each. Thus for the initial race £1,410 had to be added. The race to be run in May is announced to be of the value of £6,500, and as it only got 165 subscribers at £30 each, another big sum of added money will have to be paid out. As a race last year the Newmarket Stakes attracted no less than seventeen starters. It is run "Across the Flat" (mile and a quarter), said to be the best race course in the world. It was won by the Duke of Portland's Donovan, with the same owner's the Turcophone second, Laureate third, with Enthusiast, the winner of the Two Thousand Guineas, unplaced, he having beaten Donovan by a head for that race.

As expected, the result of the Newmarket stakes showed that Donovan's defeat was a fluke and due entirely to the brilliant dash made by Tom Cannon in the last strides, he in a measure catching Fred Barrett "napping" after he had stalled off a desperate rush made by Watts on Pioneer, who finished third. Enthusiast and Pioneer were owned by the Bairds, the former by Mr. Douglas and the latter by Mr. Abington. Their plan no doubt was for Watts to challenge with Pioneer and when he was settled for Cannon to dash up with Enthusiast and catch Barrett before he could settle down again. The plan worked well, for it was generally believed that Donovan was to be saved as far as possible, in view of his engagements for the Newmarket Stakes and Derby. No such mistake was made for them, Donovan winning the Newmarket by two lengths and the Derby by a length and a half, neither Enthusiast nor Pioneer being placed.

As to the probable starters for the Newmarket Stakes next May much will of course depend on the result of the Guineas. The field, however, is sure to be large, for the entrance, £30, is play or pay, and, barring the jockey's fee, it costs no more to run than to stay in the stable. But as the "cracks" are nearly all engaged the result may again be a reversal of the Guineas, with Mr. Low's Right-Away, Baron Rothschild represented by Lenord, Vermillion or Heaume, and the Duke of Westminster by Blue-Green. But with the Duke of Portland's Semolina and Mr. Henry Milner's Riviera as starters, the fillies may make the race a sequel to the One Thousand Guineas or a prelude to the Oaks.

Clifton Races.

CLIFTON, N. J., Jan. 23.—The races here yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, purse $300, selling allowances, one mile and a quarter—My Own won handily by half a length from Banbridge, who was six lengths in front of Monte Cristo, with Manhattan fourth. Time, 2:14½.

Second race, purse $300, for all ages, weight ten pounds below the scale, five furlongs—King Hazen won by two lengths from Golden Rod, who was six lengths in front of American, with Gypsy fourth. Time, 1:03¾.

Third race, purse $300, selling allowances, seven and one-half furlongs—Prodigal won easily by three lengths from Melodrama, who was the same distance in front of Redlight, with Crispine fourth. Time, 1:33.

Fourth race, the Exile Handicap, purse $500, one mile and a furlong—Miss Cody won handily by three lengths, while W. Daly beat Philip D. a nose for the place. J. J. O'B. was beaten off. Time, 1:56¾.

Fifth race, purse $300, for all ages, to carry 105 pounds, penalties, seven and one-half furlongs—Going up the back-stretch Ofalee went to the front, and, opening up a big gap, won by three lengths from Little Jake, who was two lengths in front of Henry George, with Barnum fourth, Frejols fifth and Seatick last. Time, 1:37½.

Sixth race, one mile, purse $500—Van won in a race which was practically all his own from the start to finish, the others never being in it. Swift was second, Gounod third. Time, 1:44½.

Rio Del Rey's Great Speed.

A California gentleman who has been in Chicago for a few days speaks in glorious terms of Theodore Winter's 2-year-old colt, Rio Del Rey, brother of Emperor of Norfolk and El Rio Rey. He says the youngster is bigger, better shape, has better legs and more speed than El Rio Rey.

The best trial El Rio Rey ran before crossing the mountains was three furlongs with 120 pounds up in 36¾ seconds. That was done early in April. At Reno in December, Rio Del Rey carried 128 pounds and ran three furlongs in 35½ seconds.

GOT HIS SECOND WIND.

Hornbacher Defeats Dailey in a Fight With Two-Ounce Gloves.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Eugene Hornbacher of New York, and Edward Dailey of Providence, fought with two-ounce gloves at a resort on Long Island for a purse of $500 yesterday morning. From the first to the tenth round there was scarcely a blow struck, but from this point to the twenty-seventh round the fighting was spirited, Dailey seeming to have slightly the advantage. Then Hornbacher got his second wind and did furious work. In the thirteenth round Dailey was so badly punished that he went down. His second claimed a foul, but the referee refused to allow it, and as Dailey had not arisen at the end of twelve seconds the fight was given to the New York man.

Sporting Notes.

The Olympic Bowling Club bowl a match with the Western Rowing Club to-morrow night.

Saturday evening the Olympic Football Club gives its second hop at the South St. Louis Turner Hall.

Wm. H. Catton will take Wm. Sexton's place in the billiard tournament to be held in New York and Chicago. Schaefer will not enter.

Hugh McSparrow, champion light-weight of New Mexico, yesterday knocked out Jimmy Edwards, champion middle-weight of Arizona, in six rounds, at Galop, N. M.

B. A. McFadden of the M. A. A. C., and George Stookey of the Pastime Athletic Club of Belleville, are to wrestle catch-as-catch-can, best two falls in three, for a $50 gold medal at Belleville to-morrow.

Jimmy Carroll of Brooklyn knocked out Mike Lucie of Philadelphia before the Golden Gate Athletic Club of San Francisco last night for a purse of $1,200. The fight lasted only seven rounds and Lucie was never in it. The men are middle-weights, Carroll weighing 160¼ and Lucie less than 158 when they entered the ring.

Bud Renaud, the general manager of the Sullivan and Kilrain prize fight, offers to match Andy Bowen, the champion of Louisiana, against Mike Daly of Boston, or Billy Myer of Streator, Ill., or any other light-weight pugilist in America, to fight according to *Police Gazette* rules, for $1,000 to $2,500 a side, and will allow Daly or Myer expenses to fight within 200 miles of New Orleans in four or six weeks from signing articles.

Base Ball Notes.

Mr. Von der Ahe will sell out his club to the proposed local Brotherhood organization for $81,000. No doubt there will be a mad rush for it at this figure.

Secretary Brunnell of the Players' League claims there is no chance for St. Louis to be admitted unless a vacancy occurs and that such a thing is highly improbable.

Dave Orr, Captain and first baseman of the Columbus Club, has signed with the Brooklyn Brotherhood Club. So has Thomas Kinslow, catcher for the London (Ontario) Club.

"When a Fool Has

bethought himself, the market is empty." Recollect that the bargains the merchants advertise in the POST-DISPATCH to-day are in small lots, and go early.

THE MOB MAY GET THEM.

Arrest of the Brutal Murderers of Constable Long Under Exciting Circumstances.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CATLETSBURG, Ky., Jan. 23.—As a sequel to the atrocious murder of Constable Robert Long and the dangerous wounding of his wife in their residence Sunday night in Guyandotte County, W. Va., five of the most desperate criminals that the mountains of this vicinity ever sheltered were arrested last night, charged with the outrage. The prisoners are John and Dell McCoy, Rice Jimison, Clark Fowler and George Redding. They are among the most famous desperadoes in the Kentucky and West Virginia mountains. The crime for which the men were apprehended and which aroused the residents of the Big Sandy Valley for fifty miles, occurred Sunday night on the West Virginia border, seventy-five miles from this city. A Guyandotte County official lost his life and his wife narrowly escaped a similar fate. When the neighbors responded to the cries for help from Mrs. Long they found the Constable dying, his body riddled with bullets, and his wounded wife vainly endeavoring to stop the flow of blood from a gaping wound on her face. The wounded woman said that while she was lying in bed by her husband's side asleep she was awakened by the sudden bursting in of the door, followed by a fusilade of bullets from the revolvers of masked men, who immediately crowded into the room. The furniture in this room was marked in various places by flying bullets.

MRS. LONG

failed to recognize the intruders. She miraculously escaped the flying bullets, but as the murderers were leaving one turned back, and placing a Winchester close to her head with the expression "Now follow your husband," fired. A part of her jaw was torn away by the explosion. She heard the gang mount their horses and retreat toward the mountains. The husband died in an hour without regaining consciousness. Fourteen bullet holes were in his body. Eight or ten men are supposed to have participated in the cowardly attack. The persistency with which the officer has sought to suppress the moonshiners of that locality probably provoked the outrage. By the break of day every officer in the vicinity of the killing was on the trail of the outlaws. The tracks were plainly followed to the mountain regions, but all their efforts to catch them were in vain. The hunt was vigorously kept up by officers and citizens until last night, when the alleged murderers were traced to their lair by United States Marshal Sims of Prestonburg. A youth whom the officers had befriended in the past, the son of "Loot" Jacken the notorious moonshiner who was killed while resisting arrest last spring at Paintsville, gave the officer a clew Monday night. He related how for the past month a gang of criminals had occupied a "shanty boat" on the Tug Branch of the Big Sandy, fifteen miles from the

SCENE OF THE MURDER.

Last night, at midnight, the marshal and posse crept up to the hiding place of the hunted men. The boat was pulled up in an old slough. So dark were the surroundings of the hiding place from overhanging trees, that one unfamiliar with the location might have passed within a rod without suspecting its existence. The five men were found in bed and were secured before a shot could be fired. The place was literally an arsenal, Winchester rifles and revolvers of large caliber lying around the room in profusion. Each man slept with a belt bristling with revolvers. A number of horses were found in the vicinity. The place is supposed to be the rendezvous for a regularly organized gang of thieves. Though the evidence against the suspects is meager, the people in the community where the dastardly crime was committed are confident that they have the right parties. To prevent summary justice being visited upon the wretches by the outraged citizens, they were conveyed to Richmond for safe keeping. The excitement is intense and mob violence is liable to develop.

ONLY $1 for 100 finest visiting cards from plate, and $1 50 for 100 cards and engraved copper plate at MERMOD & JACCARD'S, Cor. Broadway and Locust.

Opposed to an Electric Motor.

The citizens and property-holders who are objecting to the Lindell Railway Co.'s bill now before the City Council, giving that corporation the right to build a double track electric railway on Finney avenue will hold a meeting at 8 o'clock to-night at O'Brien & Cullinane's livery stable, 1028 North Vandeventer avenue, to take such action on the matter as it is thought best. All property-holders and residents along the proposed line who are opposed to the granting of the franchise are expected to attend the meeting.

The Work of Young Fiends.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 23.—While Angelo Marello, an Italian girl, aged 17, was picking coal on Friday last at the dumps, three boys stole up behind her and set fire to her clothing. The police who did not hear of the case until last night, have no clew to the perpetrators.

ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE,

414 and 416 North Broadway.

STOCK-TAKING SALE BARGAINS!

Ladies' Moquette and Velvet Brussels covered Rocking Chairs, 75c Each

Folding Cutting or Card Tables, with yard measure ..... 75c Each

Fine Enameled Linen Playing Cards ..... 10c Pack

American China Chamber Sets, with beautiful hand-painted Moss Rose, Wild Flowers, Grasses and Gold Edge Decorations .... $2.89 Per Set

100 Assorted Colored Composition 1¼-inch Poker Chips, put up in wooden box ..... 25c Box

Genuine Oil Paintings, 22x36, with heavy 4-inch bronze, silver or gilt frame ..... $1 Each

Fine French China Triple Width Coin Gold Band Coffee Cups and Saucers ..... $1 Per Set

Very Fine Center Tables, with Silk Plush top and Polished Brass legs, $1.69 Each

If you want to buy goods cheap, don't miss this sale. Wholesale department on second floor. Special prices made to close out lots prior to stock-taking on Feb. 1.

ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE CO.,

414 and 416 North Broadway.

NEW RAILROAD RATES.

CHANGES MADE BY THE WESTERN CLASSIFICATION COMMITTEE.

Provisions Governing the Shipment of Goods at Owner's Risk—Revised Classification of Tobacco, Cornmeal, Buckwheat Flour and Other Articles of Merchandise—Chance for a Reduction in Dry Goods.

THE Western classification, taking effect January 25, has been issued by the Western Classification Committee, J. T. Ripley, chairman, and governs the shipments on all roads west of the Mississippi River and on through billing from points east of the river to points west; also on all business from St. Louis to Texas points, with very few general exceptions.

There are seventy-six roads interested, and it also governs all shipments via the Transcontinental to the Pacific coast. There are over three hundred changes embodied, which have been published in the circulars issued from time to time by the Chairman. Shippers should carefully note the change in rule 4, wherein it says: When a reduced rate is given on account of owner assuming risk of carriage, shippers must note in full the words, "owners' risk," on shipping ticket or bill of lading. When this is omitted the freight will be charged at one class higher than the rate provided for shipments at owners' risk, unless otherwise provided in the classification. The important change in this rule is that the letters "O. R." will not be sufficient, but must be written in full not only on the shipping ticket, but on the bill of lading as well. When this is omitted the next highest rate will be collected from consignee and the goods carried at the "owners risk" as well.

Rule 5, provides that when the classification

CALLS FOR A "RELEASE,"

such must be executed on form provided by carrier, otherwise one class higher will be charged.

Rule 17, providing for articles too large to be loaded in a box car, has been changed from 4,000 pounds to 5,000 pounds minimum weight. Agricultural implements returned for repairs must be returned over the line originally forwarded by in order to secure half tariff rates. Bagging or bags N. O. S. have been raised from third to second class. Burlaps are fifth class in carload. Brass wire is fourth class in car load. Corn meal has been changed from wheat tariff rates to flour rates in car loads. Logwood and dye woods have been made second class, l. c. l. and fourth c. l.

Buckwheat flour has been changed from a minimum weight of 200 pounds per barrel to actual weight; millinery goods have been changed to some extent from first class n. o. s. to double first feather, gold trimmed hats and bonnets being specified. Steam heaters have been made one and a half first class, carriers' risk, and third class released, and may be loaded with stoves. Tobacco twist has been placed on an equal footing with plug tobacco, and the same rules govern its shipment. Smoking tobacco in barrels, boxes or kegs has been made second class. Vehicles returned for repairs have been placed on the same footing as agricultural implements. Several minor changes have been made in wagons and parts in less than car load. With each issue of the classification an improvement is noticed, and the committee are to be congratulated on the few errors to be found in the present issue.

PIECE GOODS RATE.

Shippers of dry goods from this city to Texas points have been agitating the question of securing a reduction on cotton piece goods to third class, and it is said on good authority that the roads in interest have taken the matter under consideration, and the end aimed at by the St. Louis shippers will be attained inside of thirty days. The trouble is that the St. Louis rate governs in Mississippi and Alabama and this territary which is competitive, on this business, will secure the same rate.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

The Interstate Association held an adjourned meeting to-day.

The Mobile & Ohio Railway are rock ballasting the St. Louis division.

C. A. Parker, general freight agent of the Mo. P., has gone to Kansas City.

F. J. Smith has been appointed General Agent of the Union Pacific at Denver.

W. B. Sexton, agent of the Northern Pacific Railway in this city, has gone West on business.

H. A. Johnson has been appointed General Freight Agent of the Denver, Texas & Fort Worth.

The Erie Dispatch Fast Freight Line will operate over the Big Four, St. Louis division, after February 1.

The Chicago & Eastern Illinois is to be consolidated with the Mackey system, President Potter to give place to Mr. Mackey as general manager.

The Kansas City & Southwestern elected the following directors: Geo. J. Gould, S. H. H. Clark, Geo. C. Smith, D. S. H. Smith and E. G. Merriam.

The Memphis Convention adjourned yesterday at 1 p. m., subject to the call of the Chairman. The new road, if built, will be a direct cut into St. Louis territory.

An Escaped Prisoner Recaptured.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Jan. 23.—Joe Cross, one of the five prisoners who escaped from the United States Jail here last November, has been recaptured at Krebbs, I. T., by Deputy Marshal Wm. Ellis. Cross was peddling whisky and offered to sell some to Ellis. The latter recognized him and ordered him to throw up his hands. Instead he grappled with the officer and called for his pals. A number of shots were fired and he finally got away. The next day he was found at a farmhouse with a ball through his head, exposing the brain. He is fatally hurt. Cross was convicted of larceny and was the ring-leader of the escaping prisoners.

LADIES OF ST. LOUIS

Give thanks to-day for the bounteous *spread* the merchants give you in the columns of the POST-DISPATCH of Real Bargains for to-morrow.

ALTON, ILL.

Last Night's Snow Storm—Removal of Letter Carriers—Notes and Gossip.

The heavy snow storm of last night stopped all the street cars while it lasted. As soon as the car companies could get out their men, the tracks were cleared.

Mrs. Caroline Buck, wife of Charles Buck, died yesterday morning at the family residence on Second and Spring streets, after a brief illness. The deceased was born in Nuremberg, Bavaria, March 5, 1847. She has been a resident of Alton for many years. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. C. E. Bradish, Superintendent of the Huse-Loomis Ice Co., has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to leave for New Orleans, accompanied by his family, where they will spend the winter.

The letter-carriers are being removed one by one. John T. Ryan was removed yesterday and Harry Filley put on his route. Only two of the old force now remain.

The river here is full of floating ice, and should the present cold weather continue for a while the ice-men here will yet get ice.

Dorsey & Mann made the following transfer of real estate yesterday: A tract of land near North Alton, owned by A. J. Degenhart, to J. Thompson; consideration, $800.

The grip is getting in its work on both the daily papers here. W. A. Murphy, managing editor, and Harvey Dennison, city editor of the *Telegraph*, were attacked yesterday. There are also five of the employes of the *Sentinel-Democrat* off with it. The physicians here cannot meet the demand for their services. No fatal cases yet.

OUT OF DEATH'S JAWS.

Plucky Boys Save a Comrade From a Terrible Fate.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—Little Dave Murphy, a Salem lad of 10 years, will never again be so near death and escape as on yesterday afternoon. He was playing with other boys about the big sluiceway in the mill pond, near Margin street, in Salem. In attempting to roll a big stone in the race he lost his balance and followed the stone in the swift current. Down he went into the great box, from eight to ten feet below the surface before any of his playmates could save him and was carried under ground until he was shot upward into the whirlpool beyond the railroad. On coming to the surface only a small portion of his back was visible, the face being entirely under water. There have been previous cases of drowning at this sluice, but no one has been known to go through it at the same stage of water and come out alive. Young Murphy when he shot out from beneath was whirled around with lightning rapidity and but for the promptness of his playmates would have died. The lads took the little fellow, stood him on his head to let the water run out and then rolled him with a will. At the end of many anxious minutes the drowned boy came to with a gasp, and then burst into tears, the other little fellows joining him in hearty boyish sympathy.

HAPPY THOUGHT! Take a ticket in the Public Library. Only $1 a year.

A Negro's Opinion of His Race.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 23.—The Rev. L. M. Hagood, pastor of an African Methodist Church, preached last night on "What I Would Do for a White Man." He said that as to associating with colored men, no such thing was expected, and that he knew many colored men that he would not associate with, though colored himself. "I would not ask a colored man to my house or to my table," he said, "unless I wanted to, nor show him any other social recognition unless it pleased me to do so. There is no law requiring a white man to extend any of these favors to another white man unless he chooses." He thought colored men, before being given the ballot, ought to have been educated to its importance, but that it was necessary to put either the ballot or the musket in their hands to enable them to defend constitutional rights.

Charged With Burning Ships.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 23.—The Deputy United States Marshals will board the bark Jennie Harkness on her arrival at this port to-day from Cebu, Philippine Islands, with warrants for the arrest of two of the crew now confined in irons on the charge of setting fire to vessels and having been at the head of an organized gang whose purpose was to destroy every vessel loading at Manila.

Not long ago nearly every vessel loading at Manila suddenly caught fire, the flames bursting forth instantly from the hatches and decks as if petroleum had been spread over them. The Harkness was one of the first to catch fire and suffered damage to her hull and cargo of sugar. The attention of the marine underwriters of all nations of the world was called to this dastardly act. Many of the offenders were caught and punished, and others sent to their respective governments for judicial trials.

Bishop Hennessy Sustained.

DUBUQUE, Io., Jan. 23.—Judge Ney has rendered a decision in the famous case of Father Jean vs. Bishop Hennessy of this Catholic Diocese. Father Jean was silenced a few years ago by the Bishop for disobedience. His suit was to recover $100,000 damages against the Bishop. Judge Ney decided that the Bishop acted within his ecclesiastical authority in deposing the priest and that the case was one a civil court could not review belonging solely to ecclesiastical authority. The plaintiff will appeal.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

**Items of Interest G

THE MILL GRINDING

Boodlers Are Now the Subjects of the Grand-Jury Investigation.

Al Bevis and Carl Moller Tell How a Member of the House of Delegates Was Bribed.

A Transaction to Which There Were Two Witnesses Described in All Its Details by One of the Participants and One of the Witnesses—Scenes in the Room Where Those Who Are to Tell About Boodling Were Assembled—What the First Indictments Will Be—The Line of the Investigation—A Boodler Identified.

Circuit Attorney Clover's mill has begun to grind and it will not be long before indictments for boodling begin to drop out.

The true bills presented by the POST-DISPATCH have been turned over to the Grand-jury and in accordance with the request made by the POST-DISPATCH the Grand-jury has summoned the witnesses whose names were attached to the true bills, and from them they will officially obtain the information on which to base their own indictments.

In the witness room in the third story of the Four Courts building, there assembled this morning about a dozen gentlemen who sat in the aisle around the room and talked about everything under the sun.

There was Maj. C. C. Rainwater, President of the Merchants' Terminal Co., John H. Overall, Vice-President of the Police Board and attorney for the Merchants' Terminal; R. H. Kern, whose contract with the Merchants' Terminal has already been published; Al Bevis, President of the Mound City Distilling Co., and Carl Moller, Secretary of the same company; Wm. L. Johnson, President of the South St. Louis Street Railway Co.; Joseph Griswold of the Laclede Hotel; Paschall Carr, Secretary of the Missouri Safe Deposit Co.; Joseph Murphy, ex member of the House of Delegates; Andrew F. Brown, ex-Deputy Coroner; J. B. Case of the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Co., and School Director John Brady.

THERE WERE OTHER WITNESSES,

but they were there on other business. These had stories of boodle and corruption, which the Grand-jury wants to hear and good-humoredly they waited to be called into the room. They jested with each other a good deal about what they were going to do. Mr. Kern said unless those who were present took up a collection for him before he went in he would tell on them all. And they all laughed. They talked about having their cells in the jail picked out, and altogether, considering that they were waiting their turns to make statements that would result in charges of felony against corrupt officials, it was quite a jolly party.

Al Bevis was the first witness called. He was sworn and gave his name and occupation. Then, with commendable frankness, he told what he knew about the corrupt use of money in the Municipal Assembly. The substance of his statement was this: In the spring of 1887 Mr. Bevis had introduced into the Council a bill known as Council bill No. 4, to authorize the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Co. to lay a switch from its main track to the Mound City Distillery, which is situated on the corner of Boston and DeKalb streets. The bill passed the Council and went into the House. There it was referred to the Railroad Committee and there it stuck. Mr. Bevis went to the members of the committee and tried, but in vain, to have the bill reported. Early in July a member of the House called on Mr. Bevis in his office and asked him how badly he wanted that bill.

THE NEGOTIATIONS.

Mr. Bevis said he was anxious to have it pass, because the switch was almost a necessity to his business.

The member said that if Mr. Bevis would give him $500 he would have the bill reported. But Mr. Bevis thought that was wrong and unreasonable.

It was the only way to get the bill through, however; so he suggested that the price was too high, and if the member would be content to accept $200 they might come to terms.

The member said that he would see what he could do about it, and would let Mr. Bevis know.

The House met that night, but the bill was not reported. Two hundred dollars would not buy grease enough to move it.

Next day the member called on Mr. Bevis again and said that $200 wouldn't do.

He asked for more and Mr Bevis raised the price to $300. The member again said he would see what he could do. That night the bill was reported and went through like it was oiled. Next day, July 13, 1887, the member went to Mr. Bevis' office.

Mr. Bevis had determined to be guarded in what he did, so he had told Carl Moller, the Secretary, and his stenographer, to watch that transaction and see the money paid.

PAYING THE PRICE.

The member came in and lightly remarked that the bill had gone through all right. Mr. Bevis said yes, it had. Then the member said that their agreement be fulfilled, and Mr. Bevis in the presence of two witnesses paid the sum—$300.

That was the transaction, and that was the story Mr. Bevis told the Grand-jury.

One peculiar feature of this is that Mr. Bevis did not know the name of the member to whom the money was paid, but he gave an accurate personal description of him, and mentioned a mark of identification that a certain portion of the member's anatomy has suffered from an accident. To be sure that there was no mistake the member was sent for and placed in a position where Mr. Bevis could see him. Mr. Bevis looked at him and identified him as the man.

Carl Moller was the next witness called. He told of the conversation he had with Mr. Bevis prior to the payment of the money and testified that he had seen a sum of money paid by Mr. Bevis to the member at the time specified.

This one case has been completed and the indictment drawn by the POST-DISPATCH will be filled out with the name of the guilty ex-member, and he will be presented for trial, charged with bribery.

The record of that bill and of its passage through the two branches of the Assembly is as follows:

IN THE COUNCIL.

April 19, 1887, at the first regular session of the Council, Council bill No. 4, an ordinance granting authority to the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Co. to lay and maintain a spur or side track on Barton street, to the property of the Mound City Distillery Co., on the northeast corner of Barton and De Kalb streets, was introduced by Mr. Blakely by request.

April 22, 1887—Council bill No. 4 was read the second time.

May 20, 1887—Reported by the Committee on Railroads with the recommendation that it be passed.

May 27, 1887—Council bill No. 4 taken up and ordered engrossed. At the same meeting Council bill No. 4 was reported engrossed, and passed by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bell, Blakely, Cole, Frank, Ganahl, Metcalfe, Nelson, O'Malley, Rohan and Vogel—10; noes—0.

July 12, 1887—Council bill No. 4 returned from the House of Delegates with the announcement that the bill had been passed. Bill ordered enrolled.

July 13, 1887—Council bill No. 4 reported truly enrolled, and, no objections being offered, the bill was signed.

July 19, 1887, Council bill No. 4 reported from the House of Delegates duly signed by the Speaker.

July 21, 1887, Secretary Taaffe reported that Council bill had been sent to the Mayor on the day previous.

August 1, 1887, Council bill No. 4 returned with the approval of Acting Mayor Bannerman.

IN THE HOUSE.

May 31, 1887, Council Bill, No. 4, came from the Council and was read the first time.

June 3, 1887, Council Bill, No. 4, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

July 12, 1887, Council Bill, No. 4, reported by the Committee on Railroads with the recommendation that the bill be passed, at same meeting the bill was read the third time and passed by a vote of 23 ayes, 0 nays.

July 19, Council Bill, No. 4, was signed by the Speaker of the House.

WITNESSES TEMPORARILY EXCUSED.

When Mr. Moller had given his testimony some of the witnesses in the Ahearn-Jackson prize fighting case asked to be permitted to go if they were not wanted then. Mr. Clover told them when to come back, and they left.

Then Mr. Kern was called in, but he came out in a few minutes and said he had been excused for a few days. He was a witness, like Maj. Rainwater and Mr. Overall, in the Merchants' Terminal case.

Mr. Kern received a one-ninth interest in the capital stock of the company, and the contract under which he received it stipulated that he was not to pay anything for it, but the only show of a consideration was that he should serve one year as a director of the company. In consideration, however, of this interest, Judge Henry D. Laughlin used his influence with the Mayor to get Mayor Noonan to consent to Phil Roban's vote being cast for the bill. Mayor Noonan opposed it because Gov. Francis wanted it, and Councilman Roban opposed it because Mayor Noonan wanted him to.

This one-ninth was bought back from Mr. Kern for $2,250.

The Grand-jury wants to know more about that.

It also wants Maj. Rainwater and Mr. Overall to tell about the sealed purchase, which contained a one-ninth interest, which Maj. J. H. McNamara says he held in trust for the Merchants' Terminal Co. and for certain Councilmen.

A CERTAIN COUNCILMAN,

fearing that he would be frozen out of his stock should the company sell out its franchise or reorganize, went to Maj. Rainwater and wanted to give up the one-ninth and receive cash. It was then that the Councilman told Maj. Rainwater that the Merchants' Terminal wasn't giving them a "square deal," Maj. Rainwater turned on him and said: "What do you mean by talking about a square deal, you boodler?"

But this one-ninth was taken back by the Merchants' Terminal and the Councilman was given $2,200 in cash.

These are the incidents the Grand-jury wants to hear about from Mr. Overall and Maj. Rainwater.

Andrew F. Brown, ex-Deputy Coroner; Secretary Gohrlich of the Mallinckrodt Chemical works, and Thomas E. Barrett, ex-Clerk of the House of Delegates, were summoned to testify to another switch transaction. The bill was House bill No. 140, and its record in the Assembly is as follows:

IN THE HOUSE.

June 24, 1887—House bill No. 140. An ordinance to vacate Main street between Mallinckrodt and Gunclach, was introduced by Mr. Gunclach.

June 28, 1887—House bill No. 140. Read the second time and referred to Committee on Public Improvements.

July 27, 1887, House bill No. 140 recommended for passage by Committee on Public Improvements. At the same meeting House bill 140 reported engrossed, read the third time and passed by a vote of 23 ayes and 1 no, Mr. Norden voting no.

November 25, 1887, House bill No. 140 reported passed by the Secretary of the Council, November 29, 1887, but signed by the Speaker of the House at same meeting, reported as being signed by the President of the Council.

December 2, 1887, returned from the Mayor's office with the veto of Mayor Francis.

On motion of Mr. Gundlach was laid on the table.

December 20, 1887, House bill No. 140, with Mayor's veto made special order for January 17.

January 20, laid over until January 24.

January 24, 1888, House bill No. 140 was taken up as special order of business and Mr. Stone moved to adjourn. Motion carried.

January 27, 1888, House bill No. 140 taken up. Mr. Gundlach moved to lay over until February 10; motion lost. Mr. Huber moved to lay over until January 31; motion ruled out of order by Speaker, and ruling sustained.

The question was put: "Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Mayor thereto notwithstanding?" and decided in the negative.

IN THE COUNCIL.

July 28, 1887, House bill No. 140 read the first time.

July 29, 1887, House bill No. 140 read second time and sent to Committee on Public Improvements.

August 1, 1887, House bill No. 140 recommended for passage by Committee on Public Improvements and laid over.

August 2, 1887, House bill No. 140 taken up and recommitted to Committee on Public Improvements under rule 24.

November 18, 1887, reported by the Committee on Public Improvements, with recommendation that it pass.

Mr. Duross of the committee made a minority report recommending that the bill be not passed. Bill read a third time and passed by votes of 10 ayes, 2 noes, Messrs. Cole and Duross voting no.

November 29, 1887, House bill No. 140 signed by President of the Council.

A certain member of the House insisted on on being paid money, and threatened if he was not to vote against the measure.

A third party negotiated the sale of the vote and the Grand-jury wants to know what Secretary Goerlich paid this third party $300 for, and why the third party kept $200 of the money and only gave the member $100.

JOS. GRISWOLD AND W. L. JOHNSON

have information about the passage of the bill authorizing the Southern Street Railway Co. to extend its tracks from its terminus at Sixth and Market streets over and across certain streets, which the Grand-jury wants. They will ask about a proposition made by an ex-Member of the House to kill the bill if $1,000 was raised and paid to him.

Joseph Murphy will be asked to tell about the payment of $800 to a member of the House to secure the passage of House bill No. 50, authorizing the People's Railway Co. to change its route and motor.

Paschall Carr will be asked about the purchase of a box in the the Safe Deposit Co. It was in this box that a certain agent of the promoters of the elevated road placed envelopes containing $20,000 which was to be paid to certain members of the House of Delegates when the bill passed.

The envelopes were placed there in the presence of two members of the House of Delegates and they took one key, the agent the other.

Before the time for the delivery of the money, however,

THE AGENT USED HIS KEY

and saved the $30,000, but when the Grand-jury learns about the transaction indictments will be found, though the members did not get their bribes.

That is what the Grand-jury will ask Mr. Carr about.

School Director Brady will be called on to report to the Grand-jury what he told the POST-DISPATCH about the offer a member of the House of Delegates made to pay him $1,000 if he would vote to reinstate Janitor Ahrean, who had been discharged.

All this and much more will the Grand-jury inquire about. It is not a single day's work to unearth all the boodling, and the Grand-jury will probably not be ready to make a report on the boodle cases for several days. Only a few witnesses were directed to appear to-day. Some are summoned for to-morrow, when other cases than those investigated to-day were to be taken up.

The members of the Grand-jury conducting this investigation are: Charles H. Bailey, foreman; William Krone, Louis Kollemeier, Bernard Berutio, Henry C. Grawe, A. M. Averill, C. A. Freeborn, Theodore Salorgne, Moses C. Bignall, William M. Senter, H. W. Chandler and Martin J. Ellis.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, the finest at the lowest prices. MERMOD & JACCARD'S, Cor. Broadway and Locust.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Frank Burke, the cashier of the Atchison road at El Paso, Tex., has absconded with several thousand dollars.

The safe of L. C. Granburg, at Little Rock, was blown open by burglars last night and several hundred dollars taken.

The Colorado Secretary of State, James Rice, was indicted yesterday on a charge of conspiring to defraud the State on supply contracts.

Mr. James Blackwell and his two sons, James and Fred, while on their way home from Belleville to Providence, Ky., last evening were crossing Tradewater, when their skiff capsized and all three were drowned.

The building occupied by the Chess and Checker Club in New Orleans, La., was destroyed by fire. The blaze started in an adjoining business house. The loss to the club is put at $15,000 and the total damage to the stock at $40,000.

The Polanders and the Lithuanians are engaged in a church row at Plymouth, Pa. The Polanders, headed by Martin Wilkes, have dug up bodies from the Lithuanian cemetery, mutilated them and thrown them on to the road. The greatest excitement prevails. The cemetery is being guarded by the authorities. If Wilkes is caught he will be lynched.

THE people have unanimously elected Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to cure their coughs, etc.

A PECULIAR CLAIM.

A YOUNG MAN SUING HIS FOSTER MOTHER FOR WAGES.

S. F. Loughborough Becomes a Member of the Blow Family and Wants Pay for Services He Performed as a Dutiful Son—The Frank Paule Tailoring Co. in the Courts—Notes.

STRANGE case was partly tried before a jury in Judge Valliant's court yesterday and dismissed. The cause of action was a most unusual one, the plaintiff, Stewart F. Loughborough, suing his friend and benefactor for wages claimed to have been earned running errands, such as any dutiful son would do. Mrs. Wm. T. Blow, who resides in Carondelet, was defendant. Some time in May, 1883, Mr. Loughborough, a young man, then 23 years of age, came to this city to find work. He carried a letter of introduction to Mrs. Blow, who lives in Carondelet. One night he called at the house and presented the letter. Mrs. Gen. Loughborough and her daughter, Miss Jennie, spend half their time in St. Louis, Mrs. Blow being Mrs. Loughborough's sister. At the time Mr. Loughborough called Mrs. Blow was in Greenport, N. Y., attending to some business and the young man was received by Mrs. Loughborough. He explained his relationship to the late Gen. Loughborough, which is very remote, stating further that he was out of funds and work. They took him in and told him to consider himself one of the family. When Mrs. Blow returned and Mrs. Loughborough went to her home in Little Rock, with her daughter, the young man remained. According to the testimony of several witnesses, the young man was

TREATED LIKE A SON,

and shared equally with Mrs. Blow's two sons, neither of whom are as old as he. Mrs. Blow went to several of her friends and tried to get Mr. Loughborough a position, and finally placed him in the Missouri Pacific freight office at a salary of $75 a month. The testimony of Miss Loughborough, who was as much as a sister to the young man, was the most interesting. She said she and her mother came to this city twice a year after the first meeting, and though the seasons came and went, and years rolled by, young Loughborough was still with the family and "out of work." He lost his position in the freight office and Mrs. Blow got him another with the Pullman Car Co. as conductor, saying found him, but he lost that position also, and several other places were secured for him, all of which he lost. Miss Loughborough said he often confided his troubles to her, and on several occasions wept bitterly over his inability to get a "good" position and pay back in a measure what he owed Mrs. Blow. She also said that to keep up his spirits and make him feel he was not

WHOLLY DEPENDENT,

Mrs. Blow would send him on errands, to cash a check, pay a bill, collect a debt or represent her in some way, giving him letters of introduction. Once she sent him to Greenport, N. Y., the witness said, to attend to her business for Mrs. Blow and he had a fine time. A bill for carriage hire followed him home and Mrs. Blow paid it. Once, while employed by Mrs. Blow into the room one day, is was said, and handed Mrs. Blow a large roll of bills, saying he wanted to pay her part of what he owed. Some one opened the roll and found it was a loose bundle of 31 bills. It was thrown on the dresser and no one seems to know how much there was in the roll. He often wanted an account, but no attention was paid to him, as no one wanted to keep a record of his indebtedness, and that was the kind of an account they thought he referred to. He left the Blow homestead over a year ago and some months later filed a suit against Mrs. Blow for $1,068.50 for services rendered. The family was thunder-struck. They did not think he meant anything by presenting a bill for $75 each month and refused to pay him. He subtracted from the total amount the money Mrs. Blow had given him for car fare and spending money and claims she owes him the sum asked for services as her agent, presenting the letters of introduction she gave him when sent on an errand where he was not known.

THE CASE DISMISSED.

During the trial in the afternoon, Mr. Loughborough pleasantly surprised Mrs. Blow and her friends by his attorney entreating to dismiss the suit. Had he not done so he would probably have been nonsuited a little later. The number of Mrs. Blow's witnesses had not been heard, and several were there whom Mr. Loughborough did not like to see go on the witness stand.

Daughter Against Father and Mother.

A case somewhat similar to the above, but displaying more heartlessness, was begun in Judge Dillon's court yesterday and continued to-day. Miss Clara Waldecker is the plaintiff. She is a handsome woman 29 years of age, and well known in this city. She is now living in Chicago. The defendants are her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Waldecker, who own a stove and hardware store on Franklin avenue. Miss Waldecker sues her parents on two notes for $1,200 each, given her, she claims, in 1886 by her mother for money advanced or loaned to the old folks. She has made frequent demands for the money of late, but the parents refuse to pay. Their defense is that they boarded and educated the young lady until she was 24 years of age, and then they gave her the note more as a receipt for money she had paid them than as a promissory note. The parents in defense filed a bill for money expended on their daughter between the years 1881 and 1884, which amounted to more than the sum mentioned in the promissory note. In this bill the board of two women, a Miss Fletcher and Miss Jennie Frazer, who were teaching Miss Waldecker music and manners, was included. In the long list of items and dates appear items for "carriage hire, wine," etc., paid for by the parents for their daughter, who, when younger, was very pretty, accomplished and had many suitors. Miss Waldecker on the stand denied that many of the items mentioned had been paid for her and said during part of the period covered by the bill she was in a convent at Reading, Pa., and was there incurring very little expense. She admitted having every whim or desire gratified and that she always wore fine clothes. How she became possessed of so much money, and how she could afford to pay her own way and lend her parents over $5,000 in a few years was asked, and she replied:

"That has nothing to do with this case. There now."

John A. Talty, representing Mr. and Mrs. Waldecker, asked her if she was married, and she said she was "by verbal agreement." Not wishing to hurt her parents' feelings Mr. Talty refrained from asking her what she was doing in Chicago, or other questions, all of which she would have answered shamelessly and without hesitation. Her attorneys are Lester Babcock and Mason G. Smith. The case was given to the jury at 1 o'clock to-day.

Legal Notes.

A suit for divorce was filed by Mina Demsky against Gustav Demsky, to whom she was married in Germany December 31, 1871. She claims he deserted her.

Mrs. Mary Baldwin has instituted suit against Joseph Baldwin for divorce, alleging that she was married in September, 1880, and that he deserted her in August, 1887.

Mrs. Elizabeth Holt, who was divorced from her husband, William Holt, over a month ago, filed a motion for alimony a few days ago and this morning Judge Dillon ordered the husband to pay his wife $40 a month and $100 immediately with which to buy furniture.

Frederick H. Burgdorfer's suit against Detectives Moberly and Kelly and Officer Maher for damages in forcing an entrance into his gambling den, at 208 North Eighth street, was dismissed by Judge Dillon yesterday for want of prosecution. Burgdorfer did not want to pay too large a bill for costs, as the case would go against him as is generally believed.

A Village Almost Destroyed.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Jan. 23.—The whole business portion of French Lick Springs was destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire began in the oil room of W. E. Ryan's drug store and spread rapidly. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

THE WEATHER.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

The following observations were taken at 7 a. m., local time 8 a. m., 75th meridian time at all stations.

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 23, 1890.

STATIONS.	Height of Barometer.	Thermometer at 7 a. m.	Wind, direction.		Rainfall in 24 h'rs, inches	State of Weather.
St. Louis, Mo.	30.38	30	W	.54		Cloudy.
Boston, Mass.	30.54	12	NW	.		Fair.
New York City	30.60	22	W	....		Cloudy.
Philadelphia, Pa.	30.60	22	S	....		Clear.
Washington City	30.62	26	S	....		Cloudy.
Charlotte, N. C.	30.60	28	NE	....		Cloudy.
Wilmington, N. C.	30.58	30	NE	....		Cloudy.
Charleston, S. C.	30 50	40	N	....		Cloudy.
Augusta, Ga.	30.52	38	NE	....		Clear.
Jacksonville, Fla.	30.44	52	N	....		Clear.
Atlanta, Ga.	30.48	34	E	....		Cloudy.
Pensacola, Fla.	30.36	64	NE	....		Cloudy.
Montgomery, Ala.	30.44	46	S	....		Cloudy.
Vicksburg, Miss.	30.44	42	N	.01		Rain.
New Orleans, La.	30.32	58	E	....		Ptly Cldy
Shreveport, La.	30.38	42	N	.32		Cloudy.
Fort Smith, Ark.	....	....	....	....		....
Little Rock, Ark.	30.46	30	N	.40		Cloudy.
Palestine, Tex.	....	....	....	....		....
Galveston, Tex.	30.28	66	SW	.01		Rain.
San Antonio, Tex.	30.32	50	NE	.12		Cloudy.
Brownsville, Tex.	30.26	52	NE	T.		Cloudy
Memphis, Tenn.	30.46	34	N	.82		Cloudy.
Nashville, Tenn.	30.44	34	E	.36		Rain.
Chattanooga, Tenn.	30.52	38	S	.16		Rain.
Louisville, Ky.	30.36	34	SW	.02		Cloudy.
Indianapolis, Ind.	30.28	30	W	.24		Cloudy.
Cincinnati, O.	30.32	32	SW	.22		Cloudy.
Parkersburg, W. Va.	30.36	24	S	.22		Snow.
Pittsburg, Pa.	30 30	24	S	.02		Snow.
Oswego, N. Y.	30.42	12	SE	....		Cloudy.
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.24	20	SE	....		Cloudy.
Cleveland, O.	30.22	24	SW	.74		Snow.
Toledo, O.	30.30	20	SE	.06		Snow.
Port Huron, Mich.	30.18	20	S	.02		Snow.
Chicago, Ill.	30.10	20	SW	.06		Cloudy.
Milwaukee, Wis.	30.10	20	SW	.12		Snow.
Grand Haven, Mich.	30.08	18	SE	.12		Snow.
Manistee, Mich.	30.08	16	SE	.20		Snow.
Sault de Ste. Marie,	30.24	10	SE	.10		Cloudy.
Marquette, Mich.	30.29	12	0	.04		Snow.
Duluth, Minn.	30.08	4	SW	.30		Cloudy.
P. A. L'ding, N.W.T.	29.88	10	W	.08		Cloudy.
St. Paul, Minn.	30.12	12	W	.22		Cloudy.
La Crosse, Wis.	30.14	20	SW	.10		Snow.
Dubuque, Io.	30.18	22	W	.06		Cloudy.
Davenport, Io.	30.22	24	SW	.08		Cloudy.
Des Moines, Io.	30.18	12	SE	.18		Cloudy.
Keokuk, Io.	30.34	28	W	.28		Cloudy.
Springfield, Ill.	30.30	28	W	.34		Cloudy.
Cairo, Ill.	30.41	30	NW	.54		Cloudy.
Springfield, Mo.	30.42	32	Calm	.36		Cloudy.
Kansas City, Mo.	30.38	24	NW	.12		Clear.
Wichita, Kan.	30.50	16	N	.34		Cloudy.
Concordia, Kan.	30.56	10	W	.01		Clear.
Omaha, Neb.	30.48	4	NW	.12		Cloudless
Valentine, Neb.	30.54	—	Calm	....		Cloudless
Fort Sully, Dak.	30.52	10	N	....		Clear.
Huron, Dak.	30.52	12	NW	....		Clear.
Moorhead, Minn.	30. 2	12	NW	....		Clear.
St. Vincent, Minn.	30.36	6	NE	4.12		Cloudless
Bismarck, Dak.	30.52	18	NW	....		Clear.
Fort Buford, Dak.	30.52	16	W	....		Cloudy.
Q'Appelle, N. W. T.	30.54	—	8	NW	.20	Ptly Cldy
Minnedosa, N. W. T.	30 44	—	18	Calm	....	Ptly Cldy
Calgarry, N. W. T.	30.46	—	16	0	....	Clear.
Ft. Assinab'ne, Mont	30.36	—	18	SW	....	Clear.
Helena, Mont.	30.30	—	2	SW	....	Clear.
Fort Custer, Mont.	30.36	—	6	NE	....	Fair.
Rapid City, Dak.	30.46	4	W	....		Cloudless
Fort Washakie, Wyo	30.34	0	NE	....		Cloudless
Salt Lake City, Utah	30.36	26	N	....		Cloudless
Cheyenne, Wyo.	30.34	24	W	....		Cloudless
N. Platte, Neb.	30.42	6	W	....		Cloudless
Denver, Colo.	30.40	16	N	....		Cloudless
Montrose, Colo.	30.54	12	N	....		Cloudless
Pueblo, Colo.	30.48	14	N	....		Cloudless
Dodge City, Kan.	30.54	14	W	....		Cloudless
Fort Elliott, Tex.	30.48	30	N	.04		Cloudless
Fort Sill, I. T.	....	....	....	....		....
Santa Fe, N. M.	30.30	22	NE	....		Cloudless
El Paso, Tex.	30.34	30	N	....		Cloudless
Abilene, Tex.	30.42	30	Calm	.06		Cloudless
Portland, Ore.	29.76	28	S	.50		Snow.
San Francisco, Cal.	30.08	58	SE	....		Cloudy.
Lynchburg, Va.	30.60	24	S	....		Cloudy.
Norfolk, Va.	30.62	32	N	....		Cloudy.
San Diego, Cal.	30.18	40	NE	....		Cloudless

NOTE.—T. indicates trace of precipitation; —, indicates below zero.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—A storm of slight energy has developed in the Upper Lake Regions, and is central near Lake Superior. Generally cloudy weather prevails east of Mississippi, with rain in the Mississippi Valley and snow in the Northern States, except New England, where the cloudiness is increasing. It is colder on the Atlantic coast and slightly warmer in all other districts.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday:

For Kansas, cloudy weather and light rain, variable winds, warmer in southeast; stationary temperature in northwest portion.

For Eastern Texas, light rain, variable winds; slightly warmer in northern, stationary in southern portion.

For Tennessee and Kentucky, light showers; southwesterly winds; slightly warmer.

For Indiana, showers; followed by clearing weather; slightly warmer; westerly winds.

For Illinois, local snows, followed by fair weather, westerly winds, stationary temperature in southeast; colder in northern portion.

For Iowa, fair, clearing in extreme western portion, northwesterly winds; slightly colder.

For Missouri, fair, preceded by showers in southeast portion; northwesterly winds; slightly colder.

For Nebraska and Kansas, generally fair, northerly winds, becoming variable; slight changes in temperature except colder in southeastern Kansas.

The Lower Mississippi will rise; the Ohio and Cumberland will fall. Storm signals are displayed at Grand Haven and Milwaukee.

AFRAID OF PROSECUTION.

Sugar Trust Officials Who Think They May Have Trouble.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The Supreme Court having declared the business of the sugar trust criminal the resident trustees of this State who are directors of the constituent companies and of the trust itself are fearful that indictment proceedings may be taken against them. The Havemeyers have announced to their associates their intention of resigning their trusteeships in all the refineries and their visit to Boston was at the request of their co-directors in that city who are apprehensive that the resignation of these gentlemen would be disastrous to the trusts. No one knows what the upshot of the conference is, but dispatches from Boston make no concealment of the fears that the New York directors have that criminal proceedings may be taken against them.

BE VIGILANT

To-morrow (Friday) morning and you will get a chance at the magnificent bargains the merchants offer you in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

John A. Steny, New York; John Gerstle, Cincinnati; D. B. Fairly, Colorado Springs, and C. E. Green, New York, are at the Lindell.

F. W. Snyder, Little Rock; F. M. Stephens, Kansas City; G. T. Hitchcock, Detroit, and A. C. Archer, Chicago, are at the Hotel Rozier.

J. Doyle, Shelbyville, Mo.; G. L. Brown, Rockford, Ill.; D. Brown, Cincinnati, and J. A. Gustin, Platte City, Mo., are at the Laclede.

Geo. M. Russell, Omaha; B. F. Johnson, St. Elmo, Ill.; C. H. Lyon, Dayton, O., and M. A. Smith, Aberdeen, O., are at the Planters'.

O. C. Graves, Memphis; O. L. Evans, Chicago; A. C. Glasgow, Memphis; J. Bittinger, St. Joseph; B. M. Kilduth, Fostoria, O., and S. W. Frederick, Chicago, are at the Southern.

William Hamil, McLeansboro, Ill.; Henry Regan, Louisville, Ky.; George W. Martin, Pierce City, Mo., J. H. Scrogan, McGregor, Ill., and V. P. Weismann, St. Joseph, Mo., are at the St. James.

THREE hundred and sixty-five evenings' entertainment for $1 at the Public Library. All invited.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Mary Contassi, 13 months, 806 Barry street; congestion of brain.

George Farmann, 58 years, 723 Carroll street; congestive chill.

John Doran, 33 years, Poor House, nephritis.

Margaret Roach, 19 years, House of Good Shepherd; consumption.

John Gruber, 68 years, 1430 Mallinckrodt street; old age.

Henry C. Hupe, 35 years, 1328 Blair avenue; consumption.

Freddie Adams, 6 months, Christian Home, Ninth street and Russell avenue; bronchitis.

James F. Borstick, 61 years, 2802 Thomas street; heart disease.

"When a Fool Has

bethought himself the market is empty." Recollect that the bargains the merchants advertise in the POST-DISPATCH to-day are in small lots, and go early.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. Theophile Papin's reception to married ladies is the society event for to-day.

Mrs. B. C. Brownell gives a large reception to-day in compliment to friends from the East.

Mrs. Charles H. Bailey will give a german February 5, to which twenty couples will be invited.

Miss Ida Michel of 3234 Chesthut street entertained the Fortnightly Euchre Club at their first meeting.

Mrs. Lucy Brownlee of Chicago is visiting her cousin, Mrs Frank L. Ridgely of Washington avenue.

Miss Nellie Conroy will entertain the Envolante Club Friday evening at her home, 2822 South Ninth street.

H. B. Miller, contracting agent for the Cotton Belt Road at Kansas City, spent a day in St. Louis this week.

Mrs. Lee Merriwether will spend the remainder of the season with Mr. and Mrs. Minor Merriwether on Delmar avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison left this morning to return to Washington City, having been detained here from day to day by Mr. Harrison's business.

Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison and daughter, Miss Mimi Morrison, have returned from the East, and are located at the Southern Hotel for the remainder of the season.

Mrs. Alfred Hudson of Boston, Mass., for many years a member of the Boston Museum Stock Company, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Leith, 3003 St. Vincent avenue.

Mrs. Charles H. Ledlie of 2122 Lucas avenue gives a tea on Tuesday, January 28, from 4 to 6 in compliment to Mrs. Thomas E. Niedringhaus. Only married ladies are invited.

Mrs. James D. Lucas will give a large ball on the 12th of February, following the marriage of her son, Mr. James Hunt Lucas, to Miss Prudence Hunt, which will be solemnized at church.

FASCHEDAG—KRON.

Wm. F. Paschedag, Jr., and Miss Ida Kron, of North St. Louis, were married last night at Kron's Hall, Twentieth and Bissell streets. Rev. G. F. Jonas of the Evangelist Protestant Lutheran Church officiated. The bridesmaids were Miss Annie Kron and Miss Minnie Porschdon, and John Bohnenkoup and Carl Schoenfeldt were the groomsmen. There were 600 guests. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Chris Von der Ahe, Mrs. Wm. School, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hoefle, H. Waxman, C. Scholl, Ida Scholl, C. Stoll, G. Stroll, Mrs. P. Seirdel, Mrs. H. Reyde and wife, Miss M. Heyde, Mr. and Mrs. H. Vogelsang, Mr. and Mrs. W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jorrand, Mr. and Mrs. G. Paschedag, Mr. and Mrs. W. Paschedag, Mr. and Mrs. L. Horn, Mr. and Mrs. N. Schaetter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Schaetter, Mr. and Mrs. W. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Putting, Mr. and Mrs. L. Bruckner, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wershever, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hoffman. Supper was served after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Paschedag will make their home at No. 908 Monroe street.

Mrs. Smith's Parlor Concert.

Mrs. Huntington Smith's parlors were comfortably filled yesterday afternoon, in response to invitations extended to about one hundred of her lady friends to attend a parlor concert, which Mrs. Smith, an enthusiast in her chosen art, had prepared for the enjoyment of her friends, with the assistance of some of the best amateur and professional talent in the city. The programme opened with a piano solo by Mr. E. K. Kroeger, and was followed by a soprano solo from "Trovatore," beautifully sung by Mrs. Smith, accompanied by flute and piano. Mrs. Broaddus followed with a contralto solo from Mignon, in excellent style, with violin obligato by Sig. Parisi. One of the most pleasing members of the concert was the harp solo by Mrs. Julius Walsh, with flute accompaniment by Mr. Howard Benoist. There was introduced a young stranger, Miss Kroh of Illinois, who sang beautifully an air and variations, "Mazie Song," and was followed by Sig. Parisi, with two members for the violin. Part second opened with a piano duo, brilliantly executed by Mrs. Highiyman, and Mr. Kroeger, followed by a soprano solo, two numbers, exquisitely sung by Mrs. Mayo Rhodes, who sang at the Musical Union concert in December. The treat of the evening was the duo from the second act of "Trovatore," sung with splendid voice and fine dramatic effect by Miss Brooke Haideman and Mr. Charles Humphrey, pupils of Mrs. Broaddus. Mr. Howard Benoist gave the waltzes song from "Nanon," a "Caprice" for the flute, and Mr. F. J. McCabe, that lovely old time baritone solo "Brightest Eyes," after which Mrs. Huntington Smith and Mrs. Broaddus closed this most delightful programme in superb style with a duo from "Tancredi." The guests who had been seated now broke up into little groups while refreshments were served.

Mrs. Griswold wore black Lyons velvet, with pompadour corsage richly trimmed with cut jet, and a small black bonnet with point lace, and bow of point lace, and pale pink ribbons resting upon her lovely white hair.

Mrs. Huntington Smith wore poppy colored silk gauze with half low neck, trimmed with vandykes of gold braid; large puffed sleeves.

EDITORIAL OPINION.

What the Missouri Editors Think of the Political Outlook in the State.

The Senatorship and the Possibility of Republican Ascendency.

Vest's Chances Discussed by the Members of the Missouri Press Association—An Interesting Symposium—H. Martin Williams' Warning Considered by Democratic and Republican Leaders—The Attitude of the Wheelers—Probability of Fusion—Wm. Warner of Kansas City a Candidate for Senator and for Governor Democrats Confident.

THE editors of the "country newspapers"—they say country newspapers themselves; it is not a term of reproach—assembled at the Laclede Hotel this morning in convention. President E. W. Stephens has said that in proportion to their circulation the country papers exercise a greater influence than the city dailies. His point is that the country papers are more closely read and that their expressions go farther toward forming the opinions of their readers. If he is right the country editor will exercise considerable influence in the next political campaign in the State. He will have much to say about the election of a Senator to succeed George G. Vest. He will help the Republican party to a control of the State, or officiate in the funeral preparations for that party's hopes.

To learn the temper of the editors with regard to the political outlook POST-DISPATCH reporters this morning interviewed them before the opening of the convention. Their views are here given:

THE VIEWS.

President E. W. Stephens of the Columbia *Herald* (Dem.) says that Senator Vest will be his own successor. "I read H. Martin Williams' article on the political outlook in Missouri which the POST-DISPATCH printed," he said, "and I recognize that there is danger of Republican success in Missouri. I believe if we do not succeed in convincing the Democratic organizations that their interests should induce them to ally themselves with the free trade Democratic party that they will form other combinations that will be disastrous to us. We cannot lose their support and succeed."

R. P. Thompson, editor of the Macon *Times*, Democratic: "Our next United States Senator will be Vest undoubtedly, as there is practically no opposition to him in our part of the country. In regard to the Legislature I think that it will be Democratic by a large majority. I have been the official reporter for the House two terms, and am therefore able to form pretty nearly what its complexion will be this year, that is, if St. Louis will come right to the front. I guess we are all right."

R. B. Speed of the Nevada *Mail*, Democratic: "We are not talking Senator up our way much, but Vest is much the strongest. You know our county is a stock country, and the stockmen all want Vest. The House will undoubtedly go Democratic, and Vernon County will have from 1,500 to 2,000 Democratic majority. We have practically taken no position yet, and there has been no discussion; in fact we don't just know who the race is."

John W. Jacks of the Montgomery *Standard*, Democratic: "In regard to the United States Senatorship there is only one man who can run for that. That man is Vest. There is no use in putting any man against him, as he is so much stronger than anyone else. He is the only man for us. The State election will go Democratic by a large majority, and the House will be Democratic."

H. F. Childers of the Troy *Free Press*, Democratic:

"Speaking of the Senatorship there is not any doubt as to who will be elected. There can no man be elected to any office in our county unless he pledges himself unsolicited for Vest first. The House will be Democratic, and the State election will go Democratic with a large majority."

C. M. McCrae, of the Rollo *Herald*, Democrat: "There is only one man in the field for the United States Senatorship and his name is Vest. He will be elected by an overwhelming majority. The House will go Democratic and one-half the Republican votes will be replaced by Democratic ones. Crawford County will redeem itself and we shall whoop her up for Democracy."

Samuel Kellar of the Lebanon *Republican* (Rep.): "As a matter of fact, I suppose that the winner in the senatorial contest will be Vest. Dick Bland was talked of, but he is satisfied to remain in Congress. If Tom Francis would drop Tom Corrigan and his gang, then the Republicans would vote for him, but he must drop that crowd first. The Eleventh District will send a Republican to Congress this time."

Mr. Robert White of the Mexico *Ledger* (Democrat), known throughout the State as "Bob" White: "Vest will be the next Senator and the House will go Democratic by a large majority if St. Louis comes out all right. I don't think that there will be any other man to come before the convention besides Vest. We understand that Francis is not a candidate."

J. I. Nichols of the Callaway *Gazette* (Dem.): "Well, our folks are all for Vest for Senator and my county will go for him strong. The House will be Democratic and the State will elect all Democrats. A Republican has got no chance in Missouri this year."

J. T. Bradshaw of the Lebanon *Rustic*, Democrat: "Down our way we are all enthusiastic for Bland, but he says he is satified to remain in Congress. There is no doubt of the re-election of Vest, however, and no one else will be in the race at all. The House will go Democratic and the State election will go Democratic in grand style."

R. C. Chimm of the Canton *News* (Republican): "We don't know who will be the next Senator. Although I should like to see Chauncey I. Filley get it. I suppose that the House will go Democratic by a small majority, but in regard to the State election I cannot pognosticate."

M. S. Goodman of the Clarksville *Sentinel* (Democratic): "Oh, Vest will go back to the Senate with a large majority. We won't have any one else. The House will have a good Democratic majority, and in the next election the 'Bloody Seventh' will be safe. Democracy will rule."

J. A. Gustin of the Platte City *Argus*, Democratic: "Up our way we are all Democrats. Vest will be undoubtedly re-elected, and I think his election will be practically unanimous. I think the Democratic increase in the House will be from 8 to 10. The whole State will go Democratic."

O. D. Gray of the Sturgeon *Leader* (Dem.): "I am the youngest editor here, but I think the same as all of the rest. Vest will be the man for Senator and the State election will be Democratic. The Legislature will have a good Democratic majority."

John A. Knott of the Hannibal *Morning Journal* (Dem.): "Geo. G. Vest will go back with the old-time Democratic majority. We shall redeem the State at the next election, and if we run Hatch for Governor he will have 50,000 majority. The Legislature will be Democratic by a large majority."

Hezekiah Furdom of the Slater *Index* (Democrat): "Who will be the next Senator? Why, George Vest, to be sure. The State will go Democratic by 45,000 or 50,000 majority, and the Legislature will have a Democratic majority of at least fifty on a joint ballot."

J. L. Edwards of the Slater *Rustler*, (Dem.): "I suppose Vest will be re-elected of course. The State will go Democratic in the old-time way and the Democrats in the Legislature will have a large majority."

J. L. Bittinger of the St. Joseph *Herald*, (Republican): "Warner will be the next United States Senator from Missouri. I think he is unquestionably the strongest man the Republicans have. Vest will undoubtedly be the nominee of the Democratic caucus. Warner will be the next candidate of the Republican party for Governor. The State will go Republican at the next election by a small majority. We will be satisfied with a small majority. We will even be satisfied if our candidate is elected by a minority as Francis was. The complexion of the next Legislature depends on the organization and work of the Republicans. I think it will probably be Democratic by a small majority on a joint ballot, but if the Republicans organize they can carry the Lower House. They could have done so at any time within the past ten years if they worked for that alone."

P. R. Ridgely of the *Cooper County Democrat*, published at Boonville (Democrat): "Vest will undoubtedly be the next United States Senator. He will not have any opposition. Francis will not attempt to run against him and would have no show if he did. The Republicans made a big gain in the last election and the Democrats are now aroused and will work hard hereafter. The Republicans will never again come as close to carrying the State as they did last time. If Ed Stephens who is presiding over this convention to-day will run he can be elected our next Governor, but I don't think he can be induced to make the race. I do not think there will be much change in the complexion of the next Legislature though the people could certainly elect a much better class of men."

Walter Williams of Columbia and the ex-President of the Missouri Press Association (Democrat): "While the immigration to this State has unquestionably been largely Republican, the Democrats will carry the next election by a larger majority than they did the last. There was a hard fight made on Francis' last term particularly in St. Louis and we will not have this to meet again. Besides the Republicans were remarkably well organized at the last election while the Democrats have never properly organized, but will do so now. Vest will be the only man before the Democratic caucus for the United States Senatorship. The Democrats will have a larger majority in the next Legislature than they have in the present."

W. L. Reid of the Monroe City *News* (Democrat): "I think Vest will get the United States Senatorship next time easier than he did the last time. The next State election will go Democratic by a big majority. There will be no prohibition question or other issues of that character to interfere with the Democratic majority in the next campaign, and the party will be united instead of split up. The next Legislature will have seven or eight more Democrats than the present body, and the gain may go as high as ten or fifteen, but I place it at the lower number to be safe."

H. L. Swan, Nevada *Republican* (Republican): "I live in a county, Vernon, where there is a Democratic majority of 2,000, and I publish a daily paper which is the only Republican organ in the county. Despite the hopeless condition of affairs in our county, I think the Republicans have a fine prospect of carrying the State at the next election. The party was never organized until the last campaign, and I think the result of that opened the eyes of the National Republican Committee. They will put some money into the State probably next time in hopes of carrying it, and heretofore we have never received any help from the National Committee, but have had to get along without their assistance. Kimball was the only man who made a proper canvass in the last election, and if the other men had done the same I think we would have been successful. The Republicans will make a gain in the next Legislature, but I do not think they will have a majority. Vest will be the next United States Senator, but Francis is a hard worker, and if he enters the contest will make a vigorous fight. I think, however, that he has no hope of getting there at present and is holding back and preparing for Cockrell's place."

Adam Rademyre of the Centralia *Guard* (Democrat): "Vest will be elected United States Senator without opposition, I think, and the next election the State will show an increased Democratic majority. There will be no such fight going on within the party as there was last time. The Democrats will also show gains in the Legislature."

MISSOURI PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Proceedings of the Sessions To-Day at the Laclede Hotel.

The convention was opened at 10 o'clock today with prayer by Rev. W. H. Williams, editor of the *Central Baptist*. The President, E. W. Stephens, delivered the opening address. He was brief, setting an excellent example to those who should come after him. He said this gathering was for business purposes. He expected to see great good come from it. There was opportunity for improvement in the country papers of Missouri, and by an interchange of views and experiences much information could be acquired that would aid in this improving. He spoke of the relative influence of the country weeklies and city dailies, the different conditions under which they were printed, and closed by impressing upon the gentlemen present of the desirability discussing all topics. He then introduced

R. M. YOST,

formerly city editor of the *Missouri Republican*, and now in the office of the State Auditor at Jefferson City. Mr. Yost read a carefully prepared paper on "The Editorial Department." He thought that in these days of patent inside and patent outside that many editors had lost something of that sense of responsibility which was formerly deeply felt in the craft. There was less care taken in preparing the paper than there should be, the business end monopolizing the energies of the editor. Mr. Yost showed an intimate acquaintance with his subject, and treated it from the standpoint of a country editor. His paper was much appreciated by the editors and was heartily applauded. The association then went into

THE DISCUSSION

of questions suggested by the paper and apropos of the subject.

Most interest was excited by the question as to what was the best news for a country paper, that referring to country correspondence, or should the exchange list be long or short. There was little disagreement over the "boiler plate" paying news. Even a speaker had a good word to say for the printing of names. One of the editors said that he got all the names he could; hunted for items with names in them, even if he had to go to the police court for them.

Everyone agreed in the usefulness and value of the personal column; but on the exchange list there was disagreement. Mr. Stephens favored a small list confined to the Congressional district in which the paper was printed with exceptionsin favor of city papers. Mr. White wanted a list as large as he could get it. Many of them tried to keep read up when the list was large, but the man who did it had a wider grasp of State politics and other matters of interest to the people who read his paper.

After lunch

"ADVERTISING" AND "SUBSCRIPTION"

were taken up and discussed at considerable length. Papers were read by John A. Knott of the Hannibal *Journal* on the first topic and R. B. Speed of the Nevada *Mail* on the second topic.

To-morrow C. W. Crutsinger will have a paper on "The Mechanical Department," S. L. Lawson will read a paper on "Job Work" and W. O. L. Jewett will consider "Newspaper Legislation."

PROHIBITION PLANS.

A Conference to Be Held at Sedalia on the 3d Prox.

Hon. Frank M. Lowe of Kansas City, who was the Prohibition candidate for Governor in 1888, has set on foot a political scheme of some magnitude, and if he succeeds it will result in an interesting complication of the politics of the present year. In company with Rev. John A. Brooks, J. S. Hughes and other Prohibition leaders, he has brought about an arrangement for a conference of the leaders of all the organizations of the State favorable to prohibition. The conference is to be held at Sedalia on the 3d, 4th and 5th of February and will be attended by accredited delegates of the Prohibition party, the Good Templars, State Temperance Alliance, Powderly Knights of Labor, Farmers' Alliance, Wheelers and other organizations.

The plan contemplates an agreement to support candidates for the Legislature who will pledge themselves to vote for temperance measures, and against any Senatorial candidate known to be opposed to Prohibition. The conference will be addressed by ex-Gov. St. John of Kansas, Rev. John A. Brooks, Hon. Frank Lane and other Prohibition leaders on the 3d, and by representatives of the other interests on the 4th. Personal invitations have been sent out to leading men of the organizations above mentioned, to come as special delegates and take part in formulating the platform and plans.

Cut Her Throat.

Mrs. Robert Craig tried to kill herself last night at her home, 22 South Fourteenth street. She conducts a millinery store and lives at that place. She has been very ill and cut her throat while delirious. Her husband prevented her from finishing the task. She was removed to the City Hospital.

Friday Friday Friday Friday

Busiest Day Is Generally FRIDAY,

And To-Morrow will be no exception, if the public are looking for

Extra Big Bargains, A Flood of Low-Priced Remnants, Car-Loads of Odds and Ends, or Best Values and Lowest Prices in New Dry Goods.

BARR'S FRIDAY SALE

IS THE SALE OF THE CITY.

IT IS BARBAROUS.

The Cruel Treatment of Women Prisoners at the Missouri Penitentiary.

Mrs. Clara Hoffman, State President of the W. C. T. U., Tells the Results of Her Investigations at Jefferson City.

White and Black Women Huddled Together Like Cattle—The Boisterous and Profane Making More Wretched the Suffering Sick—Women Whipped for Violations of Rules—The Story of a Prison Waif—Proof of Immorality at the Institution—A Comparison of the Treatment of Male and Female Prisoners.

MRS. Clara Hoffman, the State President of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, has just made an inspection of the Missouri Penitentiary at Jefferson City, and to the POST-DISPATCH she makes a report, which, coming from that source, will startle the people of the State. Mrs. Hoffman went to the Penitentiary with a special view to ascertaining the condition of the women confined there, and the discoveries which she made on this point were astonishing.

"The manner in which women are treated in that institution," she said, is no better than barbarism. When I learned the condition in which those poor, weak and unfortunate females are, indignation rose within me. Their crimes were, I do not doubt, such as to justify severe punishment, but the way in which they are compelled to atone is a greater crime than they committed. Unless the motive for punishment in our State is revenge and not reformation, then our system is in need of radical correction, because the present policy of the prison officials in Jefferson City, especially in regard to women, is to improve their prisoners psychically by maltreating them physically. Why, you cannot imagine the way those women live. Were I one of them I would infinitely prefer death to existence under such circumstances. But I suppose you want to know more about what I saw than what I think.

MRS. HOFFMAN'S STORY.

"I went to the penitentiary with three Jefferson City ladies, my purpose being to discover how the women prisoners were treated there. I paid very little attention to the men's department of the prison and know very little about their prison life except what was told me. I observed, however, in passing through the men's part of the penitentiary on my way to the women's quarters that the male prisoners lived in cells. I mention this to show a contrast between their quarters and those in which the women are confined. The ir cells presented some appearance of comfort. How different it was with the women's! Not a suggestion of comfort there! Four men occupied each cell. Their beds are like berths on boats. There were two upper and two lower berths. The window in the rear of the cell and the grated door furnished good ventilation. In many of the cells there were tables. In some bookcases. In all there were at least a few furnishings. When I first saw the cells on my way to the women's prison I thought they were bad enough. It was only after I had been in the women's prison and seen the manner in which the poor fallen females were huddled together that I appreciated the superiority of the cells quarters. There is is much difference between the women's dormitory and the men's cells as between the cells and home. The male prisoners who are inclined can fix up their cells so as to give them an appearance not altogether foreign to cosy.

"The women have not even an opportunity to do that, though everyone knows how much more than men women desire to have their surroundings as nice as possible.

"The women's dormitory is a single room. In it are fifty-six beds, and they take up all the space there is, except just sufficient to make an aisle in the center and barely give passageway between the beds. The whites and blacks—and nearly one-half of the female prisoners are negroes—sleep in the same apartment. The windows are all on one side of the room, except, I believe, one, which is in the lower end. Now, just consider the inhumanity of having fifty-six women, white and black, sleeping in such a room. Is it not enough to bring on sickness? Of course it is, and it does. And what provision is there for those women whose health gives way under such confinement? Are they removed to a place of comfort where they can have attention and quiet? No; they lie there in that cattle pen—for when human beings are huddled together in such a way, the place is deserving of no better name—and, though their brains be racked with fever, they have to stand the noise made by the fifty-five other prisoners. And imagine a person weak from suffering, inhaling such atmosphere as is in that room at night.

NEVER ANY QUIET.

"When I went through the prison, several of the women were sick. I stopped beside the bed of one poor unfortunate creature. I do not know what was the matter with her. Fever, I suppose. She looked very badly. I asked her how she felt. She said she was very sick.

"'Do you lie in this room all the time you are sick?' I asked.

"'Yes,' she said.

"'But do not the other prisoners disturb you with the noise they make?'

"'Yes,'' she answered. 'There is never any quiet here.'

"The men have a hospital to which they are taken when they are sick and where they have at least quiet," continued Mrs. Hoffman, "but the poor women, sick or well, are huddled together in the same place. In some of the little narrow passage ways between the beds that I notice that some of the women had set up boxes on which they had placed a few ornaments. I made inquiries about various matters of the matron who was our conductress, and she answered my questions until I announced my intention of publishing what I had learned, and after that she was more reticent and begged me not to have anything put in the papers. The matron is a widow woman of middle age. She has full charge of the female prisoners and has no assistants except the sewing teacher. The sewing teacher, however, is only at the institution during the day. With all the responsibility she has on her she gets but $50 a month, while the Warden, who has many assistants, is paid $2,300, and has his house, fuel and servants furnished him. That is how Missouri treats women."

THE WOMEN WHIPPED.

"Are not the women, especially the colored women, often unruly?"

"The matron told me so. Sometimes the negro women have regular fights."

"How does she manage them then?"

"I asked that, too, and she said that whenever they became too troublesome she called in the guards and they whipped them. This information startled me and I exclaimed in surprise, 'whip them?' 'Yes,' she said; 'it has to be done. There is no other way. They don't hurt them much.'

"Is there any system about their whipping?" asked the reporter.

"I did not inquire as to that," said Mrs. Hoffman. "I did ask the Matron whether the women were stripped to be lashed and she said they were not. She seemed to regard the whipping as a necessity. Though she looked as if she might have been a kindly woman she gave evidence of having been hardened by her surroundings, and what I do not doubt shocked her at first, probably as much as it did me, she now looked on as a matter of course.

THE SEWING-ROOM.

"After leaving the dormitory we were conducted to what is called the sewing-room. Here the prisoners are taught to ply the needle by an instructress who comes every morning and remains until evening. This room is so small that it is a surprise that with the machines and wemen in it, one can scarcely move around. In this room on Sunday a Sabbath-school is conducted for an hour by Christian ladies of the city. It is only since the incumbency of the present Warden, so I was informed, that these kindly instructions to the women prisoners has been permitted. Even now the softening influence of women's presence and words is denied to the men. There is a chaplain who comes to the penitentiary every Sunday and conducts services for an hour. That is all the religious instruction they have. Why it is that Christian ladies are forbidden to hold public meetings in the prison for the benefit of the men I do not know. Every one of those men loved a mother, once, and how could their hearts be softened more quickly and more permanently than by having the memory of their mother recalled by the presence of good women."

"I said to the matron: 'Do you not notice any softening in the women since the Sabbath-school has been established?'

"'Yes,' she said, 'there is some.'

IMMORALITY IN THE PRISON.

"Were there any other facts which you learned about the women prisoners' condition?"

"Yes, there was one fact which I wish particularly to mention. As I was passing through the dormitory I noticed a white baby running around. It was

"I asked the matron: 'Whose child is that?'

"It is a colored woman's,' she said. "The child was as white as I am. The mother was not black, but she was a negress."

"Where was the child born?"

"In the prison. I learned the story after we had left the institution. One of the ladies who accompanied me told me the story. The negress, she said, had been a 'trusty' and was engaged in the house of one of the prison officials. It is the custom at the Penitentiary to have quite a number of men and women employed outside. These are called trusties. Many of them are employed by families. What they earn goes to the State. Only the better class of prisoners are trusties. The mother of the white child was one of these. She was engaged to do work for the family of one of the prison officials. When she was returned to the prison she was about to become a mother. My informants told me that the prisoner was not charged with the paternity of the child, but it was a known fact that it was while employed in his house that the mother became pregnant. The child is now being reared in the prison.

RUN FOR CONTRACTORS.

"As we walked away from the prison, I talked with my companions about what we had witnessed and what we had learned. I told them that I considered the treatment of the women to be bordering on barbarity. They agreed with me. One of them said: 'The policy of the prison is simply to get the most work possible out of prisoners for the benefit of the contractors. The improvement of the prisoners is not considered. They are worked with only the one object in view—to make money for the contractors.'

"And what is the result of this manner of conducting the prison?" continued Mrs. Hoffman. "Does the punishment make the prisoners better? Very few of them, I imagine, ever come out of there except as determined enemies against society. Why not be strict, but at the same time humane, and try to treat them as human beings and not as brutes? Most of them are hard characters, it is true, but their treatment is not calculated to make them any softer. There were some of the women prisoners, who certainly looked as if they might be susceptible to kind and good influences. Would it not be better to try and redeem them than to pursue the plan of treating them as brutes

What we ought to have in Missouri is a plan on the order of that which Col. Ingersoll advocates. There ought to be an effort to better the prisoners as much as possible, and a chance given them to earn a little money, so that when their terms expired they would have the impulse and the means to lead better lives. As it is now they are turned loose penniless, and with the incentive to evil furnished by the memory of what they have endured."

"I met a member of the Legislature after my visit to the Penitentiary, and related to him what I had seen and learned. 'Well,' said he, "that is the first I ever knew of that.' I believe that the condition of the Penitentiary is due as much to the ignorance of the people in the State about it as to anything else."

"Do you propose, Mrs. Hoffman, to make any effort to have corrected the abuses to which you consider the female prisoners are subjected?"

"As I understand it nothing can be done until the Legislature meets next winter. An effort will be made to secure an appropriation to give the women more comforts—or rather, I should say some, for they have none at present."

Mrs. Hoffman was in the city on a visit to Mrs. F. H. Ingalls of 4119 Westminster place. She is considered to be next to Mrs. Willard, the National President, the woman of most force in the W. C. T. U. She left last evening for Southeast Missouri, where she has engagements. She expects to make another visit to the State Prison, in Jefferson City, next month.

OUR SENATORS,

As They Have Been Sized Up by a Temperance Lecturer.

The temperance meeting at Central Union Church, Eleventh and Locust streets, was attended by a crowd of a hundred or more last night notwithstanding the storm. Col Sobieski related many instances where intoxication resulted in defeat of the Federal arms during the late war, and quoted copiously from Senator Cockrell's speech in the Senate on the joint rule excluding liquors from the Capitol building at Washington. He paid a glowing tribute to the Senator for his defense of sobriety among the nation's lawgivers; but, said he, "I have no quotations from Senator Vest on the subject." He said he was a soldier in the army which held Harper's Ferry in 1863, when that strong point was taken by the Confederates; "and," said he, "I personally know that our General was drunk all day and that the capture of the camp and 12,000 men was due wholly to that fact." After a speech by Ben Deering the pledge was offered and 17 persons signed it. To-night the meeting will be conducted by Ben Deering and Wm. C. Wilson. After the meeting adjourns an informal conference of temperance workers will be held to select delegates to the Prohibition convention at Sedalia on the 3d of February. The Good Templars are arranging plans for carrying on the local agitation through the winter. Col. Sobieski will close his connection with the work to-morrow night.

Do Your Thinking

To-night after you have carefully read the advertisements of the merchants in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

THE HENRY GEORGE BANQUET.

Demand for Tickets Exceeds Supply—Arrangements.

The demand for tickets to the Henry George reception at the Mercantile Club Saturday so greatly exceeds the capacity of the rooms that the committee have been compelled to close the list of guests, and the committee will consider it a favor if ticket holders who cannot attend will return their invitations before Friday evening to George F. Durant, No. 322 Pine street, who will refund.

Mr. George will arrive at 7 o'clock Saturday morning. He will remain at the Southern Hotel until 10 or 11 o'clock and will then go out in the city to attend to some business. He will be given a lunch by a few friends, probably at one of the clubs, and at 3 o'clock will go to the rooms of the Single Tax League, southeast corner of Eighth and Olive streets, where he will hold a reception for two hours. At 5 o'clock he will go to the Mercantile Club. The reception there will last until 6 o'clock, when dinner will be served. At 7 o'clock Mr. George will begin to speak, and will occupy the time from 7 to 8 o'clock, (and maybe a quarter past). He will then be driven to the Union Depot, where he takes a train at 8:30 o'clock for the West, San Francisco.

WILL GET A GOOD BONUS.

The Extra Profit to Come to the Merchants' Bridge Contractors.

The Merchants' Bridge contractors, the Union Bridge Co., are now practically assured of a bonus of $12,000 to $15,000 from the bridge company. The construction of the bridge has been the quickest ever done in the country, considering its character. Everything, and the weather most of all, has favored the contractors. The agreement made in the contract was that the Union people should pay a forfeit for every day occupied after June 1, while the Merchants' people should pay a bonus for every day up to June 1 after the bridge is turned over. This bonus is $350 a day. Speaking of the matter this morning, General Manager Gays said the Union Co. would probably get $12,000 to $15,000 on the bonus. The bridge was yet to be completed and there were still elements of uncertainty, but it was hardly probable that the amount could be less. The Phœnix Co., which has the contract for the elevated structure, is also under a forfeit after June 1, and has a bonus before that. It will also probably get something on its reward for quick work. The weather just now is against it, delaying the laying of the foundation piers, but, with the breaking of spring it can work from at least four points, and Mr. Gays has no doubt whatever that it will be completed before June 1.

HE HAD HIS "SNEAK SLIPPERS."

George Bowers Will Be Called On to Answer a Serious Charge in the Courts.

Detectives Badger and Flynn arrested a white man named George Bowers on the corner of Seventh and Walnut streets last evening and locked him up at the Central District Police Station. Bowers is wanted on the charge of entering the boarding house at 913 Franklin avenue on the afternoon of January 21 and stealing a quantity of clothing. The property has been recovered and Bowers identified by the party to whom it was disposed. When arrested Bowers had on his person a pair of light rubber slippers, known to the police as "sneak slippers." A warrant for larceny will be applied for against Bowers.

We Know Very Little

About dry goods. We deal in events. But our wives tell us that Friday is a great bargain day. Read the advertisements in this issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

A Mother's Terrible Discovery.

When the mother of Willie Grabenschoer, 4043 Gratiot street, went into her son's room early this morning she found him dead in his bed. His face and neck were black and blue, death having evidently been caused by suffocation. The mother notified the police and the body was taken to the Morgue. The deceased was but 13 years of age. He had been sick for years, having an asthmatic trouble. Coroner Frank will view the body.

REAL ESTATE.

An Old Landmark Being Wiped Out—To-Day's Sales.

The old Boatmen's Church, which has stood in ruins for several years on the south side of Lucas avenue, between Second and Third streets, will soon be cleared away and a $15,000 electric power-house erected upon the site. The structure was erected about forty-five years ago, when its locality was considered the fashionable residence section. Its prominence as one of the leading places of worship commenced to decline before the war at a period when the most fashionable churches were on Fourth street and on Broadway. The structure was erected by the Methodists and for many years it was known as Wesley Chapel. When the glory of its earlier days had departed—for in its day it was a very handsome church—the Bethel Mission conducted services there and it was in that old place of worship where the charitable association first gave promises of the good it has since accomplished. Later on the place became known as the Boatmen's Church, and when the influence of the Bethel became more widespread these premises were abandoned for larger quarters, and the property was sold to Dr. J. McLean, deceased. The doctor used the place for a warehouse. For a few years before it was destroyed by fire machinery was put in there and used for mixing and improving the grade of wheat. The site is 50 feet front by a depth of 125. When the ruins have been cleared away Mr. Isaac S. Taylor, the architect, will commence the construction of a new building there for Messrs. Scudder & Guernsey, whose electric light plant was destroyed when the Hoyle building, at the corner of Third and Locust, was burned a few weeks since.

MISCELLANEOUS SALES.

The Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co. sold 50x140 feet of ground situated on the north line of Easton avenue between Union and Arlington for $750 for Catherine Schliefer to P. H. McMahon.

A 25x193 foot lot on the north side of Gratiot street, situated just west of Manchester, in the Ferry subdivision for $300 from J. D. Perry to Andreas Kuhlmeyer.

Also a lot of 50x150 feet on the south side of Cote Brilliante avenue, between Academy and Union, in Montrose place, at $11.75 per foot, from Miss Kate E. Shaughnessy to James H. Weaver.

The Ghio Real Estate Co., representing the Illinois Dairy Co., have negotiated a twenty-year lease of the southeast corner of Park and Second Carondelet avenues, from the Dillon estate. The consideration was $7,500, to be paid in annual payments. The Illinois Dairy Co. will improve the corner with a handsome building.

Lots 9 and 10, block 4979, of Harlem Heights were sold at $8 a foot by Samuel T. Rathell to John O. Ackerson.

Mr. H. E. Roach is going to Boston and New York and other Eastern cities on a two weeks' vacation.

TO-DAY'S SALES.

Mr. C. C. Nicholls reports the sale of 100x185 feet of ground on the north side of Delmar avenue, situated 200 east of Hamilton at $13 a foot, from Mr. J. E. Jones to Mr. Wm. Kettwilm.

The Shrewsbery Park, Land & Improvement Co. sold a 50-foot lot on the north side of Lenox avenue, to Willis E. Owen for $600.

Messrs. Terry & Scott sold a third interest in 27x141 feet of ground located on the east side of Second street, 155 feet north of Franklin avenue, from Thomas L. Snead of New York to the Todd-Stanley Manufacturing Co., for $900.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. today:

Mary A. Prendegast and trustee et al. to Alonzo K. Florida, 550 ft. on Burd av.; city block 4534 ..... $ 5,000

James H. Keefe and wife to Christopher C. Weaver, 25 ft. on Evans av.; city block 3729 3,400

John C. Porter to Edgar Miller, 101¼ ft. on Easton av.; city block 3819 1,882

Esther Collins to Robert E. Collins, 50 ft. on Forest Park boulevard; city block 3906 5

Esther Collins to Monroe R. Collins, Jr., 50 ft. on Forest Park boulevard, city block 3906 1

Marcus A. Wolff and wife to John Kennard, 62.68 acres on Grand av. and other property 10,000

Henry Erck to Henry Wehrenberg, 27½ ft. on Iowa av., city block 1568 440

Walter C. Taylor to Vale Heyburn, 79 ft. 10 in. on Market st., city block 1698 15,000

Julius C. Garrell to Mary F. Wilson et al., 15 ft. on Madison st., city block 2553 1,800

Mary Stone et al. to Harry L. Haydel, 50 ft. on Missouri Pacific Railroad, Buchanan's subdivision 5

Harry L. Haydel to John H. Stone, 50 ft. on Missouri Pacific Railroad, Loguillon deed 5

Anton Herklotz and wife to Louis Schlossstein, 73½ ft. on 9th st., city block 849 8,000

August H. Sante and wife to Herman Sante, 30 ft. near 8th and Walsh sts., city block 2815 250

Daniel Devlin and wife to Bridget Devlin's trustee, 25 ft. 5 in. on Selby place, city block 5540; conveyance in trust 5

Harriett V. Snead et al. to Todd & Stanley Mill Furnishing Co., 26⅔ ft. on 2d st., city block 34 900

Louis Bohnert to Frederick W. Gieselmann, 48¼ ft. on Sterling av., block 10 1,000

James A. Smith et al. to Festus J. Wade, 88 ft. 11 in. on Tayon av., city block 460; sheriff's deed 10,000

Emilie Krauss et al. to Louis Schlossstein, 30 ft. on 3d st., city block 697 3,300

Wm. B. Phelps to George F. Wolff, 40 ft. on 3d st., city block 703; quitclaim 5,000

Della A. Lucas and trustee to Francis McFarland et al., 25 ft. on Thomas st., city block 1029 3,500

Eliza H. Towner to Thomas H. Kauffman, 30 ft. on Bell av., city block 4567 ..... 3 1,200

Joseph Weller and wife to Mary C. Sievers, 33⅓ ft. on Benton st., city block 1108 1,580

John Pitcher and wife to Peyton T. Carr, 76 ft. on Broadway, city block 161 20,000

Peyton T. Carr to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 76 ft. on Broadway, city block 161 20,000

Ida G. Haase et al. to Wm. J. Lemp, 135 ft. on Cherokee st., city block 1536 1,900

Samuel E. Taylor and wife to Henry Grone, 50 ft. on Chestnut st., city block 1958 3,750

George W. Keebaugh and wife to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 20 ft. on 8th st., city block 419 5,000

George W. Keebaugh and wife to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 20 ft. on 8th st., between Gratiot and Cerre sts., city block 419 5,050

F. F. Meyer and wife to George W. Keebaugh, 20 ft. on 8th st., between Gratiot and Cerre sts., city block 419 5,000

Hector Newhoff and wife to George W. Wilson, 20 ft. on 8th st., between Gratiot and Cerre sts., city block 419 5,200

Thomas E. Patton to George W. Keebaugh, 150 ft. on 8th st., between Gratiot and Cerre sts., city block 422 17,600

Edward S. Rowse and wife to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 50 ft. on e. s. 8th st., city block 422 70,000

George W. Wilson to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 20 ft. on e. s. 8th st., city block 419 5,200

George W. Keebaugh and wife to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 70 ft. on w. s. 8th st., city block 422 17,800

Maria Ghio to Merchants' Terminal Railway Co., 20 ft. on 8th st., city block 419 7,000

Andrew J. Lindsay et al., by Sheriff to John O'F. Delaney, 50⅓ ft. on 18th st., city block 2298; Sheriff's deed 225

J. Lindsay et al. by Sheriff to John O'F. Delaney, 48 ft. on 18th st., city block 2298; Sheriff's deed 75

Henry Cornet and wife to Joseph R. Gosse, 40 ft. on Grand av., city block 2473 6,975

Elias L. Rew's trustees et al. to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 57½ ft. on Gratiot st., city block 422; warranty deed 3,400

Peter L. Vandeventer, by administrator, to Stephen G. S. Sinclaire, 25 ft. on Lee av., city block 2488; administrator's deed 225

Frank S. Rice and wife to Adele S. Morrison, 100 ft. on Lindell av., block 51 Peter Lindell's 2d addition 15,000

Roderick E. Rombauer and wife to Edward C. Kehr et al., 200 ft. on Main st., city block 776 6,500

Metropolitan National Bank of New York to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 31 ft. 1½ in. on Main st., city block 19; quitclaim deed 8,092

Eliza A. How et al. to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 100 ft. on 9th st. between Gratiot and Cerre sts., in city block 42 40,000

Eliza A. W. Clymer to Joseph Missing, 25 ft. on 19th st., between Mullanphy and Madison sts., city block 2334 750

Eliza E. Rosenfeld to Abram B. Lansing, 66 ft. on Olive st., between Beaumont st. and Leffingwell av., city block 986; quitclaim deed 2,500

Academy of Sisters of St. Joseph to Henry L. Cornet, 1024 ft. on Oregon av., city block 1509 1,000

Wm. D. Buchanan and wife to Mary C. Carrico, 40 ft. on Old Manchester road; conveyance in trust 1

Susana Vanderveren to M. J. Hopwood, 24 ft. on Penrose st., city block 2488 45

Sue Boonville to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 75 ft. on 6th st., city block 161 27,700

Joseph H. Degenhart to Bernard Brady, 30 ft. on Iron st. and Kansas av., city block 1425 175

Ann T. Yarnall, trustee, et. al., to George W. Keebaugh, 20 ft. 9 in. on 7th st., city block 419 5,000

George W. Keebaugh and wife to St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., 20 ft. 9 in. on 7th st., city block 419 5,000

Thomas K. C. Mason and wife to John Walsh, 25 ft. on St. Ferdinand st., city block 3632 350

Emelia Zepp and trustees et al. to William Roefener, 50 ft. on Texas av., city block 1563 1,400

Albert E. Damm and wife to John F. Pilcher, 163 ft. in United States survey 1513 6,113

WORK FOR FOUR DEPUTIES

Furnished by a Troublesome Prisoner in the Police Court To-Day.

Either Sarah Woodson is insane or she is inclined to be mighty mean—and the latter expression is putting it pretty mild, to say the least.

Sarah is a colored woman who has passed full bloom. She was arrested at her home on Gratiot street near Tenth yesterday evening by Officers Tobin and